AMELIA.

BY

Henry Fielding, Esq;

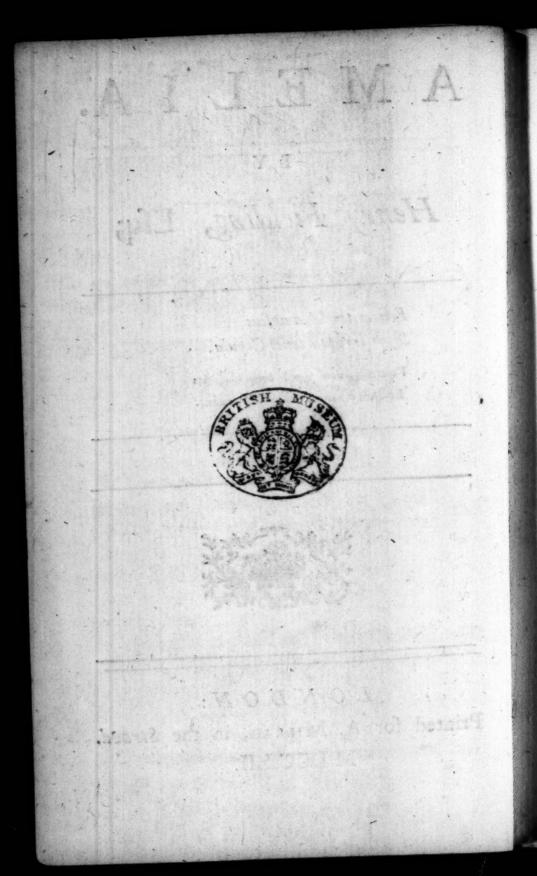
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Γυναικός δυδεν χρημ ανήρ ληιζεται Εσθλης άμεινον, εδε είγιον κακής.

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BOOK VII.

CHAP. I.

A very short Chapter, and consequently requiring no Preface.

Rs. Bennet having fastened the Door, and both the Ladies having taken their Places, she once or twice offered to speak, when Passion stopt her Utterance; and after a Minute's Silence she burst into a Flood of Tears. Upon which Amelia expressing the utmost Tenderness for her, as well by her Look as by her Accent; cry'd--- 'What can 'be the Reason, dear Madam, of all this 'Emotion?'--- 'O Mrs. Booth,' answered she,--- 'I find I have undertaken what I am not able to perform---You would not wonder at my Emotion, if you knew You. III.

B 'you

you had an Adulteress and a Murderer

· now standing before you.'

Amelia turned pale as Death at these Words, which Mrs. Bennet observing, collected all the Force she was able, and a little composing her Countenance, cry'd, ' I fee, Madam, I have terrified you with · fuch dreadful Words; but I hope you will not think me guilty of these Crimes ' in the blackest Degree.'--- ' Guilty!' cries Amelia. 'Oh Heavens!' 'I believe ' indeed your Candour,' continued Mrs. Bennet, ' will be readier to acquit me than I am to acquit myself -- Indifcretion, at least, the highest, most unpardonable Indifcretion, I shall always lay to my own Charge; and when I reflect on the fatal Consequences, I can never, never forgive myself.' Here she again began to lament in fo bitter a manner, that Amelia endeavoured, as much as she could (for she was herself greatly shocked) to footh and comfort her; telling her, that if Indifcretion was her highest Crime, the unhappy Confequences made her rather an unfortunate than a guilty Person; and concluded by faying, --- Indeed, Madam, you have raised my Curiosity to the ' highest

highest Pitch, and I beg you will proceed with your Story.'

Mrs. Bennet then feemed a fecond time going to begin her Relation, when she cried out, 'I would, if possible, tire you with no more of my unfortunate Life than just with that Part which leads to a Catastrophe, in which I think you may yourself be interested; but I protest I am at a Loss where to begin.'

Begin wherever you please, dear Madam, cries Amelia; but I beg you will consider my Impatience. I do consider it, answered Mrs. Bennet; And therefore would begin with that Part of my Story which leads directly to what concerns yourself: For how, indeed, should my Life produce any thing worthy your Notice?—— Do not say so, Madam, cries Amelia, I assure you I have long suspected there were some very remarkable Incidents in your Life, and have only wanted an Opportunity to impart to you my Desire of hearing them:——I beg therefore you would make no more Apologies.—— I will not, Madam, cries Mrs. Bennet, And yet I would B 2 avoid

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' avoid any thing trivial; tho', indeed, in

Stories of Distress, especially where

· Love is concerned, many little Inci-

dents may appear trivial to those who

have never felt the Passion, which to

delicate Minds are the most interesting

· Part of the Whole.'--- Nay but, dear

" Madam,' cries Amelia,' This is all

· Preface.'-

'Well, Madam,' answered Mrs. Bennet,
'I will consider your Impatience.' She
then rallied all her Spirits in the best
Manner she could, and began as is
written in the next Chaper.

And here possibly the Reader will blame Mrs. Bennet for taking her Story so far back, and relating so much of her Life in which Amelia had no Concern; but in Truth, she was desirous of inculcating a good Opinion of herself, from recounting those Transactions where her Conduct was unexceptionable, before she came to the more dangerous and suspicious Part of her Character. This I really suppose to have been her Intention: For to sacrifice the Time and Patience of Amelia at such a Season, to the mere Love of Talking of herself,

herself, would have been as unpardonable in her, as the bearing it was in Amelia a Proof of the most perfect good Breeding.

CHAP. II.

The Beginning of Mrs. Bennet's History.

I Was the younger of two Daughters of a Clergyman in Effex; of one in whose Praise if I should indulge my fond Heart in speaking, I think my Invention could not outgo the Reality. He was indeed well worthy of the Cloth he wore; and that, I think, is the highest Character a Man can obtain.

During the first Part of my Life, even 'till I reached my Sixteenth Year, I can recollect nothing to relate to you. All was one long serene Day, in looking back upon which, as when we cast our Eyes on a calm Sea, no Object arises to my View. All appears one Scene of Happiness and Tranquillity.

On the Day, then, when I became fixteen Years old, must I begin my History; B 3 for

a f for on that Day, I first tasted the Bitterness of Sorrow.

My Father, besides those prescribed by our Religion, kept five Festivals every Year. These were on his Wedding-Day, and on the Birth-Day of each of his little Family. On these Occasions he used to invite two or three Neighbours to his House, and to indulge himself, as he said, in great Excess: For so he called drinking a Pint of very small Punch; and indeed it might appear Excess to one who on other Days rarely tasted any Liquor stronger.

' Upon my unfortunate Birth-Day then,
' when we were all in a high Degree of
' Mirth, my Mother having left the
' Room after Dinner, and staying away

' than finall Beer.

' pretty long, my Father fent me to fee for her. I went according to his Orders;

but tho' I searched the whole House,
and called after her without Doors, I
could neither see nor hear her. I was a
little alarmed at this (tho' far from

Ittle alarmed at this (tho' far from fuspecting any great Mischief had befallen her) and ran back to acquaint my

Father, who answered coolly, (for he

was a Man of the calmest Temper,) "Very well, my Dear, I suppose she is not gone far, and will be here imme-" diately.' Half an Hour or more past after this, when, she not returning, my · Father himself expressed some Surprize at her Stay; declaring, it must be some · Matter of Importance which could detain her at that time from her Company. · His Surprize now encreased every Mi-' nute; and he began to grow uneasy, and to shew sufficient Symptoms in his Countenance of what he felt within. He then dispatched the Servant Maid to enquire after her Mistress in the Parish; but waited not her Return; for she was ' scarce gone out of Doors, before he begged Leave of his Guests to go him-' felf on the fame Errand. The Company ' now all broke up, and attended my ' Father, all endeavouring to give him ' Hopes that no Mischief had happened. ' They fearched the whole Parish; but in ' vain: They could neither see my Mother onor hear any News of her. My Father ' returned home in a State little short of ' Distraction. His Friends in vain at-' tempted to administer either Advice or ' Comfort; he threw himself on the Floor in the most bitter Agonies of Despair.

Whilst he lay in this Condition, my Sifter and myfelf lying by him all equal-' ly, I believe, and completely miserable, our old Servant Maid, came into the Room, and cried out, her Mind misgave her that she knew where her Mistress was. Upon these Words my Father forung from the Floor, and asked her eagerly, where? -- But oh! Mrs. Booth, how can I describe the Particulars of a ' Scene to you, the Remembrance of which chills my Blood with Horror, and which the Agonies of my Mind, when it past, made all a Scene of Confusion! ' The Fact then in short was this; my ' Mother, who was a most indulgent Mistrefs to one Servant, which was all we ' kept, was unwilling, I suppose, to disturb her at her Dinner; and therefore went herself to fill her Tea-Kettle at a Well, ' into which stretching herself too far, as we imagine, the Water then being very low, she fell with the Tea-Kettle ' in her Hand. The missing this gave the poor old Wretch the first Hint of ' her Suspicion, which upon Examination was found to be too well grounded.

What we all suffered on this Occasion may more easily be selt than described.

"It may indeed," answered Amelia, and I am so sensible of it, that unless you have a Mind to see me faint before your Face, I beg you will order me something; a Glass of Water, if you please." Mrs. Bennet immediately complied with her Friend's Request; a Glass of Water was brought, and some Hartshorn Drops insused into it: Which Amelia having drank off, declared she found herself much better; and then Mrs. Bennet proceeded thus.

fee hath already so much affected your tender Heart, and which is as disagree-able to me to relate, as it can be to you to hear. I will therefore only mention to you the Behaviour of my Father on this Occasion, which was indeed becoming a Philosopher and a Christian Divine. On the Day after my Mother's Funeral, he sent for my Sister and my-self into his Room; where, after many Caresses, and every Demonstration of Fatherly Tenderness, as well in Silence as in Words, he began to exhort us to be a serious se

bear with Patience the great Calamity ' that had befallen us; faying, "That " as every human Accident, how terrible " foever, must happen to us by Divine " Permission at least, a due Sense of our " Duty to our great Creator, must teach us an absolute Submission to his Will. Not only Religion, but Common Sense must teach us this: For Oh! my dear Children, cries he, How vain is all Refistance, all Repining! Could Tears " wash back again my Angel from the "Grave, I should drain all the Juices of " my Body through my Eyes; but oh, " could we fill up that curfed Well with " our Tears, how fruitless would be all "our Sorrow!"--- I think I repeat you his very Words: For the Impression they made on me is never to be oblite-· rated .--- He then proceeded to comfort us with the chearful Thought that the Loss was entirely our own, and that my ' Mother was greatly a Gainer by the · Accident which we lamented. I have " a Wife," cries he, " my Children, and " you have a Mother now amongst the " Heavenly Choir: How felfish therefore " is all our Grief! How cruel to her are " all our Wishes!"---In this Manner he ' talked to us near half an Hour, tho' I must

must frankly own to you, his Arguments had not the immediate good Effect on us which they deserved: For we retired from him very little the better for his Exhortations; however, they became every Day more and more forcible upon our Recollection; indeed they were greatly ftrengthened by his Example: For in this, as in all other Instances, he practifed. the Doctrines which he taught. From this Day he never mentioned my Mother ' more, and foon after recovered his usual · Cheerfulness in Public; tho' I have Reafon to think he paid many a bitter Sigh in private to that Remembrance which e neither Philosophy nor Christianity could. expunge.

' My Father's Advice, enforced by his Example, together with the Kindness of fome of our Friends, affifted by that ablest of all the mental Physicians, ' Time, in a few Months pretty well re-' stored my Tranquillity, when Fortune ' made a fecond Attack on my Quiet. My Sifter, whom I dearly loved, and ' who as warmly returned my Affection, ' had fallen into an ill State of Health fome time before the fatal Accident which I have related. She was indeed B 6

at that Time so much better, that we had great Hopes of her persect Recovery; but the Disorders of her Mind on that dreadful Occasion so affected her Body, that she presently relapsed to her former declining State, and thence grew continually worse and worse, till after a Decay of near seven Months, she followed my poor Mother to the Grave.

'I will not tire you, dear Madam, with Repetitions of Grief; I will only mention two Observations which have occurred to me from Reflections on the two Losses I have mentioned. The first is, that a Mind once violently hurt grows, as it were, callous to any future Impressions of Grief; and is never capable of feeling the fame Pangs a ' fecond Time. The other Observation is, that the Arrows of Fortune, as well ' as all others, derive their Force from the Velocity with which they are difcharged: For when they approach you by flow and perceptible Degrees, they have but very little Power to do you Mischief.

'The Truth of these Observations I experienced, not only in my own Heart, but

but in the Behaviour of my Father,

whose Philosophy seemed to gain a complete Triumph over this latter Cala-

mity.

· Our Family was now reduced to two; and my Father grew extremely fond of me, as if he had now conferred an entire Stock of Affection on me, that had before been divided. His Words ' indeed testified no less: For he daily called me his only Darling, his whole Comfort, his All. He committed the whole Charge of his House to my Care, ' and gave me the Name of his little ' House-keeper, an Appellation of which I was then as proud as any Minister of State can be of his Titles. But the I was very industrious in the Discharge of. my Occupation, I did not, however, neglect my Studies, in which I had made so great a Proficiency, that I was. become a pretty good Mistress of the Latin Language, and had made some Progress in the Greek. I believe, Ma-' dam, I have formerly acquainted you, that Learning was the chief Estate I inherited of my Father, in which he had ' instructed me from my earliest Youth.

The Kindness of this good Man had at length wiped off the Remembrance of all Losses; and I, during two Years,

e led a Life of great Tranquillity, I think

· I might almost say of perfect Happi-

nefs.

'I was now in the nineteenth Year of my Age, when my Father's good Fortune removed us from the County of Essex into Hampshire, where a Living was conferred on him by one of his old School-fellows, of twice the Value of what he was before possessed.

'His Predecessor in this new Living had died in very indisferent Circumstances, and had left behind him a Widow with two small Children. My Father, therefore, who with great Œconomy had a most generous Soul, bought the whole Furniture of the Parsonageshouse at a very high Price; some of it indeed he would have wanted: For those our little Habitation in Essex was most completely surnished; yet it bore no Proportion to the Largeness of that House in which he was now to dwell.

chase was, I am convinced, solely Generosity; which appeared sufficiently by the Price he gave, and may be farther inforced by the Kindness he shewed the Widow in another Instance: For he assigned her an Apartment for the Use of herself and her little Family; which he told her, she was welcome to enjoy as long as it suited her Conveniency.

As this Widow was very young, and generally thought to be tolerably pretty, tho' I own she had a Cast with her Eyes which I never liked, my Father, you may suppose, acted from a less noble Principle than I have hinted: But I must in Justice acquit him; for these kind Offers were made her before ever he had seen her Face; and I have the greatest Reason to think, that for a long Time after he had seen her, he beheld her with much Indisference.

'This Act of my Father's gave me, when I first heard it, great Satisfaction:
'For I may, at least with the Modesty of the ancient Philosophers, call myfelf a Lover of Generosity; but when

her.

I was still more delighted with what my Father had done: For tho' I could not agree with those who thought her a consummate Beauty, I must allow that she was very sully possessed in the Power of making herself agreeable; and this Power she exerted with so much Success, with such indefatigable Industry to oblige, that within three Months I became in the highest Manner pleased with my new Acquaintance, and had contracted the most sincere Friendship for

But if I was so pleased with the Widow, my Father was by this Time enamoured of her. She had, indeed, by the most artful Conduct in the World, so infinuated herself into his Favour, so entirely infatuated him, that he never shewed the least Marks of Cheerfulness in her Absence, and could, in Truth, scarce bear that she should be out of his Sight.

'She had managed this Matter so well,
'(O she is the most artful of Women!)
'that my Father's Heart was gone before
'I ever suspected it was in Danger. The
'Discovery,

Oiscovery, you may easily believe, Madam, was not pleasing. The Name of a Mother-in-law sounded dreadful in my Ears, nor could I bear the Thought of parting again with a Share in those dear Affections, of which I had purchased the Whole by the Loss of a beloved Mother and Sister.

'In the first Hurry and Disorder of my Mind on this Occasion, I committed a Crime of the highest Kind against all the Laws of Prudence and Discretion. I took the young Lady herself very roundly to Task, treated her Designs on my Father as little better than a Design to commit a Thest; and in my Passion, I believe, said she might be ashamed to think of marrying a Man old enough to be her Grandsather: For so in Reality he almost was.

The Lady on this Occasion acted finely the Part of a Hypocrite. She affected to be highly affronted at my unjust Suspicions, as she called them, and proceeded to such Asseverations of her Innocence, that she almost brought me to discredit the Evidence of my own Eyes and Ears.

My

My Father, however, acted much more honestly: For he fell the next Day into a more violent Passion with me than I had ever seen him in before, and

' asked me, whether I intended to return his paternal Fondness by assuming the

Right of controlling his Inclinations?
with more of the like Kind, which fully

convinced me what had passed between

' him and the Lady, and how little I had

' injured her in my Suspicions.

' Hitherto I frankly own my Aversion to this Match had been principally on ' my own Account: For I had no ill Opi-' nion of the Woman, tho' I thought ' neither her Circumstances nor my Fa-' ther's Age promised any Kind of Fe-' licity from fuch an Union; but now 'I learnt some Particulars, which, had ont our Quarrel become public in the Parish, I should perhaps have never known. In fhort, I was informed, that this gentle obliging Creature, as she had at first appeared to me, had the Spirit of aTigress, and was by many believed to have broken the Heart of her first Hus-6 band.

' The Truth of this Matter being confirmed to me upon Examination, I re-· folved not to suppress it. On this Occasion Fortune seemed to savour me, by giving me a speedy Opportunity of feeing my Father alone and in good 'Humour. He now first began to open his intended Marriage, telling me that he had formerly had some religious Objections to Bigamy, but he had very fully confidered the Matter, and had fatisfied himself of its Legality. He then faithfully promifed me, that no fecond Marriage should in the least impair his Affection for me; and concluded with the highest Elogiums on the Goodness of the Widow, protesting that ' it was her Virtues and not her Person with which he was enamoured.

I now fell upon my Knees before him, and bathing his Hand in my Tears, which flowed very plentifully from my Eyes, acquainted him with all I had heard; and was fo very imprudent, I might almost say so cruel, to disclose the Author of my Information.

t

'My Father heard me without any Indication of Passion; and answered coldly, that if there was any Proof of such Facts, he should decline any further Thoughts of his Match; "But Child," said he, "tho' I am far from suspecting the Truth of what you tell me, as far as regards your Knowledge; yet you know the Inclination of the World to Slander." However, before we parted he promised to make a proper Enquiry into what I had told him.—But I ask your Pardon, dear Madam, I am runing minutely into those Particulars of my Life, in which you have not the least Concern.'

Amelia stopt her Friend short in her Apology, and tho', perhaps, she thought her impertinent enough, yet, (such was her good Breeding) she gave her many Assurances of a Curiosity to know every Incident of her Life which she could remember; after which Mrs. Bennet proceeded as in the next Chapter.

CHAP. III.

One shallow ; will not sen subjected

Continuation of Mrs. Bennet's Story.

THINK, Madam,' faid Mrs. Bennet, 'I told you my Father promised me to enquire farther into the Affair; but he had hardly Time to keep his Word: For we separated pretty late in the Evening, and early the next Morning he was married to the Widow.

But tho' he gave no Credit to my In-

formation, I had fufficient Reason to think he did not forget it, by the Re-

fentment which he foon discovered to

both the Persons whom I had named as

my Informers.

'Nor was it long before I had good Cause to believe, that my Father's new Wise was perfectly well acquainted with the good Opinion I had of her, not only from her Usage of me, but from certain Hints which she threw forth with an Air of Triumph. One Day particularly I remember she said to my Father, upon his mentioning his Age, O, my Dear, I hope you have many

"Years yet to live; unless, indeed, I

" should be for cruel as to break your "Heart." She spoke these Words look-

ing me full in the Face, and accompa-

' nied them with a Sneer, in which the

highest Malice was visible under a thin

· Covering of affected Pleafantry.

I will not entertain you, Madam, with any Thing so common as the cruel · Usage of a Step-mother; nor of what affected me much more, the unkind Behaviour of a Father under fuch an Influence. It shall suffice only to tell you, that I had the Mortification to e perceive the gradual and daily Decrease of my Father's Affection. His Smiles were converted into Frowns; the tender · Appellations of Child, and Dear, were exchanged for plain Molly, that Girl, that Creature, and fometimes much harder Names. I was at first turned all at once into a Cypher, and at last feemed to be confidered as a Nusance in the · Family.

'Thus altered was the Man of whom I gave you fuch a Character at the Entrance on my Story; but alas! he no · longer acted from his own excellent Disposition;

Oisposition; but was in every thing governed and directed by my Mother-in-Law. In Fact, whenever there is great Disparity of Years between Husband and Wife, the Younger is, I believe, always possessed of absolute Power over the Elder: For Superstition itself is a less firm Support of absolute Power than Dotage.

'But tho' his Wife was so entirely Mistress of my Father's Will, that she could make him use me ill, she could not so perfectly subdue his Understanding, as to prevent him from being conscious of such ill Usage; and from this Consciousness he began inveterately to hate me. Of this Hatred he gave me numberless Instances, and I protest to you, I know not any other Reason for it than what I have assigned; and the Cause, as Experience hath convinced me, is adequate to the Effect.

While I was in this wretched Situation, my Father's Unkindness having almost broken my Heart, he came one Day into my Room with more Anger in his Countenance than I had ever seen; and after bitterly upbraiding me with my undutiful Behaviour both to himself and his worthy Consort, he bid me pack up my Alls, and immediately prepare to quit his House; at the same time gave me a Letter, and told me that would acquaint me where I might find a Home; adding, that he doubted not but I expected and had indeed solicited the Invitation; and left me with a Declaration that he would have no Spies in his Family.

· The Letter I found on opening it, was from my Father's own Sifter; but before I mention the Contents, I will give you a short Sketch of her Character, as it was somewhat particular. Her personal Charms were not great; for he was very tall, very thin, and very homely. Of the Defect of her Beauty fhe was perhaps fenfible; her Vanity therefore retreated into her Mind, where there is no Looking-Glass, and confequently where we can flatter ourselves with discovering almost whatever Beauties we please. This is an encouraging · Circumstance; and yet I have observed, dear Mrs. Booth, that few Women, ever ' feek these Comforts from within, till they are driven to it by Despair of finding

ing any Food for their Vanity from without. Indeed, I believe, the first

Wish of our whole Sex is to be hand-

fome.

Here both the Ladies fixed their Eyes on the Glass, and both smiled.

' My Aunt, however,' continued Mrs. Bennet, ' from Despair of gaining any

Applause this Way, had applied herself

entirely to the Contemplation of her

* Understanding, and had improved this

to fuch a Pitch, that at the Age of

' Fifty, at which she was now arrived,

' she had contracted a hearty Contempt

for much the greater Part of both Sexes for the Women, as being Idiots, and

' for the Men, as the Admirers of Idiots.

' That Word and Fool were almost con-

fantly in her Mouth, and were bestowed

with great Liberality among all her

' Acquaintance.

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' This Lady had spent one Day only at my Father's House in near two Years.

It was about a Month before his fecond

' Marriage. At her Departure she took

Occasion to whisper me her Opinion of

the Widow, whom she called a pretty Vol. III. · Idiot, ' Idiot, and wondered how her Bro-

ther could bear fuch Company under

his Roof; for neither she nor I had at

' that Time any Suspicion of what after-

wards happened.

' The Letter which my Father had just received, and which was the first she had fent him fince his Marriage, was of · fuch a Nature, that I should be unjust if I blamed him for being offended; Fool and Idiot were both plentifully bestowed in it as well on himself as on his Wife. But what, perhaps, had princi-' pally offended him, was that Part which related to me: For after much Panegyric on my Understanding, and faying he was unworthy of fuch a Daughter, he confidered his Match not only as the highest Indiscretion, as it related to ' himself; but as a downright Act of In-· justice to me. One Expression in it I ' shall never forget. "You have placed," ' faid she, " a Woman above your " Daughter, who, in Understanding, the only valuable Gift of Nature, is the of lowest in the whole Class of pretty " Idiots." ' After much more of this · Kind, it concluded with inviting me to her House.

' I can truly fay, that when I had read the Letter, I entirely forgave my Father's Suspicion, that I had made some Complaints to my Aunt of his Behaviour: For tho' I was indeed innocent, there was furely Colour enough to fu-' fpect the contrary. of the vaccount

'Tho' I had never been greatly attached to my Aunt, nor indeed had she ' formerly given me any Reason for such an Attachment; yet I was well enough pleased with her present Invitation. To fay the Truth, I led fo wretched a Life ' where I then was, that it was impossible not to be a Gainer by any Exchange.

'I could not, however, bear the 'Thoughts of leaving my Father with ' an Impression on his Mind against me which I did not deserve. I endeavoured ' therefore to remove all his Suspicion of my having complained to my Aunt by the most earnest Asseverations of my Innocence; but they were all to no Purpose. All my Tears, all my Vows, ' and all my Entreaties were fruitless. ' My new Mother indeed appeared to be my Advocate; but she acted her Part

very poorly, and far from counterfeiting any Defire of succeeding in my

Suit, she could not conceal the excessive

Joy which she felt on the Occasion.

Well, Madam, the next Day I departed for my Aunt's, where after a Iong Journey of forty Miles, I arrived without having once broke my Fast on the Road: For Grief is as capable as · Food of filling the Stomach; and I had too much of the former to admit any of the latter. The Fatigue of my ' Journey and the Agitation of my Mind, ' joined to my Fafting, so overpowered ' my Spirits, that when I was taken from · my Horse, I immediately fainted away, in the Arms of the Man who helped me from my Saddle. My Aunt express'd s great Aftonishment at seeing me in this . Condition, with my Eyes almost fwollen out of my Head with Tears; but my · Father's Letter, which I delivered her · foon after I came to myself, pretty well, I believed, cured her Surprize. She often smiled with a Mixture of Con tempt and Anger, while she was read-' ing it; and having pronounced her Brother to be a Fool, she turned to me, and with as much Affability as possible, · (for

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me, ble, (for (for she is no great Mistress of Affability) ' faid, " Don't be uneafy, dear Molly; " for you are come to the House of a " Friend; of one who hath Sense enough " to discern the Author of all the Mis-" chief; depend upon it, Child, I will ere " long make some People ashamed of " their Folly." ' This kind Reception gave me some Comfort, my Aunt affuring me that fhe would convince him how unjustly he had accused me of having made any Complaints to her. A Paper War was now begun between these two, which not only fixed an irreconcileable Hatred between them; but ' confirmed my Father's Displeasure against ' me, and in the End, I believe, did me ' no Service with my Aunt: For I was ' confidered by both as the Cause of their ' Diffension; tho' in Fact, my Step-' Mother, who very well knew the Affec-' tion my Aunt had for her, had long ' fince done her Bufiness with my Father; and as for my Aunt's Affection toward him, it had been abating feveral Years, ' from an Apprehension that he did not ' pay fufficient Deference to her Underflanding.

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I had lived about half a Year with my Aunt, when I heard of my StepMother's being delivered of a Boy, and the great Joy my Father expressed on that Occasion; but, poor Man, he lived not long to enjoy his Happiness; for within a Month afterwards I had the melancholy News of his Death.

'Notwithstanding all the Disobligations
'I had lately received from him, I was
fincerely afflicted at my Loss of him.
'All his Kindness to me in my Infancy,
'all his Kindness to me while I was
'growing up, recurred to my Memory,
'raised a thousand tender, melancho'ly Ideas, and totally obliterated all
'Thoughts of his latter Behaviour, for
'which I made also every Allowance and
'every Excuse in my Power.

But what may perhaps appear more extraordinary, my Aunt began foon to fpeak of him with Concern. She faid, he had fome Understanding formerly, tho' his Passion for that vile Woman had in a great Measure obscured it; and one Day, when she was in an ill. Humour with me, she had the Cruelty

to throw out a Hint, that she had never

quarrelled with her Brother, if it had

onot been on my Account.

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My Father during his Life had allowed my Aunt very handsomely for my Board; for Generosity was too deeply rivetted in his Nature to be plucked out by all the Power of his Wife. So far, however, she prevailed, that tho he died possessed of upwards of 2000 l. he left me no more than 100 l. which, as he expressed in his Will, was to set me up in some Business, if I had the Grace to take to any.

'Hitherto my Aunt had in general treated me with some Degree of Affection; but her Behaviour began now to be changed. She soon took an Opportunity of giving me to understand, that her Fortune was insufficient to keep me; and as I could not live on the Interest of my own, it was high time for me to consider about going into the World. She added, That her Brother having mentioned my setting up in some Business, in his Will, was very soolish; that I had been bred to nothing; and besides, that the Sum was too trisling to set me

- up in any Way of Reputation; she de-
- · fired me therefore to think of imme-

diately going into Service.

- 'This Advice was perhaps right enough; and I told her I was very ready to do as
- · she directed me, but I was at that time,
- in an ill State of Health, I defired her
- therefore to let me stay with her, till
- my Legacy, which was not to be paid ' till a Year after my Father's Death, was
- due; and I then promifed to fatisfy her
- for my Board; to which she readily

confented.

- ' And now, Madam,' faid Mrs. Bennet fighing, ' I am going to open to you those Matters which lead directly to that
- great Catastrophe of my Life, which
- hath occasioned my giving you this Trouble, and of trying your Patience

in this Manner.

Amelia, notwithstanding her Impatience, made a very civil Answer to this; and then Mrs. Bennet proceeded to relate what is written in the next Chapter.

CHAP. IV.

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Further Continuation.

HE Curate of the Parish where my Aunt dwelt was a young Fellow of about four and twenty. He had been left an Orphan in his Infancy, and entirely unprovided for; when an Uncle had the Goodness to take Care of his Education, both at School and at the University. As the young Gentleman was intended for the Church, his Uncle, ' tho' he had two Daughters of his own, ' and no very large Fortune, purchased for him the next Presentation of a Living of near 200 l. a Year. The Incumbent, at the Time of the Purchase, was under the Age of Sixty, and in apparent good Health; notwithstanding which he ' died foon after the Bargain, and long before the Nephew was capable of Orders; so that the Uncle was obliged to ' give the Living to a Clergyman, to hold it till the young Man came of proper Age.

The young Gentleman had not attained his proper Age of taking Orders, when he had the Misfortune to lose his Uncle and C 5 only

only Friend; who, thinking he had fufficiently provided for his Nephew by the Purchase of the Living, considered him no farther in his Will, but divided all the Fortune of which he died possessed, between his two Daughters; recommending it to them, however, on his Death-bed, to assist their Cousin with Money sufficient to keep him at the University, till he should be capable of Ordination.

But as no Appointment of this Kind was in the Will, the young Ladies, who received about 2000 l. each, thought proper to difregard the last Words of their Father: For besides that both of them were extremely tenacious of their Money, they were great Enemies to their Cousin, on Account of their Father's Kindness to him, and thought proper to let him know that they thought he had robbed them of too much already.

The poor young Fellow was now greatly distrest: For he had yet above a Year to stay at the University, without any visible Means of sustaining himfelf there.

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'In this Distress, however, he met with a Friend, who had the Good-nature to lend him the Sum of twenty · Pounds, for which he only accepted his Bond for forty, and which was to be paid within a Year after his being poffeffed of his Living.

- With this small Sum thus hardly obtained, the poor Gentleman made a ' Shift to struggle with all Difficulties, ' till he became of due Age to take upon ' himself the Character of a Deacon. ' He then repaired to that Clergyman, ' to whom his Uncle had given the Liv-'ing upon the Conditions above-men-tioned, to procure a Title to Ordina-' tion; but this, to his great Surprize and ' Mortification, was absolutely refused · him.
- 'The immediate Difappointment did onot hurt him fo much, as the Conclufion he drew from it: For he could have but little Hopes, that the Man who could have the Cruelty to refufe -' him a Title, would vouchsafe afterwards to deliver up to him a Living of ' fo considerable a Value; nor was it long C 6

before this worthy Incumbent told

' him plainly, that he valued his Uncle's

Favours at too high a Rate to part with them to any one; nay, he pretended

Scruples of Conscience, and said that if

he had made any slight Promises, which

he did not now well remember, they

were wicked and void; that he looked upon himself as married to his Parish,

and he could no more give it up, than

he could give up his Wife, without Sin.

The poor young Fellow was now obliged to feek farther for a Title, which at length he obtained from the Rector of the Parish where my Aunt lived.

He had not long been settled in the
Curacy, before an intimate Acquaintance grew between him and my Aunt :

For she was a great Admirer of the

· Clergy, and used frequently to say they

were the only conversable Creatures in

the Country.

• The first Time she was in this Gentle-

man's Company was at a Neighbour's

· Christning, where she stood God-mother.

· Here she displayed her whole little Stock

of Knowledge, in order to captivate Mr.

Bennet .

Bennet (I suppose, Madam, you al-

ready guess that to have been his Name)

and before they parted gave him a very

ftrong Invitation to her House.

' Not a Word passed at this Christning. between Mr. Bennet and myself; but our Eyes were not unemployed. Here, Madam, I first felt a pleasing Kind of Confusion, which I know not how to describe. I felt a Kind of Uneasiness; ' yet did not wish to be without it. I longed to be alone; yet dreaded the ' Hour of Parting. I could not keep my · Eyes off from the Object which caused my Confusion, and which I was at once ' afraid of and enamoured with .--- But why do I attempt to describe my Situation to one who must, I am sure, have felt the fame?

Amelia smiled, and Mrs. Bennet went on thus, 'O, Mrs. Booth, had you feen the Person of whom I am now speaking, you would not condemn the Suddenness of my Love. Nay, indeed, I had seen ' him there before, tho' this was the first ' Time I had ever heard the Music of his 'Voice .-- O! it was the sweetest that was ever heard. Mr.

'Mr. Bennet came to visit my Aunt the very next Day. She imputed this respectful Haste to the powerful Charms of her Understanding, and resolved to lose no Opportunity in improving the Opinion which she imagined he had conceived of her. She became by this Desire quite ridiculous, and ran into Absurdities and a Gallimatia scarce credible.

'Mr. Bennet, as I afterwards found, saw her in the same Light with myself; but as he was a very sensible and well-bred Man, he so well concealed his Opinion from us both, that I was almost angry, and she was pleased even to Raptures, declaring herself charmed with his Understanding; tho' indeed he had said very little; but I believe he heard himself into her good Opinion, while he gazed himself into Love.

The two first Visits which Mr. Bennet made to my Aunt, tho' I was in
the Room all the Time, I never spoke
a Word; but on the third, on some Argument which arose between them, Mr.
Bennet referred himself to me. I took

his Side of the Question, as indeed I must to have done Justice, and repeated two or three Words of Latin. My · Aunt reddened at this, and exprest great Disdain of my Opinion, declaring she was aftonished that a Man of Mr. Bene net's Understanding could appeal to the Judgment of a filly Girl: Is she, faid my Aunt bridling herfelf, fit to decide between us? Mr. Bennet spoke very favourably of what I had faid; upon which my Aunt burst almost into 'a Rage, treated me with downright Scurrility, called me conceited Fool, abused my poor Father for having taught me Latin, which, she faid, had ' made me a downright Coxcomb, and made me prefer myself to those who were a hundred Times my Superiors in Knowledge. She then fell foul on the ' learned Languages, declared they were ' totally useless, and concluded that she ' had read all that was worth reading, ' tho' she thanked Heaven she understood no Language but her own.

Before the End of his Visit, Mr. Bennet reconciled himself very well to my Aunt, which, indeed, was no difficult Task for him to accomplish; but

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from that Hour she conceived a Hatred

and Rancour towards me, which I could

never appeafe.

' My Aunt had, from my first Coming into her House, expressed great Dislike to my Learning. In plain Truth, she envied me that Advantage. This Envy · I had long ago discovered; and had taken great Pains to smother it, carefully avoiding ever to mention a Latin Word in her Presence, and always subf mitting to her Authority; for indeed I despised her Ignorance too much to dis-· pute with her. By these Means I had · pretty well fucceeded, and we lived to-· lerably together. But the Affront paid to her Understanding by Mr. Bennet in my Favour was an Injury never to be forgiven to me. She took me feverely to Task that very Evening, and re-· minded me of going to Service, in fuch earnest Terms, as almost amounted to · literally turning me out of Doors; advising me, in the most insulting Manner, to keep my Latin to myself; which, fhe faid, was useless to any one; but ridiculous, when pretended to by a Servant.

our House, I was not suffered to be present at. This was much the shortest of all his Visits; and when he went away, he left my Aunt in a worse Humour than ever I had seen her. The Whole was discharged on me in the usual Manner, by upbraiding me with my Learning, Conceit, and Poverty; reminding me of Obligations, and insisting on my going immediately to Service. With all this I was greatly pleased, as it assured me, that Mr. Bennet had said something to her in my Favour; and I would have purchased a kind Expression of his at almost any Price.

I should scarce, however, have been so sanguine as to draw this Conclusion, had I not received some Hints, that I had not unhappily placed my Affections on a Man who made me no Return: For tho' he had scarce addressed a dozen Sentences to me (for, indeed, he had no Opportunity) yet his Eyes had revealed certain Secrets to mine, with which I was not displeased.

' I remained, however, in a State of Anxiety near a Month; fometimes · pleafing myself, with thinking Mr. Bennet's Heart was in the same Situation with my own; fometimes doubting that ' my Wishes had flattered and deceived ' me; and not in the least questioning that my Aunt was my Rival: For I ' thought no Woman could be Proof against the Charms that had subdued me. Indeed, Mrs. Booth, he was a charming young Fellow; I must, I must pay this Tribute to his Memory---O, gracious Heaven! why, why did I ever fee him! why was I doom'd to fuch Misery !'---Here she burst into a Flood of Tears, and remained incapable of Speech for fome Time; during which, the gentle Amelia endeavoured all she could to soothe her; and gave fufficient Marks of sympathizing in the tender Affliction of her Friend.

Mrs. Bennet, at length, recovered her Spirits, and proceeded, as in the next Chapter.

CHAP. V.

The Story of Mrs. Bennet continued.

SCARCE know where I left off---Oh! I was, I think, telling you, that I esteemed my Aunt as my Rival; and it is not easy to conceive a greater Degree of Detestation than I had for her; and what may, perhaps, appear frange, as she daily grew more and more civil to me, my Hatred encreased with her Civility: For I imputed it all to her Triumph over me, and to her having fecured the Heart I longed for beyond all Apprehension.

' How was I furprised, when one Day, with as much good Humour as she was ' Mistress of, (for her Countenance was onot very pleasing) she asked me, how I liked Mr. Bennet? The Question, you ' will believe, Madam, threw me into great Confusion; which she plainly perceived, and without waiting for my 'Answer, told me, she was very well ' fatisfied; for that it did not require her ' Discernment to read my Thoughts in 'my Countenance.' "Well, Child,"

' faid she,' "I have suspected this a great " while, and I believe it will please you " to know, that I Yesterday made the " fame Discovery in your Lover." 'This, I confess to you, was more than I could well bear, and I begged her to fay no " more to me at that Time, on that Sub-' ject.'---" Nay, Child," 'answered she,' " I must tell you all, or I should not act " a friendly Part. Mr. Bennet, I am " convinced, hath a Passion for you; but " it is a Passion which I think you should " not encourage. For, to be plain with " you, I fear he is in Love with your " Person only. Now this is a Love, Child, "which cannot produce that rational " Happiness, which a Woman of Sense " ought to expect." --- In short, she ran on with a great Deal of Stuff about rational Happiness, and Women of Sense, and concluded, with affuring me, that after the strictest Scrutiny, she could not find that Mr. Bennet had an adequate Opinion of my Understanding; upon which she vouchsafed to make me many Compliments, but mixed with feveral Sarcasms concerning my Learning.

'I hope, Madam, however,' said she to Amelia, 'you have not so bad an Opinion of 'my

my Capacity, as to imagine me dull. enough to be offended with Mr. Bennet's Sentiments; for which I presently knew fo wellto account. I was, indeed, charmed withhis Ingenuity, who had discovered, ' perhaps, the only Way of reconciling my Aunt to those Inclinations, which I now ' affured myfelf he had for me.

' I was not long left to support my Hopes by my Sagacity. He foon found an Opportunity of declaring his Passion. He did this in fo forcible, tho' gentle, a ' Manner, with such a Profusion of Fervency and Tenderness at once, that his Love, like a Torrent, bore every Thing before it; and I am almost ashamed to own to you, how very foon he prevailed ' upon me to--to--in short, to be an hoe nest Woman, and to confess to him the ' plain Truth.

When we were upon a good Footing together, he gave me'a long Relation of ' what had past, at several Interviews ' with my Aunt, at which I had not been present. He said, he had discovered, that as she valued herself chiefly on her-'Understanding, so she was extremely • jealous of mine, and hated me on Account

count of my Learning. That as he had Ioved me paffionately from his first see-' ing me, and had thought of Nothing, from that Time, but of throwing himfelf at my Feet, he faw no Way so open to ' propitiate my Aunt as that which he had taken; by commending my Beauty, a · Perfection to which she had long resigned all Claim, at the Expence of my Underflanding, in which he lamented my ' Deficiency to a Degree almost of Ridicule. This he imputed chiefly to my Learning; on this Occasion he advanced a Sentiment, which fo pleafed my Aunt, that she thought proper to make it her own: For I heard it afterwards more than once from her own Mouth. Learning, he faid, bad the same Effett on the Mind, that strong Liquors bave on the Constitution; both tending to eradicate all our natural Fire and Energy. His Flattery had made fuch a Dupe of my Aunt, that she affented, ' without the least Suspicion of his Sincerity, to all he faid; fo fure is Vanity to weaken every Fortress of the Underflanding, and to betray us to every At-

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tack of the Enemy.

dily forgave him all he had faid, not only from that Motive which I have mentioned, but as I was affured he had spoke the Reverse of his real Sentiments. I was not, however, quite so well pleased with my Aunt, who began to treat measis I was really an Ideot. Her Contempt, I own, a little piqued me; and I could not help often expressing my Resentment, when we were alone together, to Mr. Bennet; who never failed to gratify me, by making her Conceit the Subject of his Wit; a Talent which he possessed in the most extraordinary Degree.

This proved of very fatal Confequence: For one Day, while we were enjoying my Aunt in a very thick Arbour in the Garden, she stole upon us unobserved, and overheard our whole Conversation. I wish, my Dear, you understood Latin, that I might repeat you a Sentence, in which the Rage of a Tigress, that hath lost her young, is described. No English Poet, as I remember, hath come up to it; nor am I myself equal to the Undertaking. She burst in upon us, open-mouthed, and

after discharging every abusive Word

almost, in the only Language she un-

derstood, on poor Mr. Bennet, turned

us both out of Doors; declaring, she would send my Rags after me, but

would never more permit me to fet my

Foot within her Threshold.

- 'Consider, dear Madam, to what a wretched Condition we were now reduced. I had not yet received the small Legacy lest me by my Father; nor was Mr. Bennet Master of five
- ' Pounds in the whole World.
- In this Situation, the Man I doated on to Distraction had but little Distinctly to persuade me to a Proposal, which, indeed, I thought generous in him to make; as it seemed to proceed from that Tenderness for my Reputation, to which he ascribed it; indeed, it could proceed from no Motive with which I should have been displeased.---In a Word, with-
- 'Mr. Bennet now declared himself the happiest of Men; and for my Part, I since cerely declare, I envied no Woman upon Earth. --- How little, alas! did I then

in two Days we were Man and Wife.

then know, or suspect the Price I was to pay for all my Joys.—A Match of real Love is, indeed, truly Paradise; and such perfect Happiness seems to be the forbidden Fruit to Mortals, which we are to lament having tasted, during the rest of our Lives.

'The first Uneasiness which attacked us after our Marriage was on my Aunt's Account. It was very disagreeable to live under the Nose of so near a Rela-' tion, who did not acknowledge us; but, on the contrary, was ever doing us ' all the ill Turns in her Power; and ' making a Party against us in the Parish, which is always easy enough to do a-' mongst the Vulgar, against Persons who ' are their Superiors in Rank, and, at the ' fame Time, their Inferiors in Fortune. ' This made Mr. Bennet think of procuring an Exchange, in which Intention he was foon after confirmed by the Ar-' rival of the Rector. It was the Rec-' tor's Custom to spend three Months every Year at his Living; for which ' Purpose he reserved an Apartment in his Parsonage-House, which was full ' large enough for two fuch little Families as then occupied it: We, at first, pro-VOL. III. mised

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AMELIA. Book VII. 40 * mifed ourselves some little Convenience from his boarding with us; and Mr. · Bennet began to lay aside his Thoughts of leaving his Curacy, at least for some * Time. But these golden Ideas presently ' vanished: For tho' we both used our · utmost Endeavours to please him, we foon found the Impossibility of succeeding. He was, indeed, to give you his * Character in a Word, the most peevish of Mortals. This Temper, notwithflanding that he was both a good and a ' pious Man, made his Company so infufferable, that nothing could compenfate it. If his Breakfast was not ready to a Moment, if a Dish of Meat was too much or too little done; in short, if any thing failed of exactly hitting his ' Taste, he was sure to be out of Humour all that Day; fo that, indeed, he was fcarce ever in a good Temper a whole Day together: For Fortune feems to take a Delight in thwarting this Kind of Disposition, to which Human Life, with its many Crosses and Accidents, is in ' Truth by no Means fitted.

'Mr. Bennet was now, by my Desire,
'as well as his own, determined to quit
the Parish; but when he attempted to

get an Exchange, he found it a Matter of more Difficulty than he had apprehended: For the Rector's Temper was fo well known among the neighbouring Clergy, that none of them could be brought to think of spending three

Months in a Year with him.

' After many fruitless Enquiries, Mr. Bennet was at last informed of an Office lately erected, opposite Cecil-street in the Strand, called the Universal Register, where ' he was affured he might probably have his ' Choice of above a hundred Curacies, in ' different Parts of the Kingdom. This ' greatly pleased him; and he resolved, ' without more Delay, to take his Leave of the Rector; which he did in the most ' friendly Manner possible, and preached his farewel Sermon; nor was there a dry Eye in the Church, except among ' the few whom my Aunt, who remained ' still inexorable, had prevailed upon to ' hate us without any Cause.

'To London we came, and took
'up our Lodging the first Night at the
'Inn where the Stage Coach set us
'down; the next Morning my Husband
'went early to the Office, from whence
D 2 'he

I have a Direction from the Office to a

· Person who will advance your Legacy

at a very reasonable Rate.

'This last Particular was extremely agreeable to me; for our last Guinea was now broached; and the Rector had lent my Husband ten Pounds to pay his Debts in the Country: For with all his Peevishness he was a good and a generous Man, and had indeed so many valuable Qualities, that I lamented his Temper, after I knew him thoroughly, as much on his Account, as on my own.

We now quitted the Inn, and went to our Lodgings, where my Husband having placed me in Sasety, as he said, he went about the Business of the Legacy, with good Assurance of Success: There being, as he told me, near fifty Gentle-

Gentlemen, whose Names were registered

in the Office, who transacted Business

of this Kind.

- 'My Husband returned elated with his Success, the second Person to whom he applied having undertaken to advance the Legacy, which he fulfilled as soon as the proper Enquiries could be made, and proper Instruments prepared for that Purpose.
- 'This, however, took up so much Time, that as our Fund was so very low, we were reduced to some Distress, and obliged to live extremely penurious; nor would all do, without my taking a most disagreeable Way of procuring Money, by pawning one of my Gowns.
- 'Mr. Bennet was now fettled in a Curacy in Town, greatly to his Satisfaction; and our Affairs feemed to have a prosperous Aspect, when he came home to me one Morning in much apparent Disorder, looking as pale as Death, and begged me by some Means or other to get him a Dram; for that he was taken with a sudden Faintness and Lowness of Spirits.

Frighted as I was, I immediately randown Stairs, and procured fome Rum of the Mistress of the House; the first Time indeed I ever knew him drink any. When he came to himself, he begged me not to be alarmed; for it was no Distemper, but something that had vexed him, which had caused his Distorder, which he had now perfectly recovered.

'He then told me the whole Affair.
'He had hitherto deferred paying a Visit
to the Lord whom I mentioned to have
been formerly his Fellow Collegiate,
and was now his Neighbour, 'till he
could put himself in decent Rigging.
He had now purchased a new Cassock,
Hat and Wig, and went to pay his Respects to his old Acquaintance, who had
received from him many Civilities and
Affistances in his Learning at the University, and had promised to return them
fourfold hereafter.

'It was not without some Difficulty
that Mr. Bennet got into the Antichamber. Here he waited, or, as the Phrase
is, cooled his Heels for above an Hour,
before

before he saw his Lordship; nor had he feen him then, but by an Accident: ' For my Lord was going out, when he ' casually intercepted him in his Passage to his Chariot. He approached to Salutation with some Familiarity, tho' with Respect, depending on his former ' Intimacy, when my Lord stepping short very gravely told him, he had not the ' Pleasure of knowing him. How! my ' Lord, said he, can you have so soon ' forgot your old Acquaintance Tom Bennet? O Mr. Bennet, cries his Lordship, with much Referve, is it you? You ' will pardon my Memory. I am glad to see you, Mr. Bennet; but you must 'excuse me at present: For I am in very ' great Haste. He then broke from him, and without more Ceremony, or any further Invitation, went directly into his Chariot.

'This cold Reception from a Person for whom my Husband had a real Friendship, and from whom he had great Reason to expect a very warm Return of Affection, so affected the poor Man, that it caused all those Symptoms which I have mentioned before.

'Tho' this Incident produced no material Consequence, I could not pass it over in Silence, as of all the Missortunes which ever befel him, it affected my Husband the most. I need not, however, to a Woman of your Delicacy, make any Comments on a Behaviour, which, tho' I believe it is very common, is nevertheless cruel and base beyond Description, and is diametrically opposite to true Honour, as well as to Goodness.

'To relieve the Uneasiness which my Husband selt on Account of his salle Friend, I prevailed with him to go every Night, almost for a Fortnight together, to the Play; a Diversion of which he was greatly fond, and from which he did not think his being a Clergyman excluded him; indeed, it is very well if those austere Persons who would be inclined to censure him on this Head, have themselves no greater Sins to answer for.

'From this Time during three Months,

we past our Time very agreeably, a

little too agreeably perhaps for our Cir
cumstances: For however innocent Diversions

versions may be in other Respects, they must be owned to be expensive. When ' you confider then, Madam, that our Income from the Curacy was less than Forty Pounds a Year, and that after Payment of the Debt to the Rector, and another to my Aunt, with the Costs in Law which she had occasioned by suing for it, my Legacy was reduced to less than Seventy Pounds, you will not wonder that in Diversions, Cloaths, and the common Expences of Life, we had

' almost consumed our whole Stock.

' The inconfiderate Manner in which we had lived for some Time will, I doubt not, appear to you to want some ' Excuse; but I have none to make for it. ' Two Things, however, now happened which occasioned much serious Reflexion to Mr. Bennet; the one was, that ' I grew near my Time; the other, that he now received a Letter from Oxford demanding the Debt of Forty Pounds, which I mentioned to you before. The ' former of these he made a Pretence of ' obtaining a Delay for the Payment of the. latter, promising in two Months to pay off half the Debt, by which Means he ob-' tained a Forbearance during that Time.

' I was now delivered of a Son, a ' Matter which should in Reality have encreased our Concern; but on the contrary it gave us great Pleasure; greater indeed could not have been conceived at the Birth of an Heir to the most plentiful Estate. So entirely thoughtless were we, and fo little Forecast had we of those many Evils and Distresses to which we had rendered a Human Creature, and one fo dear to us, liable. The Day of a Christening is in all Families, ' I believe, a Day of Jubilee and Rejoic-' ing; and yet, if we confider the Interest of that little Wretch, who is the Occa-' fion of all this Joy, how very little · Reason would the most sanguine Persons have for rejoicing on this Occasion.

But the our Eyes were too weak to look forward, for the Sake of our Child, we could not be blinded to those Dangers that immediately threatned ourselves. Mr. Bennet, at the Expiration of the two Months, received a second Letter from Oxford, in a very peremptory Stile, and threatning a Suit without any farther Delay. This alarmed us in the strongest Manner; and my Husband, to secure

' secure his Liberty, was advised for a

while to shelter himself in the Verge

of the Court.

And now, Madam, I am entring one that Scene which directly leads to all. my Misery.'——Here she stopped, and wiped her Eyes, — and then begging Amelia to excuse her for a few Minutes. ran hastily out of the Room, leaving Amelia by herself, while she refreshed her Spirits with a Cordial to enable her to relate what sollows in the next Chapter.

CHAP. VI.

Farther Continued.

MRS. Bennet returning into the Room, made a short Apology for her Abscence, and then proceeded in these Words.

"We now left our Lodging, and took a second Floor in that very House where

you now are; to which we were recom-

" mended by the Woman where we had before lodged: For the Mistresses of both

Houses were acquainted; and, indeed,

we had been all at the Play together. To this new Lodging then, (such was our

D 6 wretched

wretched Destiny) we immediately re-

paired, and were received by Mrs. Ellison (how can I bear the Sound of

Ellison (how can I bear the Sound of that detested Name!) with much Ci-

vility; she took care, however, dur-

' ing the first Fortnight of our Residence,

to wait upon us every Monday Morning

for her Rent: Such being it feems the

· Custom of this Place, which being in-

habited chiefly by Persons in Debt, is

onot the Region of Credit.

My Husband, by the singular Goodness of the Rector, who greatly compassionated his Case, was enabled to
continue in his Curacy, tho' he could
only do the Duty on Sundays. He was,
however, sometimes obliged to surnish
a Person to officiate at his Expence;
so that our Income was very scanty,
and the poor little Remainder of the
Legacy being almost spent, we were
reduced to some Difficulties, and what
was worse, saw still a Prospect of greater
before our Eyes.

'Under these Circumstances, how agreeable to poor Mr. Bennet must have been the Behaviour of Mrs. Ellison, who, when he carried her her Rent on the usual Day, told him, with a benevolent Smile,

Smile, that he needed not to give himfelf the Trouble of fuch exact Punctuality. She added, that, if it was at any time inconvenient to him, he might pay her when he pleased. To say the Truth, ' fays she, I never was so much pleased with anyLodgersinmyLife, --- Iam convinced, ' Mr. Bennet, you are a very worthy Man, and you are a very happy one too; for you have the prettieft Wife and the prettieft ' Child I ever faw .--- Thefe, dear Madam, were the Words she was pleased to make use of; and I am sure she behaved to ' me with fuch an Appearance of Friend-' ship and Affection, that, as I could not ' perceive any possible Views of Interest which she could have in her Professions, ' I eafily believed them real.

'There lodged in the same House, O Mrs. Booth! the Blood runs cold to my Heart, and should run cold to yours when I name him:---There lodged in the same House a Lord---The Lord indeed whom I have since seen in your Company. This Lord, Mrs. Ellison told me, had taken a great Fancy to my little Charly: Fool that I was, and blinded by my own Passion, which made me conceive that an Infant, not three

. Months old, could be really the Object of Affection to any besides a Parent; and more especially to a gay young Fellow! But if I was filly in being deceived, how wicked was the Wretch who deceived me; who used such Art, and employed fuch Pains, fuch incredible Pains to deceive me! He acted the Part of a Nurse to my little Infant; he danced it, he lulled it, he kiffed it; · declared it was the very Picture of a · Nephew of his, his favourite Sifter's · Child; and faid fo many kind and fond . Things of its Beauty, that I myself, tho', I believe, one of the tenderest and · fondest of Mothers, scarce carried my own Ideas of my little Darling's Perfection, beyond the Compliments which he paid it.

My Lord, however, perhaps from Modesty before my Face, sell far short of what Mrs. Ellison reported from him. And now, when she found the Impression which was made on me by these Means, she took every Opportunity of infinuating to me his Lordship's many Virtues, his great Goodness to his Sister's Children in particular; nor

did she fail to drop some Hints, which

gave me the most simple and groundless.

· Hopes of strange Consequences from

his Fondness to my Charly.

When by these Means, which, simple as they may appear, were, perhaps, the most artful, my Lord had gained fomething more, I think, than my Efteem, he took the furest Method to confirm himself in my Affection. This was, by professing the highest Friendhip for my Husband : For, as to my-' felf, I do affure you, he never shewed ' me more than common Respect; and I hope you will believe, I should have ' immediately startled and flown off if he had. Poor I accounted for all the · Friendship which he expressed for my ' Husband, and all the Fondness which ' he shewed to my Boy, from the great Prettiness of the one, and the great ' Merit of the other; foolifhly conceiving, that others faw with my Eyes, and felt with my Heart. Little did I ' dream, that my own unfortunate Person was the Fountain of all this Lord's Goodness, and was the intended Price of it.

' One Evening, as I was drinking Tea with Mrs. Ellison by my Lord's Fire, (a Liberty which she never scrupled taking when he was gone out) my little Charly, now about half a Year old, fitting in her Lap; my Lord, accidentally no Doubt; indeed, I then thought it fo, came in. I was confounded and offered to go; but my Lord declared, ' if he disturbed Mrs. Ellison's Company, as he phrased it, he would himfelf leave the Room. When I was thus prevailed on to keep my Seat, my Lord immediately took my little Baby ' into his Lap, and gave it some Tea there, not a little at the Expence of his · Embroidery: For he was very richly dreft; indeed, he was as fine a Figure as, ' perhaps, ever was feen. His Behaviour on this Occasion gave me many Ideas in his Favour. I thought he discovered good Sense, Good-nature, Condescen-' fion, and other good Qualities, by the · Fondness he shewed to my Child, and the Contempt he seemed to express for his Finery, which fo greatly became him: For I cannot deny, but that he was the handsomest and genteelest Per-' fon in the World; tho' fuch Confidera-' tions

tions advanced him not a Step in my Fa-

vour.

'My Husband now returned from Church, (for this happened on a Sunday) and was, by my Lord's particular Defire, ushered into the Room. My Lord received him with the utmost Politeness, and with many Professions of Esteem; which, he said, he had conceived from Mrs. Ellison's Representa-' tions of his Merit. He then proceeded ' to mention the Living, which was detained from my Husband, of which Mrs. Ellison had likewise informed him; and faid, he thought it would be no difficult Matter, to obtain a Restoration of it by the Authority of the Bishop, who was his particular Friend, and to whom he would take an immediate Opportunity of mentioning it. This, at ' last, he determined to do the very next Day; when he invited us both to Din-' ner, where we were to be acquainted ' with his Lordship's Success.

' My Lord now infifted on my Huf-' band's staying Supper with him, without taking any Notice of me; but Mrs. ' Ellison declared, he should not part Man

Man and Wife; and that she herself would stay with me. The Motion was too agreeable to me to be rejected; and, except the little Time I retired to put my Child to Bed, we spent together the most agreeable Evening imaginable; nor was it, I believe, easy to decide, whether Mr. Bennet or myself were most delighted with his Lordship and Mrs. Ellison; but this I assure you, the Generosity of the one, and the extreme Civility and Kindness of the other were the Subjects of our Conversation all the ensuing Night, during which we neither of us closed our Eyes.

'The next Day, at Dinner, my Lord acquainted us, that he had prevailed with the Bishop to write to the Clergyman in the Country; indeed, he told us, that he had engaged the Bishop to be very warm in our Interest, and had not the least Doubt of Success. This threw us both into a Flow of Spirits; and in the Asternoon, Mr. Bennet, at Mrs. Ellison's Request, which was seconded by his Lordship, related the History of our Lives, from our first Acquaintance. My Lord seemed much affected with some tender Scenes, which, as no Man could

could better feel, so none could better describe than my Husband. When he had finished, my Lord begged Pardon for mentioning an Occurrence which ' gave him fuch a particular Concern, as it had diffurbed that delicious State of Happiness in which we had lived at our ' former Lodging. " It would be unge-" nerous," faid he, " to rejoice at an " Accident, which, tho' it brought me " fortunately acquainted with two of the " most agreeable People in the World, " was yet at the Expence of your mutual " Felicity. The Circumstance I mean is " your Debt at Oxford; pray how doth " that stand? I am resolved it shall ne-" ver difturb your Happiness hereafter." At these Words, the Tears burst from my poor Husband's Eyes; and in an Ecstafy of Gratitude, he cried out, " Your Lordship overcomes me with Ge-" nerosity. If you go on in this Manner, " both my Wise's Gratitude and mine " must be bankrupt." He then ac-' quainted my Lord with the exact State of the Case, and received Affurances from him, that the Debt should never ' trouble him. My Husband was again ' breaking out into the warmest Expres-' fions of Gratitude; but my Lord stopt 6 him

· him short; saying, if you have any Obligation, it is to my little Charly here, from whose little innocent Smiles I have ' received more than the Value of this ' trifling Debt in Pleasure. I forgot to ' tell you, that when I offered to leave 'the Room after Dinner, upon my Child's · Account, my Lord would not fuffer 'me; but ordered the Child to be brought to me. He now took it out of my Arms, placed it upon his own Knee, and fed it with some Fruit from the Desfert. In short, it would be more tedious to you than to myfelf, to relate ' the thousand little Tendernesses he shewed to the Child. He gave it many · Baubles; amongst the rest was a Coral, worth, at least, three Pounds; and when my Husband was confined near a Fortnight to his Chamber with a Cold, he visited the Child every Day; (for to ' this Infant's Account were all the Visits ' placed) and feldom failed of accompa-' nying his Visit with a Present to the little Thing.

'Here, Mrs. Booth, I cannot help mentioning a Doubt which hath often arisen in my Mind, since I have been enough Mistress of myself to restect on this

this horrid Train, which was laid to blow up my Innocence. Wicked and barbarous it was to the highest Degree, without any Question; but my Doubt is, whether the Art or Folly of it be the more conspicuous: For however delicate and refined the Art must be allowed to have been, the Folly, I think, must, upon a fair Examination, appear no less astonishing: For to lay all Considerations of Cruelty and Crime out of the Case, what a soolish Bargain doth the Man make for himself, who purchases so poor a Pleasure at so high a Price!

We had lived near three Weeks, with as much Freedom as if we had been all of the same Family; when one Afternoon, my Lord proposed to my Husband to ride down himself to solicite the Surrender: For he said, the Bishop had received an unsatisfactory Answer from the Parson, and had writ a second Letter more pressing; which his Lordship now promised us to strengthen by one of his own that my Husband was to carry with him. Mr. Bennet agreed to this Proposal with great Thankfulness; and the next Day was appointed for his

Journey. The Distance was near seventy

Miles; and a Post-chaise seemed the pleasantest, as well as most expeditious

Method; but my Husband objected to

the Expence: Upon this, I recollected

that I had feen fomething about this Mat-

ter in the Plan of the Register-Office.

By my Advice, therefore, he repaired

thither; where he found a Companion

registered to go within a few Miles of

the fame Place; and, by the best of

Luck, this Companion was his old Ac-

' quaintance and Fellow-Collegiate.

'My Husband set out on his Journey; and he had scarce left me before Mrs.

Ellison came into my Room, and endea-

' voured to comfort me in his Absence;

to fay the Truth, tho' he was to be from

" me but a few Days, and the Purpose of his going was to fix our Happiness on a

found Foundation for all our future

' Days, I could scarce support my Spirits

' under this first Separation. But tho' I

then thought Mrs. Ellison's Intentions to

be most kind and friendly; yet the Means

" she used were utterly ineffectual, and ap-

' peared to me injudicious. Instead of

foothing my Uneafiness, which is always

' the first Physic to be given to Grief, she

rallied me upon it, and began to talk in

' a very unusual Stile of Gaiety, in which

he treated conjugal Love with much

· Ridicule.

'I gave her to understand, that she displeased me by this Discourse; but

s she soon found Means to give such a

'Turn to it, as made a Merit of all she

had faid. And now, when she had

worked me into a good Humour, she

' made a Proposal to me, which I at first

· rejected; but at last fatally, --- too fatally

fuffered myself to be over-persuaded.

'This was to go to a Masquerade at Ra-

' nelagh, for which my Lord had furnished

her with Tickets.

At these Words Amelia turned pale as Death, and hastily begged her Friend to give her a Glass of Water, some Air, or any Thing. Mrs. Bennet having thrown open the Window, and procured the Water, which prevented Amelia from fainting, looked at her with much Tenderness, and cried, 'I do not wonder, my dear Madam, that you are affected with my mentioning that fatal Masquerade; since I sirmly believe the same Ruin was intended for you at the same Place. The Appre-

· Apprehension of which occasioned the

Letter I fent you this Morning, and all

the Trial of your Patience which I have

" made fince."

Amelia gave her a tender Embrace, with many Expressions of the warmest Gratitude; assured her, she had pretty well recovered her Spirits, and begged her to continue her Story; which Mrs. Bennet then did. However, as our Readers may likewise be glad to recover their Spirits also, we shall here put an End to this Chapter.

CHAP. VII.

The Story farther continued.

R S. Bennet proceeded thus.

'I was at length, prevailed on to accompany Mrs. Ellison to the Mas-

querade. Here, I must confess, the

Pleasantness of the Place, the Variety of

the Dresses, and the Novelty of the Thing gave me much Delight, and

' raised my Fancy to the highest Pitch.

As I was entirely void of all Suspicion, my Mind threw off all Reserve, and

' Pleasure

Pleafure only filled my Thoughts. Inonocence, it is true, possessed my Heart; but it was Innocence unguarded, intoxicated with foolish Desires, and liable to every Temptation. During the first two Hours, we had many trifling Adventures, not worth remembering. At e length my Lord joined us, and con-tinued with me all the Evening; and we danced several Dances together.

' I need not, I believe, tell you, Ma-' dam, how engaging his Conversation is. I wish I could with Truth say, I was not pleased with it; or, at least, that ' I had a Right to be pleafed with it. But 'I will disguise Nothing from you: I ' now began to discover, that he had ' some Affection for me; but he had al-' ready too firm a Footing in my Esteem, to make the Discovery shocking. will--- I will own the Truth; I was de-' lighted with perceiving a Paffion in him, which I was not unwilling to think he ' had had from the Beginning, and to derive his having concealed it fo long, ' from his Awe of my Virtue, and his ' Respect to my Understanding. I affure 'you, Madam, at the same Time, my Vol. III. · Intentions

A M E L I A. Book VII.

'Intentions were never to exceed the

Bounds of Innocence. I was charmed

with the Delicacy of his Passion; and in the foolish, thoughtless Turn of

" Mind, in which I then was, I fancied I

" might give fome very distant Encou-' ragement to fuch a Passion in such a

' Man, with the utmost Safety; that I

' might indulge my Vanity and Interest

at once, without being guilty of the

· least Injury.

' I know Mrs. Booth will condemn all these Thoughts, and I condemn them ono less myself; for it is now my stedfast · Opinion, that the Woman who gives up ' the least Out-work of her Virtue, doth, in that very Moment, betray the Cita-· del.

· About two o' Clock we returned 4 home, and found a very handsome Co-

' lation provided for us. I was asked to

' partake of it; and I did not, I could

' not refuse. I was not, however, entirely

' void of all Suspicion, and I made many

Resolutions; one of which was, not to

' drink a Drop more than my usual Stint.

I his was, at the utmost, little more

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than Half a Pint of Small Punch.

'I adhered strictly to my Quantity; but in the Quality, I am convinced, I was deceived: For, before I left the Room, I found my Head giddy. What ' the Villain gave me, I know not; but besides being intoxicated, I perceived Effects from it, which are not to be defcribed.

- ' Here, Madam, I must draw a Curtain over the Residue of that satal ' Night. Let it suffice, that it involved me in the most dreadful Ruin; a Ruin, to which, I can truly fay, I never confented; and of which I was fcarce confcious, when the villanous ' Man avowed it to my Face in the Morning.
- ' Thus I have deduced my Story to the ' most horrid Period; happy had I been, ' had this been the Period of my Life; but I was referved for greater Miseries: ' But before I enter on them, I will men-' tion fómething very remarkable, with ' which I was now acquainted, and that ' will shew there was Nothing of Accident which had befallen me; but that all E 2

- was the Effect of a long, regular, premeditated Design.
- ' You may remember, Madam, I told you, that we were reommended to
- Mrs. Ellison by the Woman at whose House we had before lodged. This
- Woman, it feems, was one of my Lord's
- · Pimps, and had before introduced me
- to his Lordship's Notice.
- ' You are to know then, Madam, that this Villain, this Lord, now confest to
- me, that he had first seen me in the
- Galery at the Oratorio; whither I had
- gone with Tickets, with which the Wo-
- ' man where I first lodged, had pre-
- fented me, and which were, it feems, pur-
- · chased by my Lord. Here I first met
- the vile Betrayer, who was disguised in
- a Rug-coat, and a Patch upon his
- Face.

At these Words, Amelia cried, O gracious Heavens! and fell back in her Chair. Mrs. Bennet, with proper Applications, brought her back to Life; and then Amelia acquainted her, that she herself had first seen the same Person, in the same Place, Place, and in the same Disguise. O!

Mrs. Bennet, cried she, how am I indebted to you! What Words, what
Thanks, what Actions can demonstrate the Gratitude of my Sentiments!
I look upon you, and always shall look upon you, as my Preserver from the Brink of a Precipice; from which I was falling into the same Ruin, which you have so generously, so kindly, and so nobly disclosed for my Sake.

Here the two Ladies compared Notes; and it appeared, that his Lordship's Behaviour at the Oratorio had been alike to both: That he had made Use of the very same Words, the very same Actions to Amelia, which he had practifed over before on poor unfortunate Mrs. Bennet. It may, perhaps, be thought strange, that neither of them could afterwards recollect him; but so it was. And, indeed, if we consider the Force of Disguise, the very short Time that either of them was with him at this first Interview, and the very little Curiofity that must have been supposed in the Minds of the Ladies, together with the Amusement in which they were then engaged, all Wonder will, E 3 I apprehend, I apprehend, cease. Amelia, however, now declared, she remembered his Voice and Features perfectly well; and was thoroughly satisfied he was the same Person. She then accounted for his not having visited in the Asternoon, according to his Promise, from her declared Resolutions to Mrs. Ellison not to see him. She now burst forth into some very satirical Invectives against that Lady, and declared she had the Art, as well as the Wickedness, of the Devil himself.

Many Congratulations now past from Mrs. Bennet to Amelia, which were returned with the most hearty Acknowledgments from that Lady. But, instead of filling our Paper with these, we shall pursue Mrs. Bennet's Story; which she resumed, as we have written in the next Chapter.

CHAP. VIII.

Further Continuation.

'No fooner,' faid Mrs. Bennet, continuing her Story, 'was my Lord departed, than Mrs. Ellison came to me.

She behaved in fuch a Manner, when

fhe became acquainted with what had past, that tho' I was at first satisfied of her Guilt, she began to stagger my Opinion; and, at length, prevailed upon me entirely to acquit her. She raved like a Madwoman against my Lord, swore he should not stay a Moment in her House, and that she would never speak to him more. In short, had she been the most innocent Woman in the World, she could not have spoke, nor acted any otherwise; nor could she have vented more Wrath and Indignation against the Betrayer.

'That Part of her Denunciation of Vengeance, which concerned my Lord's leaving the House, she vowed should be executed immediately; but then, seeming to recollect herself, she said, "Consider, my dear Child; it is for your Sake alone I speak; will not such a Proceeding give some Suspicion to your Husband? I answered, that I valued not that; that I was resolved to inform my Husband of all, the Moment I saw him;" with many Expressions of Detestation of myself, and an Indisference for Life, and for every Thing else.

- ' Mrs. Ellison, however, found Means to soothe me, and to satisfy me with
- my own Innocence; a Point, in which,
- I believe, we are all eafily convinced.
- In short, I was persuaded to acquit both
- ' myself and her, to lay the whole Guilt
- upon my Lord, and to refolve to con-
- ceal it from my Husband.
 - * That whole Day I confined myself to
- my Chamber, and faw no Person but
- . Mrs. Ellison. I was, indeed, ashamed
- ' to look any one in the Face. Happily
- ' for me, my Lord went into the Country
- without attempting to come near me;
- · for I believe his Sight would have driven
- me to Madness.
- The next Day, I told Mrs. Ellison,
- that I was resolved to leave her Lodgings
- ' the Moment my Lord came to Town;
- ' not on her Account : (For I really in-
- ' clined to think her innocent;) but on
- ' my Lord's, whose Face I was resolved,
- if possible, never more to behold. She
- stold me, I had no Reason to quit her
- · House on that Score: For that my
- · Lord himself had left her Lodgings
- that Morning, in Resentment, she be-

· lieved,

lieved, of the Abuses which she had

cast on him the Day before.

'This confirmed me in the Opinion of her Innocence; nor hath the from that Day to this, till my Acquaintance with you, Madam, done any thing to forfeit my Opinion. On the contrary, I owe her many good Offices; amongst the rest. I have a Reversion of 150 l. a Year from my Lord, which I know was owing to her Solicitations: For she is not void of Generosity or Good nature; tho' by what I have lately seen, I am convinced she was the Cause of my Ruin, and hath endeavoured to lay the same Snares for you.

But to return to my melancholy Story. My Husband returned at the appointed Time; and I met him with an Agiration of Mind not to be described. Perhaps the Fatigue which he had undergone in his Journey, and his Dissatisfaction at his ill Success, prevented his taking Notice of what I feared was too visible. All his Hopes were entirely frustrated; the Clergyman had not received the Bishop's Letter; and as to my Lord's he treated it with Derision and Contempt. Tired

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- as he was, Mr. Bennet would not fit
- · down 'till he had enquired for my Lord,
- · intending to go and pay his Compli-
- ments: Poor Man! he little suspected
- that he had deceived him, as I have
- fince known, concerning the Bishop;
- · much less did he suspect any other In-
- ' jury. But the Lord---the Villain was
- gone out of Town, fo that he was
- forced to postpone all his Gratitude.
 - ' Mr. Bennet returned to Town late on
- ' the Saturday Night, nevertheless he per-
- formed his Duty at Church the next
- · Day; but I refused to go with him.
- ' This, I think, was the first Refusal I was
- ' guilty of fince our Marriage; but I was
- become fo miserable, that his Presence,
- · which had been the Source of all my
- · Happiness, was become my Bane. I
- ' will not fay I hated to fee him; but I
- · can fay I was ashamed, indeed afraid to
- · look him in the Face. I was conscious
- of I knew not what Guilt I
- hope it cannot be called.'

of small the creat Pathway of bus noting

I hope not, nay I think not,' cries Amelia.

My Husband,' continued Mrs. Bennet;
perceived my Dissatisfaction, and imputed it to his ill Success in the Country:
I was pleased with this Self-Delusion;
and yet when I fairly compute the Agonies I suffered at his Endeavours to comfort me on that Head, I paid most serverely for it. O my dear Mrs. Booth;
happy is the deceived Party between true Lovers, and wretched indeed is the Author of the Deceit.

'In this wretched Condition I past a whole Week, the most miserable, I think, of my whole Life, endeavouring to humour my Husband's Delusion, and to conceal my own Tortures; but I had Reason to fear I could not succeed long; for on the Saturday Night I perceived a visible Alteration in his Behaviour to me. He went to Bed in an apparent ill Humour, turned sullenly from me; and if I offered at any Endearments, he gave me only peevish Answers.

After a restless turbulent Night, he rose early on Sunday Morning and walk-ed down Stairs. I expected his Return E. 6.

to Breakfast, but was soon informed by the Maid that he was gone forth; and that it was no more than seven o'Clock.
All this, you may believe, Madam, alarmed me. I saw plainly he had discovered the fatal Secret, tho' by what Means I could not divine. The State of my Mind was very little short of Madness.
Sometimes I thought of running away from my injured Husband, and sometimes of putting an End to my Life.

In the midst of such Perturbations, ' I fpent the Day. My Husband returned in the Evening. —O Heavens, can · I describe what followed. - It is im-' possible, I shall sink under the Relation. -- He entered the Room, with a Face as white as a Sheet, his Lips trembling, and his Eyes red as Coals of Fire, and ' starting as it were from his Head.'-" Molly," cries he, throwing himself into ' his Chair, " are you well ?" --- Good ' Heavens,' fays I, ' what's the Matter? · - Indeed, I can't fay I am well.' " No!" fays he, --- starting from his ' Chair, "false Monster, you have betrayed " me, destroyed me, you have ruined your " Husband." 'Then looking like a Fury he fnatched off a large Book from the Table. Table, and with the Malice of a Madman, threw it at my Head, and knocked me down backwards. He then caught me up in his Arms, and kiffed me with most extravagant Tenderness; then · looking me stedfast in the Face for feveral Moments, the Tears gushed in a Torrent from his Eyes, and with his utmost Violence he threw me again on the Floor---Kicked me, stamped upon me. I believe, indeed, his Intent was to kill me, and I believe he thought he ' had accomplished it.

I lay on the Ground for fome Minutes I believe, deprived of my Senses. When I recovered myself, I found my Husband ' lying by my Side on his Face, and the Blood running from him. It feems when he thought he had difpatched me, he ran his Head with all his Force ' against a Chest of Drawers which stood ' in the Room, and gave himself a dreadful Wound in his Head.

'I can truly fay, I felt not the least Resentment for the Usage I had received; ' I thought I deferved it all; tho' indeed I little gueffed what he had fuffered from me. I now used the most earnest En-

treaties

treaties to him to compose himself; and endeavoured with my seeble Arms to raise him from the Ground. At length, he broke from me, and springing from the Ground flung himself into a Chair, when looking wildly at me, he cried,— "Go from me, Molly. I beseech you leave me, I would not kill you."— He then discovered to me—O Mrs. Booth, can you not guess it?—I was indeed polluted by the Villain—I had insected my Husband—O Heaven! why do I live to relate any thing so horrid— I will not, I cannot yet survive it. I cannot forgive myself. Heaven cannot forgive me.—

Here she became inarticulate with the Violence of her Grief, and fell presently into such Agonies, that the frighted Amelia began to call aloud for some Assistance. Upon this a Maid Servant came up, who seeing her Mistress in a violent Convulsion Fit, presently screamed out she was dead. Upon which one of the other Sex made his Appearance; and who should this be but the honest Serjeant? whose Countenance soon made it evident, that the a Soldier and a brave one too, he was not the least concerned.

Occasion.

The Reader, if he hath been acquainted with Scenes of this Kind, very well knows that Mrs. Bennet in the usual Time returned again to the Possession of her Voice; the first Use of which she made, was to express her Astonishment at the Presence of the Serjeant, and with a frantic Air, to enquire who he was.

The Maid concluding that her Miftress was not yet returned to her Senses, answered, 'Why 'tis my Master, Madam.

' Heaven preserve your Senses, Madam--' Lord, Sir, my Mistress must be very

bad not to know you."

What Atkinson thought at this Instant, I will not say; but certain it is he looked not over wise. He attempted twice to take hold of Mrs. Bennet's Hand; but she withdrew it hastily, and presently after rising up from her Chair, she declared herself pretty well again, and desired Atkinson and the Maid to withdraw. Both of whom presently obeyed; the Serjeant appearing by his Countenance to want Comfort almost as much as the Lady had

had, to whose Assistance he had been summoned.

It is a good Maxim to trust a Person entirely or not at all: For a Secret is often innocently blabbed out by those who know but half of it. Certain it is that the Maid's Speech communicated a Suspicion to the Mind of Amelia, which the Behaviour of the Serjeant did not tend to remove; what that is the sagacious Readers may likewise probably suggest to themselves; if not, they must wait our Time for disclosing it. We shall now resume the History of Mrs. Bennet, who after many Apologies, proceeded to the Matters in the next Chapter.

CHAP. IX.

The Conclusion of Mrs. Bennet's History.

WHEN I became fensible, cries Mrs. Bennet, of the Injury I

had done my Husband, I threw myself

• at his Feet, and embracing his Knees, • while I bathed them with my Tears, I

begged a patient Hearing, declaring if

he was not fatisfied with what I should

fay, I would become a willing Victim

of his Refentment. I faid, and I faid

s truly, that if I owed my Death that Instant to his Hands, I should have no

other Terrour, but of the fatal Conse-

quence which it might produce to him-

· felf.

- ' He seemed a little pacified, and bid ' me fay whatever I pleafed.
- 'I then gave him a faithful Relation of all that had happened. He heard

' me with great Attention, and at the ' Conclusion, cried, with a deep Sigh---

" O Molly, I believe it all .- You must

" have been betrayed as you tell me; you

" could not be guilty of fuch Baseness, " fuch Cruelty, such Ingratitude"--- He

' then—O 'tis impossible to describe his

Behaviour --- he exprest such Kindness,

' fuch Tenderness, such Concern, for the

Manner in which he had used me-

I cannot dwell on this Scene - I shall

' relapse --- You must excuse me.

Amelia begged her to omit any thing which so affected her; and she proceeded thus. lier distributionile all

'My Husband, who was more con'vinced than I was of Mrs. Ellison's
'Guilt, declared he would not sleep that
'Night in her House. He then went out
'to see for a Lodging; he gave me all
'the Money he had, and left me to pay
'her Bill, and put up the Cloaths, telling
'me if I had not Money enough, I might
'leave the Cloaths as a Pledge; but he
'vowed he could not answer for himself,
'if he saw the Face of Mrs. Ellison.

· Words cannot scarce express the Beha-' viour of that artful Woman, it was fo ' kind and fo generous. She faid she did ' not blame my Husband's Resentment, onor could she expect any other, but that he and all the World should censure her---That she hated her House almost as much as we did, and detefted her ' Cousin, if possible, more. In fine, she ' faid I might leave my Cloaths there that ' Evening; but that she would send them ' to us the next Morning. That she fcorned the Thought of detaining them; and as for the paultry Debt, we might ' pay her whenever we pleased: For to do her Justice with all her Vices, she hath fome Good in her.

Some

Some Good in her, indeed!' cried Amelia, with great Indignation.

We were scarce settled in our new Lodgings,' continued Mrs. Bennet, when my Husband began to complain of a Pain in his Inside. He told me he feared he had done himself some In-' jury in his Rage, and had burst something within him. As to the odious---'I cannot bear the Thought, the great ' Skill of his Surgeon foon entirely cured ' him; but his other Complaint instead of yielding to any Application, grew ' still worse and worse, nor ever ended ' till it brought him to his Grave.

' O Mrs. Booth, could I have been certain that I had occasioned this, however ' innocently I had occasioned it, I could ' never have furvived it; but the Surgeon ' who opened him after his Death affured ' me, that he died, of what they called ' a Polypus in his Heart, and that nothing ' which had happened on Account of me ' was in the least the Occasion of it.

'I have, however, related the Affair truly to you. The first Complaint I ever

ever heard of the Kind, was within a

Day or two after we left Mrs. Ellison's;

' and this Complaint remained till his

Death, which might induce him perhaps

* to attribute his Death to another Cause;

but the Surgeon, who is a Man of

the highest Eminence, hath always'

declared the contrary to me, with

' the most positive Certainty; and this

Opinion hath been my only Comfort.

When my Husband died, which was about ten Weeks after we quitted Mrs. Ellison's, of whom I had then a different Opinion from what I have now, I was left in the most wretched Condition imaginable. I believe, Madam, she shewed you my Letter. Indeed she did every thing for me at that Time, which I could have expected from the best of Friends. She supplied me with Money from her own Pocket, by which Means

I was preserved from a Distress in which I must have otherwise inevita-

• bly perished.

'Her Kindness to me in this Season of Distress prevailed on me to return again to her House. Why, indeed, should

· should I have refused an Offer so very convenient for me to accept, and which feemed fo generous in her to make? Here I lived a very retired Life, with my little Babe, feeing no Company but Mrs. Ellison herself, for a full Quarter of a Year. At last Mrs. Ellison brought ' me a Parchment from my Lord, in which he had fettled upon me, at her Instance, as she told me, and as I believe it was, an Annuity of 150 l. a Year. was, I think, the very first time she ' had mentioned his hateful Name to me ' fince my Return to her House. And ' she now prevailed upon me, tho' I as-' fure you, not without much Difficulty, ' to fuffer him to execute the Deed in my · Presence.

'I will not describe our Interview,—
'I am not able to describe it, and I have
'often wondered how I found Spirits to
'support it. This I will say for him,
'that if he was not a real Penitent, no
'Man alive could act the Part better.

'Beside Resentment, I had another 'Motive of my Backwardness to agree to such a Meeting. And this was Fear. 'I apprehended, and surely not without 'Reason,

Reason, that the Annuity was rather

' meant as a Bribe than a Recompence,

and that further Designs were laid

against my Innocence: But in this I

found myself happily deceived; for nei-

ther then, nor at any time since, have

I ever had the least Solicitation of that

'Kind. Nor indeed have I feen the least

' Occasion to think my Lord had any

fuch Defires.

- Good Heavens! what are these Men!
- What is this Appetite, which must have
- Novelty and Resistance for its Provo-
- catives; and which is delighted with us
- no longer than while we may be consi-

' dered in the Light of Enemies.'

- 'I thank you, Madam,' cries Amelia,
- for relieving me from my Fears on your
- ' Account; I trembled at the Consequence
- of this fecond Acquaintance with fuch a
- ' Man, and in fuch a Situation.'
- 'I affure you, Madam, I was in no
- Danger,' returned Mrs. Bennet: ' For
- besides that I think I could have pretty
- well relied on my own Resolution, I
- ' have heard fince, at St. Edmundsbury,
- from an intimate Acquaintance of my Lord's,

Lord's, who was an entire Stranger to ' my Affairs, that the highest Degree of Inconstancy is his Character; and that few of his numberless Mistresses have ever received a second Visit from him.

Well, Madam,' continued she, 'I think I have little more to trouble you with; unless I should relate to you, my o long ill State of Health; from which, by the Advice of Dr. Thompson, I am lately, I thank Heaven, recovered: Or, unless I should mention to you the ' most grievous Accident that ever befel ' me, the Loss of my poor dear Charly.' --- Here she made a full Stop, and the Tears ran down into her Bosom.

Amelia was filent a few Minutes, while she gave the Lady Time to vent her Pafsion; after which, she began to pour forth a vast Profusion of Acknowledgements for the Trouble she had taken in relating her History; but chiefly, for the Motive which had induced her to it; and for the kind Warning which she had given her by the little Note which Mrs. Bennet had fent her that Morning.

' Yes, Madam,' cries Mrs. Bennet, 'I am convinced, by what I have lately feen, that you are the destined Sacrifice to this wicked Lord; and that Mrs. El-' lison, whom I no longer doubt to have been the Instrument of my Ruin, intended to betray you in the fame Ma-' ner. The Day I met my Lord in your Apartment, I began to entertain some Sufpicions, and I took Mrs. Ellison very ' roundly to Task upon them: Her Behaviour, notwithstanding many Asseverations to the contrary, convinced me I was right; and I intended, more than once, to speak to you, but could not; ' till last Night the Mention of the Masquerade determined me to delay it no ' longer. I therefore fent you that Note this Morning; and am glad you fo · luckily discovered the Writer, as it hath ' given me this Opportunity of eafing ' my Mind; and of honeftly shewing you, how unworthy I am of your Friend-' ship, at the same Time that I so ear-' neftly desire it.

Matheway front, fronted Mrs. Rus

CHAP. X. nortold after

Being the last Chapter of the Seventh Book.

MELIA did not fail to make proper Compliments to Mrs. Bennet, on the Conclusion of her Speech in the last Chapter. She told her, that from the first Moment of her Acquaintance, she had the strongest Inclination to her Friendship; and that her Desires of that Kind were much increased by hearing her Story. 'Indeed, Madam,' fays she, ' you are much too severe a Judge on yourself: · For they must have very little Candour, in my Opinion, who look upon your ' Case with any severe Eye. To me, I ' affure you, you appear highly the Ob-' ject of Compassion; and I shall always efteem you, as an innocent and an unfortunate Woman.

Amelia would then have taken her Leave; but Mrs. Bennet so strongly pressed her to stay to Breakfast, that at length she complied: Indeed she had fasted so long, and her gentle Spirits had been fo agitated with Variety of Passions, that VOL. III. Nature

Nature very strongly seconded Mrs. Bennet's Motion.

Whilst the Maid was preparing the Tea-equipage, Amelia, with a little Slyness in her Countenance, asked Mrs. Bennet, if Serjeant Atkinson did not lodge in the fame House with her. The other reddened fo extremely at the Question, repeated the Serjeant's Name with fuch Hefitation, and behaved fo aukwardly, that Amelia wanted no further Confirmation of her Suspicions. She would not, however, declare them abruptly to the other; but began a Differtation on the Serjeant's Virtues; and after observing the great Concern which he had manifested, when Mrs. Bennet was in her Fit, concluded with faying, she believed the Serjeant would make the best Husband in the World: For that he had great Tenderness of Heart, and a Gentleness of Manners, not often to be found in any Man; and much feldomer in Persons of his Rank.

And why not in his Rank?' faid Mrs. Bennet, 'Indeed, Mrs. Booth, we rob the lower Order of Mankind of their Due.

[•] I do not deny the Force and Power of Education;

Education; but when we consider how very injudicious is the Education of the better Sort in general, how little they are instructed in the Practice of Virtue, we shall not expect to find the Heart much improved by it. And even as to the Head, how very flightly do we commonly find it improved, by what is called a genteel Education! I have myself, I think, seen Instances of ' as great Goodness, and as great Underflanding too, among the lower Sort of ' People, as among the higher. Let us compare your Serjeant now, with the Lord who hath been the Subject of ' Conversation; on which Side would an ' impartial Judge decide the Balance to ' incline?"

' How monstrous then,' cries Amelia, is the Opinion of those, who consider our matching ourselves the least below us in Degree, as a Kind of Contamina-' tion !'

' A most absurd and preposterous Sen-' timent,' answered Mrs. Bennet warmly, ' how abhorrent from Justice, from com-' mon Sense, and from Humanity---but how extremely incongruous with a Re-' ligion, F 2

' ligion, which professes to know no Dif-

ference of Degree; but ranks all Man-

* kind on the Footing of Brethren! Of

s all Kinds of Pride, there is none so un-

christian as that of Station; in reality,

there is none fo contemptible. Con-

tempt, indeed, may be faid to be its

own Object: For my own Part, I know

none fo despicable as those who despise

s others.

- I do affure you, faid Amelia, you fpeak my own Sentiments. I give you my Word, I should not be ashamed of being the Wise of an honest Man in any Station. --- Nor, if I had been much higher than I was, should I have thought myself degraded, by calling our honest Serjeant my Husband.
- Since you have made this Declaration,' cries Mrs. Bennet, 'I am fure you will 'not be offended at a Secret I am going to mention to you.'---
- Indeed, my Dear,' answered Amelia finiling, 'I wonder rather you have concealed it so long; especially after the many Hints I have given you.'

'Nay, pardon me, Madam,' replied the other, 'I do not remember any such 'Hints; and, perhaps, you do not even

guess what I am going to say. My Se-

cret is this; that no Woman ever had for

fincere, fo paffionate a Lover, as you

have had in the Serjeant.'

- I a Lover in the Serjeant! I!' crics Amelia a little furprized.
- ' Have Patience,' answered the other, --- I fay you, my Dear. As much fur-

' prized as you appear, I tell you no

more than the Truth; and yet it is a

'Truth you could hardly expect to hear from me; especially with so much good

· Humour, fince I will honeftly confess

to you. --- But what need have I to con-

fess, what I know you guess already?---

'Tell me now fincerely, don't you

' guess ?'---

- ' I guess, indeed, and hope,' said she, ' that he is your Husband.'
- ' He is, indeed, my Husband,' cries the other, ' and I am most happy in your 'Approbation. In honest Truth, you 'ought to approve my Choice; fince

was every Way the Occasion of my making it. What you said of him, very greatly recommended him to my Opinion; but he endeared himself to me most, by what he said of you. In short, I have discovered, that he hath always loved you, with such a faithful, honest, noble, generous Passion, that I was consequently convinced his Mind must possess all the Ingredients of such a Passion; and what are these, but true Honour, Goodness, Modesty, Bravery, Tenderness, and, in a Word, every human Virtue.——Forgive me, my Dear; but I was uneasy till I became myself

'And do you really think,' faid Amelia fmiling, 'that I shall forgive you robbing me of such a Lover? Or, supposing what you banter me with, was 'true, do you really imagine you could 'change such a Passion?'

' the Object of fuch a Passion.'

'No, my Dear,' answered the other,
'I only hope I have changed the Object:
'For be assured, there is no greater
'vulgar Error, than that it is impossible
for a Man who loves one Woman, ever
'to love another. On the contrary, it is
'certain,

certain, that a Man who can love one

· Woman fo well at a Distance, will love

another better that is nearer to him.

Indeed, I have heard one of the best

' Husbands in the World, declare, in the

· Presence of his Wife, that he had al-

ways loved a Princess with Adoration.

'These Passions which reside only in very

' amorous and very delicate Minds, feed

only on the Delicacies there growing;

' and leave all the substantial Food, and

enough of the Delicacy too for the

Wife.

The Tea being now ready, Mrs. Bennet, or if you please, for the future, Mrs. Atkinson, proposed to call in her Husband; but Amelia objected. She said, she should be glad to see him any other Time; but was then in the utmost Hurry, as she had been three Hours absent from all she most loved. However, she had scarce drank a Dish of Tea before she changed her Mind; and saying, she would not part Man and Wise, desired Mr. Atkinson might appear.

The Maid answered, that her Master was not at home; which Words she had scarce spoken, when he knocked hastily

at the Door; and immediately came runing into the Room, all pale and breathless; and addressing himself to Amelia, cried out, 'I am forry, my dear Lady,
to bring you ill News; but Captain
Bootb--- What! what! cries Amelia, dropping the Tea-cup from her Hand, is any Thing the Matter with him !--Don't be frightened, my dear Lady,' faid the Serjeant--- He is in very good · Health; but a Misfortune hath happened.'---' Are my Children well?' faid Amelia.---' O, very well,' answered the Serjeant. --- ' Pray, Madam, don't be frightened; I hope it will fignify Nothing---he is arrested---but I hope to get him out of their damned Hands immedi-'ately.' 'Where is he,' cries Amelia,
'I will go to him this Instant!' 'He begs you will not,' answered the Ser-jeant. 'I have fent his Lawyer to him, and am going back with Mrs. Ellison this Moment; but I beg your Lady-'s sake, not to go.' 'Mrs. Ellison!
'what is Mrs. Ellison to do?' cries Amelia, '---I must and will go.' Mrs. Atkinson then interposed, and begged that she would not hurry her Spirits; but compose herfelf, and go home to her Children; whither she would attend her. She comforted her

her with the Thoughts, that the Captain was in no immediate Danger, that she could go to him when she would; and desired her, to let the Serjeant return with Mrs. Ellison; saying, she might be of Service; and that there was much Wisdom, and no Kind of Shame, in making Use of bad People on certain Occasions.

- 'And who,' cries Amelia a little come to herfelf, 'hath done this barbarous.'
 'Action?'
- One I am ashamed to name, eries the Serjeant; indeed, I had always a very different Opinion of him; I could not have believed any Thing but my own Ears and Eyes; but Dr. Harrison is the Man who hath done the Deed.
- 'Dr. Harrison!' cries Amelia.--- Well then, there is an End of all Goodness in the World. I will never have a good Opinion of any human Being more."

The Serjeant begged, that he might not be detained from the Captain; and that if Amelia pleased to go home, he would wait upon her. But she did not F 5 chuse

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chuse to see Mrs. Ellison at this Time; and after a little Consideration, she resolved to stay where she was; and Mrs. Atkinson agreed to go and setch her Children to her, it being not many Doors distant.

The Serjeant then departed; Amelia, in her Confusion, never having once thought of wishing him Joy on his Marriage.

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AMELIA.

BOOK VIII.

CHAP. I.

Being the first Chapter of the eighth Book.

HE History must now look a little backwards to those Circumstances, which led to the Catastrophe mentioned at the End of the last Book.

When Amelia went out in the Morning, she left her Children to the Care of her Husband. In this amiable Office he had been engaged near an Hour; and was at that very Time lying along on the Floor, and his little Things crawling and playing about him, when a most violent Knock was heard at the Door; and immediately a Footman running up Stairs, acquainted him, that his F 6 Lady

Booth no fooner heard this Account. which was delivered with great Appearance of Haste and Earnestness, than he leapt fuddenly from the Floor; and leaving his Children roaring at the News of their Mother's Illness, in strict Charge with his Maid, he ran as fast as his Legs could carry him to the Place; or towards the Place rather: For, before he arrived at the Shop, a Gentleman stopt him full Butt, crying, 'Captain, whither fo fast?' --- Booth answered eagerly, 'Whoever you ' are, Friend, don't afk me any Questions " now.'--- You must pardon me, Captain,' answered the Gentleman; ' but I have a little Business with your Ho-' nour--- In short, Captain, I have a small Warrant here in my Pocket against your Honour, at the Suit of one Dr. Harrison." You are a Bailiff then, fays Booth. 'I am an Officer, Sir,' answered the other .-- Well, Sir, it is in vain to contend, eries Booth; but let me beg you will permit me only to ftep to Mrs. Chenevix's -- I will attend you, upon my · Honour, wherever you please; but my · Wife lies violently ill there.'--- O, for 6 that

Vintwel

that Matter,' answered the Bailiff, ' you may fet your Heart at Ease. Your Lady, I hope, is very well. I affure you, fhe is not there; you will excuse · me, Captain, these are only Stratagems of War. Bolus and Virtus, quis in a Hoftess equirit ?'--- Sir, I honour your Learning,' cries Booth, and could almost kiss you for what you tell me. I affure you, I would forgive you five hundred Arrests for such a Piece of News. Well, Sir, and whither am I to go with you? --- O, any where; where your Honour ' pleases,' cries the Bailiff. 'Then suppose we go to Brown's Coffee-house,' faid the Prisoner. No. answered the Bailiff, ' that will not do; that's in the Verge of the Court.' Why then, to the nearest Tavern,' faid Booth. ' not to a Tavern,' cries the other, I that is not a Place of Security; and you know, Captain, your Honour is a flay ' Cock; I have been after your Honour these three Months---Come, Sir, you must go to my House, if you please. With all my Heart, answered Booth, if it be any where hereabouts.' V'O, it is but a little Ways off, replied the Bailiff; ' it is only in Gray's-Inn-Lane, fluinder who was thus violently, and yet

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' just by almost.' He then called a Coach,

and defired his Prisoner to walk in.

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Resistance, which had he been inclined to make, he must have plainly perceived would have been inessectual, as the Bailist appeared to have several Followers at Hand, two of whom, beside the Commander in Chief, mounted with him into the Coach. As Booth was a sweet-tempered Man, as well as somewhat of a Philosopher, he behaved with all the Good Humour imaginable, and, indeed, with more than his Companions; who, however, shewed him what they call Civility, that is, they neither struck him nor spit in his Face.

Notwithstanding the Pleasantry which Booth endeavoured to preserve, he in Reality envied every Labourer whom he saw pass by him in his Way. The Charms of Liberty against his Will rushed on his Mind; and he could not avoid suggesting to himself, how much more happy was the poorest Wretch who without Controll could repair to his homely Habitation, and to his Family; compared to him, who was thus violently, and yet lawfully

lawfully torn away from the Company of his Wife and Children. And their Condition, especially that of his Amelia, gave his Heart many a severe and bitter Pang.

At length he arrived at the Bailiff's Mansion, and was ushered into a Room; in which were several Persons. Booth desired to be alone, upon which the Bailiff waited on him up Stairs, into an Apartment, the Windows of which were well fortified with Iron Bars; but the Walls had not the least Outwork raised before them; they were, indeed, what is generally called naked, the Bricks having been only covered with a thin Plaister, which in many Places was mouldered away.

The first Demand made upon Booth was for Coach-hire, which amounted to two Shillings, according to the Bailist's Account; that being just double the legal Fare. He was then asked if he did not chuse a Bowl of Punch; to which he having answered in the Negative, the Bailist replied, 'Nay, Sir, just as you please. I don't ask you to drink, if you don't chuse it; but certainly you know the Custom, the House is full of Prisoners,

and I can't afford Gentlemen a Room

to themselves for nothing.'

Booth presently took this Hint, indeed it was a pretty broad one, and told the Bailiff, he should not scruple to pay him his Price; but in Fact, he never drank unless at his Meals. 'As to that, Sir,' cries the Bailiff, 'it is just as your Honour pleases. I scorn to impose upon any Gentleman in Missortunes: I wish you well out of them for my Part. Your Honour can take nothing amiss of me, I only does my Duty, what I am bound to do; and as you says you don't care to drink any thing, what will you be pleased to have for Dinner?

Booth then complied in bespeaking a Dish of Meat, and told the Bailiss, he would drink a Bottle with him after Dinner. He then desired the Favour of Pen, Ink and Paper, and a Messenger; all which were immediately procured him, the Bailiss telling him he might send wherever he pleased, and repeating his Concern for Booth's Missortunes, and a hearty Desire to see the End of them.

The Messenger was just dispatched with the Letter, when who should arrive but honest Atkinson? A Soldier of the Guards, belonging to the fame Company with the Serjeant, and who had known Booth at Gibraltar, had feen the Arrest, and heard the Orders given to the Coachman. This Fellow accidentally meeting Atkinson had acquainted him with the whole Affair.

At the Appearance of Atkinson, Joy immediately overspread the Countenance of Booth. The Ceremonials which past between them are unnecessary to be repeated. Atkinson was foon dispatched to the Attorney, and to Mrs. Ellison, as the Reader hath before heard from his own Mouth.

Booth now greatly lamented that he had writ to his Wife. He thought she might have been acquainted with the Affair better by the Serjeant. Booth begged him, however, to do every thing in his Power to comfort her, to assure her that he was in perfect Health and good Spirits, and to lessen as much as possible the Concern, which

which he knew she would have at the reading his Letter.

The Serjeant, however, as the Reader hath seen, brought himself the first Account of the Arrest. Indeed, the other Messenger did not arrive till a full Hour afterwards. This was not owing to any Slowness of his, but to many previous Errands which he was to execute before the Delivery of the Letter: For, notwithstanding the earnest Desire which the Bailiss had declared to see Booth out of his Troubles, he had ordered the Porter, who was his Follower, to call upon two or three other Bailiss, and as many Attornies, to try to load his Prisoner with as many Actions as possible.

Here the Reader may be apt to conclude, that the Bailiff, instead of being a Friend, was really an Enemy to poor Booth; but in Fact, he was not so. His Desire was no more than to accumulate Bail Bonds; for the Bailiff was reckoned an honest and good Sort of Man in his Way, and had no more Malice against the Bodies in his Custody, than a Butcher hath to those in his; and as the latter when he takes his Knife in Hand, hath

no Idea but of the Joints into which he is to cut the Carcase; so the former when he handles his Writ, hath no other Design but to cut out the Body into as many Bail Bonds as possible. As to the Life of the Animal, or the Liberty of the Man, they are Thoughts which never obtrude themselves on either.

CHAP. II.

Containing an Account of Mr. Booth's Fellow Sufferers.

BEFORE we return to Amelia, we must detain our Reader a little longer with Mr. Booth, in the Custody of Mr. Bondum the Bailiss, who now informed his Prisoner, that he was welcome to the Liberty of the House with the other Gentlemen.

Booth asked who those Gentlemen were,

One of them, Sir,' fays Mr. Bondum, is a very great Writer or Author, as they

' call him--He hath been here these five

' Weeks, at the Suit of a Bookseller, for

' Eleven Pound odd Money; but he ex-

' pects to be discharged in a Day or two:

' For he hath writ out the Debt. He is now writing for Five or Six Bookfellers,

and

and he will get you fometimes, when he fits to it, a Matter of fifteen Shillings a Day. For he is a very good Pen, they fay; but is apt to be idle. Some Days he wont write above five Hours; but at other times I have known him at it above Sixteen.'--- 'Ay!' cries Booth, Pray what are his Productions ?---What doth he write?' Why fometimes,' anfwered Bondum, 'He writes your History Books for your Numbers, and fometimes your Verses, your Poems, what do you call them? And then again he writes News for your News Papers.'--- Ay indeed! he is a most extraordinary Man truly---How doth he get his News here?' -- ' Why he makes it, as he doth your · Parhament Speeches for your Magasines. He reads them to us fometimes over a Bowl of Punch .--- To be fure it ' is all one as if one was in the Parliament · House---It is about Liberty and Freedom, and about the Constitution of · England. I say nothing for my Part: ' For I will keep my Neck out of a · Halter; but faith he makes it out plainly to me, that all Matters are not as they fhould be. I am all for Liberty, for my Part.' Is that fo confistent with your ' Calling?' eries Booth, ' I thought, my · Friend,

· Friend, you had lived by depriving Men of their Liberty.' 'That's another 'Matter,' cries the Bailiff, 'that's all according to Law, and in the Way of Bufiness. To be fure Men must be obliged to pay their Debts, or else there would be an End of every Thing.' Booth desired the Bailiff to give him his Opinion of Liberty. Upon which he hefitated a Moment, and then cried out, O'tis a fine Thing, 'tis a very fine 'Thing, and the Constitution of England.' Booth told him that by the old Constitution of England, he had heard that Men could not be arrested for Debt; to which the Bailiff answered, that must have been in very bad Times. 'Because as why,' fays he, ' would it not be the hardest 'Thing in the World if a Man could onot arrest another for a just and lawful Debt? Besides, Sir, you must be mis-' taken: For, how could that ever be! ' is not Liberty the Constitution of Eng-' land? Well, and is not the Constitution. ' as a Man may fay, --- whereby the Con-' stitution, that is the Law and Liberty, and all that-

Booth had a little Mercy upon the poor Bailiff, when he found him rounding in

AMELIA. Book VIH. 118 this Manner, and told him he had made the Matter very clear: Booth then proceeded to enquire after the other Gentlemen, his Fellows in Affliction; upon which Bondum acquainted him that one of the Prisoners was a poor Fellow. 'He calls himself a Gentleman, faid Bondum; but I am fure I never faw any thing genteel by him. In a Week that he hath been in my House, he hath drank only part of one Bottle of Wine. I intend to carry him to Newgate within a Day or two, if he can't find Bail, which I suppose he will not be able to do: For every Body fays he is an undone Man. He hath run out all he hath by Loffes in Business, and one way or other; and he hath a Wife and feven · Children .--- Here was the whole Family here the other Day, all howling together. I never faw fuch a beggarly Crew; I was almost ashamed to see them in my House. I thought they seemed · fitter for Bridewell than any other Place. To be fure, I do not reckon him as proper Company for fuch as you, Sir; but there is another Prisoner in the · House that I dare say you will like very much. He is, indeed, very much of a Gentleman, and spends his Money

· like one. I have had him only three Days, and I am afraid he won't stay much longer. They fay, indeed, he is ' a Gamester; but what is that to me or ' any one, as long as a Man appears as a Gentleman? I always love to speak by People as I find. And, in my Opinion, he is fit Company for the greatest Lord in the Land; for he hath very good Cloaths, and Money enough. He is not here for ' Debt, but upon a Judge's Warrant for an Affault and Battery; for the Tipfaff locks up here.

The Bailiff was thus haranguing, when he was interrupted by the Arrival of the Attorney, whom the trusty Serjeant had, with the utmost Expedition, found out, and dispatched to the Relief of his distressed Friend; but before we proceed any further with the Captain, we will return to poor Amelia, for whom, considering the Situation in which we left her, the good-natured Reader may be, perhaps, in no fmall Degree follicitous.

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CHAP. III.

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Containing some extraordinary Behaviour in Mrs. Ellison.

THE Serjeant being departed to convey Mrs. Ellison to the Captain, his Wife went to fetch Amelia's Children to their Mother.

Amelia's Concern for the Diftresses of her Husband was aggravated at the Sight of her Children. 'Good Heavens!' she cry'd, 'what will, what can become of these poor little Wretches! Why have I produced these little Creatures only to give them a Share of Poverty and Misery!' At which Words she embraced them eagerly in her Arms, and bedew'd them both with her Tears.

The Childrens Eyes soon overflowed as fast as their Mother's, tho' neither of them knew the Cause of her Affliction. The little Boy, who was the elder, and much the sharper of the two, imputed the Agonies of his Mother to her Illness, according to the Account brought to his Father in his Presence.

When

When Amelia became acquainted with the Child's Apprehensions, she soon satisfied him that she was in a perfect State of Health; at which the little Thing express'd great Satisfaction, and said, he was glad she was well again.—Amelia told him she had not been in the least disordered.—Upon which the Innocent cry'd out, 'La! how can 'People tell such Fibs! A great tall 'Man told my Papa you was taken very 'ill at Mrs. Somebody's Shop; and my 'poor Papa presently ran down Stairs, I was afraid he would have broke his 'Neck to come to you.'

- O the Villains,' cries Mrs. Atkinson, what a Stratagem was here to take away your Husband!'
- 'Take away!' answered the Child—'What hath any Body taken away Papa?'—Sure that naughty fibbing Man hath 'not taken away Papa?'

Amelia begged Mrs. Atkinson to say something to her Children; for that her Spirits were over-powered. She then threw herself into a Chair, and gave a full Vent Vol. III.

to a Passion almost too strong for her delicate Constitution.

The Scene that followed, during some Minutes, is beyond my Power of Description: I must beg the Readers Hearts to suggest it to themselves. The Children hung on their Mother, whom they endeavour'd in vain to comfort; as Mrs. Atkinson did in vain attempt to pacify them, telling them, all would be well, and they would soon see their Papa again.

At length, partly by the Persuasions of Mrs. Atkinson, partly from Consideration of her little ones, and more, perhaps, from the Relief which she had acquired by her Tears, Amelia became a little composed.

Nothing worth Notice past in this miferable Company from this Time till the Return of Mrs. Ellifon from the Bailist's House; and to draw out Scenes of Wretchedness to too great a Length is a Task very uneasy to the Writer, and for which none but Readers of a most gloomy Complexion will think themselves ever obliged to his Labours.

At length, Mrs. Ellison arrived, and entered the Room with an Air of Gaiety, rather misbecoming the Occasion. When she had feated herfelf in a Chair, fhe told Amelia that the Captain was very well, and in good Spirits; and that he earnestly desired her to keep up hers. 'Come, Madam,' faid she, 'don't be disconsolate; I hope we fhall foon be able to get him out of his 'Troubles. The Debts, indeed, amount to more than I expected; however, Ways may be found to redeem him. He must. own himself guilty of some Rashness in going out of the Verge, when he knew to what he was liable; but that is now onot to be remedied. If he had followed ' my Advice, this had not happened; but ' Men will be head-strong.'

'I cannot bear this,' cries Amelia; ' shall I hear that best of Creatures blamed for his Tenderness to me?

'Well, I will not blame him,' answered Mrs. Ellison, 'I am fure I propose nothing but to serve him: And if you will do as much to serve him yourself, he will ' not long be a Prisoner.'

'I do!' cries Amelia; 'Oh Heavens! is there a Thing upon Earth'—

'Yes, there is a Thing upon Earth,' faid Mrs. Ellison, 'and a very easy Thing too.

- And yet I will venture my Life, you ftart when I propose it. And yet when I consider that you are aWoman of Understanding, I know not why I should think so; for sure you must have too much good Sense to imagine that you can cry your Husband out of Prison. If this would have done, I see you have almost cried your Eyes out already. And yet you may do the Business by a much pleasanter Way

than by crying and bawling.

"What do you mean, Madam,!' cries Amelia.—' For my Part I cannot guess your Meaning.'

Before I tell you then, Madam, anfwered Mrs. Ellison, I must inform you,
if you do not already know it, that the
Captain is charged with Actions to the
Amount of near 500 l. I am sure I
would willingly be his Bail; but I know
my Bail would not be taken for that
Sum. You must consider, therefore,
Ma-

· Madam, what Chance you have of re-

deeming him; unless you chuse, as per-

haps some Wives would, that he should

" lie all his Life in Prison."

At these Words, Amelia discharged a Shower of Tears, and gave every Mark of the most frantic Grief.

Why there now, cries Mrs. Ellifon; while you will indulge these extravagant Passions, how can you be capable of listening to the Voice of Reason. I know I am a Fool in concerning myself thus with the Affairs of others. I know the thankles Office I undertake; and yet I love you so, my dear Mrs. Booth, that I cannot bear to see you afflicted, and I would comfort you, if you would suffer me. Let me beg you to make your Mind easy; and within these two Days, I will engage to set your Husband at Liberty.

'Harkee, Child, only behave like a 'Woman of Spirit this Evening, and keep your Appointment, notwithstanding what hath happened; and I am convinced there is one, who hath the Power and the Will to serve you.'

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Mrs. Ellison spoke the latter Part of her Speech in a Whisper; so that Mrs. Atkinson, who was then engaged with the Children, might not hear her; but Amelia answered aloud, and said, 'What Appointment would you have me keep this 'Evening?'

- Nay, nay, if you have forgot,' cries Mrs. Ellifon, 'I will tell you more another time; but come, will you go home? my Dinner is ready by this Time, and you fhall dine with me.'
- Talk not to me of Dinners,' cries Amelia. My Stomach is too full already.'
- Nay, but, dear Madam,' answered Mrs. Ellison,—' let me beseech you to go home with me. I do not care,' says she, whispering, 'to speak before some 'Folks.'
- "I have no Secret, Madam, in the World,' reply'd Amelia aloud, 'which I would not communicate to this Lady:
- · For I shall always acknowledge the high-

eft Obligations to her for the Secrets she hath imparted to me.

'Madam,' said Mrs. Ellison, 'I do not interfere with Obligations. I am glad the Lady hath obliged you so much; and I wish all People were equalify mindful of Obligations. I hope I have omitted no Opportunity of endeavouring to oblige Mrs. Booth, as well as I have some other Folks.'

- If by other Folks, Madam, you mean me, cries Mrs. Atkinson, I confess, I sincerely believe you intended the same Obligation to us both: and I have the Pleasure to think it is owing to me that this Lady is not as much obliged to you as I am.
- 'I protest, Madam, I can hardly guess your Meaning,' faid Mrs. Ellison.—'Do you really intend to affront me, Madam?'
- 'I intend to preserve Innocence and Virtue, if it be in my Power, Madam,' answered the other. 'And sure nothing but the most eager Resolution to destroy G 4

' it, could induce you to mention such an 'Appointment at such a Time.'

- 'I did not expect this Treatment from you, Madam,' cries Mrs. Ellison: 'Such Ingratitude I could not have believed, had it been reported to me by any other.'
- 'Such Impudence,' answered Mrs. Atkinson, 'must exceed, I think, all Belief; 'but when Women once abandon that 'Modesty which is the Characteristic of 'their Sex, they seldom set any Bounds to

their Affurance.

- 'I could not have believed this to have been in Human Nature;' cries Mrs. Ellison. 'Is this the Woman whom I have fed, have cloathed, have supported? Who owes to my Charity, and my Intercessions, that she is not at this Day destitute of all the Necessaries of Life!'
- I own it all, answered Mrs. Atkinson.

 And I add the Favour of a Masquerade Ticket to the Number. Could I have thought, Madam, that you would, before my Face, have asked another Lady to go to the same Place with the same Man!

' Man!-But I ask your Pardon, I impute

rather more Affurance to you than you

are Mistress of-You have endeavoured

to keep the Affignation a Secret from

' me; and it was by mere Accident only

that I discovered it; unless there are

fome Guardian Angels, that in general " protect Innocence and Virtue, tho' I may

' fay I have not always found them for

" watchful."

- ' Indeed, Madam,' faid Mrs. Ellison, " you are not worth my Answer, nor will "I stay a Moment longer with such a Person.—So, Mrs. Booth, you have your "Choice, Madam, whether you will go with me, or remain in the Company of this Lady.'
- ' If fo, Madam,' answered Mrs. Booth, ' I shall not be long in determining to stay where I am.'

Mrs. Ellison then casting a Look of great Indignation at both the Ladies, made a short Speech full of Invectives against Mrs. Atkinson, and not without oblique Hints of Ingratitude against poor Amelia; after which she burst out of the Room, and out of the House; and made Haste to her own Home, in a Condition

of Mind, to which Fortune without Guilt cannot, I believe, reduce any one.

Indeed, how much the Superiority of Mifery is on the Side of Wickedness, may appear to every Reader who will compare the present Situation of Amelia, with that of Mrs. Ellison. Fortune had attack'd the former with almost the highest Degree of her Malice. She was involved in a Scene of most exquisite Distress; and her Husband, her principal Comfort, torn violently from her Arms; yet her Sorrow, however exquisite, was all soft and tender; nor was she without many Confolations. Her Case, however hard, was not absolutely desperate; for scarce any Condition of Fortune can be fo. Art and Industry, Chance and Friends have often relieved the most distrest Circumstances, and converted them into Opulence. In all these she had Hopes on this Side the Grave, and perfect Virtue and Innocence gave her the strongest Affurances on the other. Whereas in the Bosom of Mrs. Ellison all was Storm and Tempest; Anger, Revenge, Fear, and Pride, like so many raging Furies, possessed her Mind, and tortured her with Disappointment and Shame. Lofs of Reputation, which is generally irreparable, was

to be her Lot; Loss of Friends is of this the certain Confequence; all on this Side the Grave appeared dreary and comfortless; and eternal Mifery on the other, closed the gloomy Prospect.

Hence, my worthy Reader, confole thyfelf, that however few of the other good Things of Life are thy Lot; the best of all Things, which is Innocence, is always within thy own Power; and tho Fortune may make thee often unhappy, the can never make thee completely and irreparably miferable without thy own Confent.

CHAP. IV.

Containing, among many Matters, the exemplary Behaviour of Colonel James.

WHEN Mrs. Ellison was departed, Mrs. Atkinson began to apply all her Art to soothe and comfort Amelia; but was presently prevented by her: 'I ' am ashamed, dear Madam,' said Amelia, of having indulged my Affliction fo much at your Expence. The Sudden-ness of the Occasion is my only Excuse; for had I had Time to fummon my · Refolu-

Resolution to my Affistance, I hope I am Mistress of more Patience than you have hitherto feen me exert. I know, ' Madam, in my unwarrantable Excesses, I have been guilty of many Transgressions. First, against that Divine Will and · Pleasure, without whose Permission at · least, no Human Accident can happen; in the next Place, Madam, if any ' thing can aggravate fuch a Fault, I ' have transgressed the Laws of Friend-' ship, as well as Decency, in throwing ' upon you some Part of the Load of my Grief; and again I have sinned against · Common Sense, which should teach me, ' instead of weakly and heavily lamenting my Misfortunes, to rouse all my · Spirits to remove them. In this Light I am shocked at my own Folly, and am resolved to leave my Children under your Care, and go directly to my Huf-

band. I may comfort him. I may

affift him. I may relieve him. There is

' nothing now too difficult for me to

undertake.

Mrs. Atkinson greatly approved and complimented her Friend on all the former Part of her Speech, except what related to herfelf, on which she spoke very civilly,

but as to her Determination of going to her Husband, she endeavoured to dissuade her, at least she begged her to defer it for the present, and till the Serjeant returned home. She then reminded Amelia that it was now past Five in the Asternoon, and that she had not taken any Refreshment but a Dish of Tea the whole Day, and desired she would give her Leave to procure her a Chick, or any thing she liked better for her Dinner.

Amelia thanked her Friend, and said, she would sit down with her to whatever she pleased; 'but if I do not eat,' said she, 'I would not have you impute it to any 'thing but want of Appetite: For I 'assure you all things are equally indifferent to me. I am more solicitous 'about these poor little Things, who 'have not been used to fast so long. 'Heaven knows what may hereaster be their Fate.

Mrs. Atkinson bid her hope the best, and then recommended the Children to the Care of her Maid.

And now arrived a Servant from Mrs. James, with an Invitation to Capt. Booth and his Lady, to dine with the Colonel the Day after the next. This a little perplexed Amelia; but after a short Consideration she dispatched an Answer to Mrs. James, in which she concisely informed her of what had happened.

The honest Serjeant, who had been on his Legs almost the whole Day, now returned, and brought Amelia a short Letter from her Husband; in which he gave her the most solemn Assurances of his Health and Spirits, and begged her with great Earnestness to take Care to preserve her own; which if she did, he said he had no doubt but that they should shortly be happy. He added something of Hopes from my Lord, with which Mrs. Ellison had amused him; and which served only to destroy the Comfort that Amelia received from the rest of his Letter.

Whilst Amelia, the Serjeant and his Lady were engaged in a cold Collation, for which Purpose a cold Chicken was procured from the Tavern for the Ladies, and two Pound of cold Beef for the Serjeant;

jeant; a violent knocking was heard at the Door, and prefently afterwards Colonel James entered the Room. After proper Compliments had past, the Colonel told Amelia, that her Letter was brought to Mrs. James while they were at Table, and that on her shewing it him, he had immediately rose up, made an Apology to his Company, and took a Chair to her. He spoke to her with great Tenderness on the Occasion, and defired her to make herself easy; assuring her, that he would leave nothing in his Power undone to ferve her Hufband. He then gave her an Invitation, in his Wife's Name, to his own House, in the most pressing Manner.

Amelia returned him very hearty Thanks for all his kind Offers; but begged to decline that of an Apartment in his House. She said, as she could not leave her Children, so neither could she think of bringing such a Trouble with her into his Family; and tho the Colonel gave her many Assurances that her Children as well as herself would be very welcome to Mrs. James, and even betook himself to Entreaties, she still persisted obstinately in her Refusal,

In real Truth, Amelia had taken a vast Affection for Mrs. Atkinson, of the Comfort of whose Company she could not bear to be deprived in her Distress; nor to exchange it for that of Mrs. James, to whom she had lately conceived no little Dislike.

The Colonel, when he found he could not prevail with Amelia to accept his Invitation, defifted from any further Solicitasions. He then took a Bank-bill of fifty Pounds from his Pocket-Book, and faid,--- ' You will pardon me, dear Madam, if I chuse to impute your Refusal of my House, rather to a Dislike of my Wise, who I will not pretend to be the most agreeable of Women, (all ' Men,' faid he fighing, ' have not Captain ' Booth's Fortune) than to any Aversion or Anger to me. I must insist upon ' it therefore, to make your prefent · Habitation as eafy to you as possible.---I hope, Madam, you will not deny me this Happiness; I beg you will honour me with the Acceptance of this Trifle. ' He then put the Note into her Hand, and declared that the Honour of touching ing it was worth a hundred times that Sum.

'I protest, Colonel James,' cried Amelia blushing, 'I know not what to do or fay, your Goodness so greatly confounds me. Can I, who am so well acquainted with the many great Obligations Mr. Booth already hath to your Generosity, consent that you should add more to a Debt we never can pay?——

The Colonel stopt her short, protesting that she misplaced the Obligation: For that if to confer the highest Happiness was to oblige, he was obliged to her Acceptance. 'And I do assure you, Madam,' faid he, 'if this trisling Sum, or a much 'larger, can contribute to your Ease, I 'shall consider myself as the happiest 'Man upon Earth, in being able to supply 'it; and you, Madam, my greatest Beinefactor in receiving it.'

Amelia then put the Note in her Pocket; and they entered into a Conversation, in which many civil Things were said on both Sides; but what was chiefly worth Remark, was that Amelia had almost her Husband constantly in her Mouth, and

the Colonel never mentioned him: the former feemed defirous to lay all Obligations, as much as possible, to the Account of her Husband; and the latter endeavoured with the utmost Delicacy to insinuate that her Happiness was the main, and indeed only Point which he had in View.

Amelia had made no Doubt, at the Colonel's first Appearance, but that he intended to go directly to her Husband. When he dropt therefore a Hint of his Intention to visit him next Morning, she appeared visibly shocked at the Delay. The Colonel perceiving this, faid, ' However inconvenient it may be; yet, Madam, if it will oblige you, or if you defire it, I ' will even go To-night.' Amelia anfwered, 'My Husband would be far from defiring to derive any Good from your Inconvenience; but if you put it to me, I must be excused for faying, I defire nothing more in the World than to fend him so great a Comfort as I know he will receive from the Presence of fuch a Friend.' Then to shew you, " Madam,' cries the Colonel, " that I de-· fire nothing more in the World than to

give you Pleasure, I will go to him immediately.

Amelia then bethought herself of the Serjeant, and told the Colonel, his old Acquaintance Atkinson whom he had known at Gibraltar, was then in the House, and would conduct him to the Place. The Serjeant was immediately called in, paid his Respects to the Colonel, and was acknowledged by him. They both immediately set forward, Amelia to the utmost of her Power pressing their Departure.

Mrs. Atkinson now returned to Amelia, and was by her acquainted with the Colonel's late Generosity: For her Heart so boiled over with Gratitude, that she could not conceal the Ebullition. Amelia likewise gave her Friend a full Narrative of the Colonel's former Behaviour and Friendship to her Husband, as well Abroad as in England; and ended with declaring, that she believed him to be the most generous Man upon Earth.

Mrs. Atkinson agreed with Amelia's Conclusion, and said she was glad to hear there was any such Man. They then proceeded

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Table, where Panegyric, and not Scandal, was the Topic of their Conversation; and of this Panegyric the Colonel was the Subject; both the Ladies seeming to vie with each other in celebrating the Praises of his Goodness.

CHAP. V.

Comments upon Authors.

HAVING left Amelia in as comfortable a Situation as could possibly be expected, her immediate Distresses relieved, and her Heart filled with great Hopes from the Friendship of the Colonel; we will now return to Booth, who when the Attorney and Serjeant had left him, received a Visit from that great Author of whom honourable Mention is made in our second Chapter.

Booth, as the Reader may be pleased to remember, was a pretty good Master of the Classics: For his Father, tho' he designed his Son for the Army, did not think it necessary to breed him up a Blockhead. He did not perhaps imagine that a competent Share of Latin and Greek would

would make his Son either a Pedant or a Coward. He confidered likewife, probably, that the Life of a Soldier is in general a Life of Idleness, and might think that the spare Hours of an Officer in Country Quarters would be as well employed with a Book, as in fauntring about the Streets, loitering in a Coffee House, sotting in a Tavern, or in laying Schemes to debauch and ruin a Set of harmless ignorant Country Girls.

As Booth was therefore what might well be called, in this Age at least, a Man of Learning, he began to discourse our Author on Subjects of Literature. ' think, Sir,' fays he, ' that Doctor Swift hath been generally allowed by the ' Critics in this Kingdom, to be the greatest Master of Humour that ever wrote. Indeed, I allow him to have ' possessed most admirable Talents of this 'Kind; and if Rabelais was his Master, ' I think he proves the Truth of the com-'mon Greek Proverb --- That the Scholar ' is often superior to the Master. As to ' Cervantes, I do not think we can make any just Comparison; for the Mr. Pope " compliments him with fometimes taking " Cervantes

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- " Cervantes' ferious Air.' I remember
- ' the Passage,' cries the Author.
- Ob thou, whatever Title please thy Ear,
- Dean, Drapier, Bickerstaff or Gulliver;
- Whether you take Cervantes' ferious Air,
- ' Or laugh and shake in Rabelais' easy Chair.
- ' You are right, Sir,' faid Booth; ' but
- ' tho' I should agree that the Doctor hath
- ' fometimes condescended to imitate Ra-
- belais. I do not remember to have feen
- in his Works the least Attempt in the
- ' Manner of Cervantes. But there is one
- ' in his own Way, and whom I am con-
- vinced he studied above all others-
- ' You guess, I believe, I am going to
- ' name Lucian. This Author, I fay, I
- am convinced he followed; but I think
- ' he followed him at a Distance; as, to say
- the Truth, every other Writer of this
- Kind hath done in my Opinion: For
- ' none, I think, hath yet equalled him.
- ' I agree, indeed, entirely with Mr. Moyle
- ' in his Discourse on the Age of the Phi-
- ' lopatris, when he gives him the Epi-
- ' thet of the incomparable Lucian; and
- ' incomparable I believe he will remain
- ' as long as the Language in which he
- wrote shall endure. What an inimita-

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ble Piece of Humour is his Cack.'-I remember it very well,' cries the Author, ' his Story of a Cock and a Bull is excellent.' Booth stared at this, and asked the Author what he meant by the Bull? 'Nay,' answered he, 'I don't know very well upon my Soul. It is a long time fince I read him. I learnt him all over at School, I have not read him ' much fince. And pray, Sir,' faid he, ' how do you like his Pharfalia? Don't ' you think Mr. Rowe's Translation a very ' fine one?' Booth replied, 'I believe we ' are talking of different Authors. The Pharfalia which Mr. Rowe translated ' was written by Lucan; but I have been ' speaking of Lucian, a Greek Writer, and ' in my Opinion the greatest in the Hu-' morous Way, that ever the World pro-' duced.' ' Ay!' cries the Author, ' he was indeed fo, a very excellent Writer ' indeed. I fancy a Translation of him ' would fell very well.' ' I do not know, ' indeed,' cries Booth, ' A good Trans-' lation of him would be a valuable Book. ' I have feen a wretched one published by 'Mr. Dryden, but translated by others, who in many Places have mifunderstood Lucian's Meaning, and have no where preserved the Spirit of the Original.' That

AMELIA. Book VIII.

That is great Pity,' fays the Author. Pray, Sir, is he well translated into " French?' Booth answered, he could not tell; but that he doubted it very much, having never feen a good Version into that Language, out of the Greek. To confess the Truth, I believe,' faid he, the French Translators have generally confulted the Latin only; which, in some of the few Greek Writers I have read. is intolerably bad. And as the English Translators, for the most Part, pursue the French, we may eafily guess, what Spirit those Copies of bad Copies of bad Copies must preserve of the Original. tion I will restrict any i

Egad, you are a shrewd Guesser,' cries the Author, 'I am glad the Bookfellers have not your Sagacity. But
how should it be otherwise, considering
the Price they pay by the Sheet? The
Greek, you will allow, is a hard Language; and there are sew Gentlemen
that write, who can read it without a
good Lexicon. Now, Sir, if we were
to afford Time to find out the true
Meaning of Words, a Gentleman would
not get Bread and Cheese by his Work.
If one was to be paid, indeed, as Mr.

- · Pope was for his Homer. Pray, Sir,
- don't you think That the best Translation
- ' in the World?'
- ' Indeed, Sir,' cries Booth, ' I think,
- tho' it is certainly a noble Paraphrase,
- and of itself a fine Poem, yet, in some
- Places, it is no Translation at all. In the
- very Beginning, for Instance, he hath
- onot rendered the true Force of the Au-
- thor. Homer invokes his Muse in the
- ' five first Lines of the Iliad; and, at the
- End of the fifth, he gives his Reason.

Δίος δ' ετελείετο βελή.

- ' For all these Things,' says he, ' were
- ' brought about by the Decree of Jupiter;
- and, therefore, he supposes their true
- ' Sources are known only to the Deities.
- ' Now, the Translation takes no more
- ' Notice of the AE, than if no fuch Word
- ' had been there.'
- Very possibly,' answered the Author;
- ' it is a long Time since I read the Origi-' nal. Perhaps, then, he followed the
- ' French Translations. I observe, indeed,
- he talks much in the Notes of Madam
- Dacier and Monsieur Eustathius.

VOL. III. Booth Booth had now received Conviction enough of his Friend's Knowledge of the Greek Language; without attempting, therefore, to fet him right, he made a fudden Transition to the Latin. 'Pray,

- ' Sir,' faid he, ' as you have mentioned
- · Rowe's Translation of the Pharsalia;
- do you remember, how he hath ren-
- ' dered that Passage in the Character of
- · Cato?

--- Venerisque buic maximus Usus Progenies; urbi Pater est, urbique Maritus.

- 'For I apprehend that Passage is generally imfunderstood.'
- 'I really do not remember,' answered the Author.--- 'Pray, Sir, what do you take to be the Meaning?'
- I apprehend, Sir,' replied Booth, that, by these Words, Urbi Pater est, Urbique Maritus, Cato is represented as the Father and Husband to the City of
- Rome.'
- Very true, Sir,' cries the Author, very fine, indeed.---Not only the Father

ther of his Country, but the Husband too; very noble, truly.

'Pardon me, Sir,' cries Booth, 'I do not conceive that to have been Lucan's

Meaning. If you please to observe the

Context: Lucan having commended the

'Temperance of Cato, in the Instances of Diet and Clothes, proceeds to venereal

'Pleasures; of which, says the Poet, his

principal Use was Procreation: Then

' he adds, Urbi Pater est, Urbique Maritus,

'That he became a Father and a Huf-

' band, for the Sake only of the City.'

the Author, 'I did not think of it. It is much finer than the other.---Urbis

' Pater est---what is the other?---ay---

" Urbis Maritus .-- It is certainly as you

' fay, Sir.'

Booth was, by this, pretty well fatisfied of the Author's profound Learning; however, he was willing to try him a little further. He asked him, therefore, what was his Opinion of Lucan in general, and in what Class of Writers he ranked him.

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The

The Author stared a little at this Question; and after some Hesitation, answered, Certainly, Sir, I think he is a fine Writer, and a very great Poet.

- I am very much of the same Opinion, cries Booth; but where do you class him,
- next to what Poet do you place him?
- Let me see, cries the Author, where do I class him! next to whom do I place him!---Ay!---why!---why, pray, where do you yourself place him?
- Why, furely, cries Booth, if he is not to be placed in the first Rank, with Homer, and Virgil, and Milton--- I think
- clearly, he is at the Head of the second; before either Statius, or Silius Italicus.--
- 'Tho' I allow to each of these their Me-
- rits; but, perhaps, an Epic Poem was
- beyond the Genius of either. I own I
- have often thought, if Statius had ventured no farther than Ovid or Claudian,
- he would have succeeded better: For
- his Sylva are, in my Opinion, much

better than his Thebais.'

- 'I believe I was of the fame Opinion formerly,' faid the Author.
- And for what Reason have you altered it ?' cries Booth.
- I have not altered it,' answered the Author; 'but, to tell you the Truth, I have not any Opinion at all about these ' Matters at present. I do not trouble my ' Head much with Poetry: For there is ono Encouragement to fuch Studies in this Age. It is true, indeed, I have onow and then wrote a Poem or two for the Magazines; but I never intend to write any more: For a Gentleman is not ' paid for his Time. A Sheet is a Sheet with the Bookfellers; and, whether it be in Profe or Verse, they make no Difference; ' tho' certainly there is as much Difference ' to a Gentleman in the Work, as there is to ' a Taylor, between making a plain and a laced Suit. Rhimes are difficult Things; they are stubborn Things, Sir. I have been fometimes longer in tagging a 'Couplet, than I have been in writing a ' Speech on the Side of the Opposition, which hath been read with great Ap-' plause all over the Kingdom.' · I am H 3

· I am glad you are pleased to confirm that,' cries Booth : ' For I protest, it was an entire Secret to me till this Day.

· I was so perfectly ignorant, that I thought

the Speeches, published in the Maga-

' zines, were really made by the Mem-

bers themselves.

' Some of them, and I believe I may, without Vanity, fay, the best,' cries the Author, ' are all the Production of my own Pen; but, I believe, I shall leave it off foon, unless a Sheet of Speech will fetch more than it does at present. In · Truth, the Romance Writing is the only Branch of our Business now, that ' is worth following. Goods of that Sort have had fo much Success lately in the Market, that a Bookfeller scarce cares what he bids for them. And it is certainly the easiest Work in the World; you may write it almost as fast as you can set Pen to Paper; and if you inter-· lard it with a little Scandal, a little · Abuse on some living Characters of Note, you cannot fail of Success.'

'Upon my Word, Sir,' cries Booth, you have greatly instructed me. I could a not

not have imagined, there had been fo much Regularity in the Trade of Writing, as you are pleased to mention; by what I can perceive, the Pen and Ink is likely to become the Staple Commodity of the Kingdom.

'Alas! Sir,' answered the Author, it is over-stocked -- The Market is over-stocked. There is no Encouragement to Merit, no Patrons. I have been these five Years soliciting a Subscription for my new Translation of Ovid's Metamor-phoses, with Notes explanatory, historical, and critical; and I have scarce collected five hundred Names yet.'

The Mention of this Translation a little furprised Booth; not only as the Author had just declared his Intentions to forsake the tuneful Muses; but for some other Reasons, which he had collected from his Conversation with our Author, he little expected to hear of a Proposal to translate any of the Latin Poets. He proceeded, therefore, to catechise him a little farther; and by his Answers was fully satisfied, that he had the very same Acquaintance with Ovid, that he had appeared to have with Lucan.

The

The Author then pulled out a Bundle of Papers, containing Proposals for his Subscription, and Receipts; and addressing himself to Booth, said, 'Tho' the Place in which we meet, Sir, is an improper Place to solicit Favours of this Kind; yet, perhaps, it may be in your Power to serve me, if you will charge your Pockets with some of these.' Booth was just offering at an Excuse, when the Bailist introduced Colonel James, and the Serjeant.

The unexpected Visit of a beloved Friend to a Man in Affliction, especially in Mr. Booth's Situation, is a Comfort which can scarce be equalled; not barely from the Hopes of Relief, or Redress, by his Affistance; but, as it is an Evidence of sincere Friendship, which scarce admits of any Doubt or Suspicion. Such an Instance doth, indeed, make a Man amends for all ordinary Troubles and Distresses; and we ought to think ourselves Gainers, by having had such an Opportunity of discovering, that we are possessed of one of the most valuable of all human Possessions.

Booth was so transported at the Sight of the Colonel, that he dropt the Proposals which the Author had put into his Hand, and burst forth into the highest Professions of Gratitude to his Friend, who behaved very properly on his Side, and said every Thing which became the Mouth of a Friend on the Occasion.

It is true, indeed, he seemed not moved equally, either with Booth or the Serjeant; both whose Eyes watered at the Scene. In Truth, the Colonel, tho' a very generous Man, had not the least Grain of Tenderness in his Disposition. His Mind was formed of those firm Materials, of which Nature formerly hammered out the Stoic, and upon which the Sorrows of no Man living could make an Impression. A Man of this Temper, who doth not much value Danger, will fight for the Person he calls his Friend; and the Man that hath but little Value for his Money will give it him; but fuch Friendship is never to be absolutely depended on: For whenever the favourite Paffion interpofes with it, it is fure to subside and vanish into Air. Whereas, the Man, whose tender Disposition really feels the Miseries of H 5 another.

another, will endeavour to relieve them for his own Sake; and, in fuch a Mind, Friendship will often get the Superiority over every other Passion.

But from whatever Motive it sprung, the Colonel's Behaviour to Booth seemed truly amiable; and so it appeared to the Author, who took the first Occasion to applaud it in a very storid Oration; which the Reader, when he recollects that he was a Speech-maker by Profession, will not be surprised at; nor, perhaps, will be much more surprised, that he soon after took an Occasion of clapping a Proposal into the Colonel's Hands; holding at the same Time a Receipt very visible in his own.

The Colonel received both, and gave the Author a Guinea in Exchange, which was double the Sum mentioned in the Receipt; for which the Author made a low Bow, and very politely took his Leave, faying, 'I suppose, Gentlemen, you may have some private Business together; I

heartily wish a speedy End to your Confinement; and I congratulate you on the

possessing so great, so noble, and so ge-

· nerous a Friend.

CHAP. VI.

Which inclines rather to Satir than Panegyric.

THE Colonel had the Curiofity to ask Booth the Name of the Gentleman, who, in the vulgar Language, had struck, or taken him in for a Guinea, with fo much Ease and Dexterity. Booth anfwered, he did not know his Name; all that he knew of him was, that he was the most impudent and illiterate Fellow he had ever feen; and that, by his own Account, he was the Author of most of the wonderful Productions of the Age. 'Per-' haps,' faid he, ' it may look uncharitable in me, to blame you for your Ge-' nerosity; but I am convinced the Fellow hath not the least Merit or Capacity; and you have subscribed to the most ' horrid Trash that ever was published.'

'I care not a Farthing what he publishes,' cries the Colonel. 'Heaven forbid, I should be obliged to read half the Nonsense I have subscribed to.' But, don't you think,' said Booth, that by such indiscriminate Encouragement of Authors, you do a real Mischief to the Society? By propagating the Subscriptions of such Fellows, People are tired out, and with-hold their Contributions to Men of real Merit; and, at the same Time, you are contributing to fill the World, not only with Nonsense, but with all the Scurrility, Indecency, and Profaneness with which the Age abounds; and with which all bad Writers supply the Desect of Genius.'

Pugh!' cries the Colonel, 'I never confider these Matters. Good or bad, it is all one to me; but I have an Acquaintance of mine, and a Man of great Wit too, that thinks the worst the best, as they are the surest to make him laugh.'

'I ask Pardon, Sir,' says the Serjeant;
but I wish your Honour would consider
your own Affairs a little; for it grows
late in the Evening.'

'The Serjeant fays true,' answered the Colonel. What is it you intend to · do ?"

Faith, Colonel, I know not what I fhall do. My Affairs feem fo irreparable, that I have been driving them, as much as poffibly I could from my Mind. If I was to fuffer alone, I think, I could bear them with fome Philosophy; but when I consider who are to be the Sharers in my Fortune --- the dearest of Children; and the best, the worthiest, and the nobleft of Women. Pardon me, my dear Friend, thefe Senfations are ' above me, they convert me into a Wo-'man; they drive me to Despair, to Madness.'

The Colonel advised him to command himself; and told him, this was not the Way to retrieve his Fortune. 'As to me, 'my dear Booth,' faid he, 'you know, you may command me as far as is really ' within my Power.'

Booth answered eagerly, that he was so far from expecting any more Favours from the Colonel, that he had refolved not to let let him know any Thing of his Misfortune. 'No, my dear Friend,' cries he, 'I am too much obliged to you already;' and then burst into many fervent Expressions of Gratitude; till the Colonel himself stopt him, and begged him to give an Account of the Debt or Debts, for which he was detained in that horrid Place.

Booth answered, he could not be very exact; but he feared it was upwards of four hundred Pounds.

'It is but three hundred Pounds, in-'deed, Sir,' cries the Serjeant; 'if you

can raise three hundred Pounds, you

are a free Man this Moment.'

Booth, who did not apprehend the generous Meaning of the Serjeant, as well as, I believe, the Reader will, answered, he was mistaken; that he had computed his Debts, and they amounted to upwards of four hundred Pounds: Nay, that the Bailiff had shewn him Writs for above that Sum.

'Whether your Debts are three or four hundred,' cries the Colonel, 'the prefent Business is to give Bail only; and then

then you will have some time to try your Friends. I think you might get a Company abroad; and then I would advance the Money on the Security of half your Pay: And, in the mean Time, I will be one of your Bail with all my Heart.

Whilst Booth poured forth his Gratitude for all this Kindness, the Serjeant ran down Stairs for the Bailiff; and shortly after returned with him into the Room.

The Bailiff, being informed that the Colonel offered to be Bail for his Prisoner, answered a little furlily, 'Well, Sir, and who will be the other? You know, I suppose, there must be two; and I must have Time to enquire after them.'

The Colonel replied, 'I believe, Sir, I am well known to be responsible for a much larger Sum than your Demand on this Gentleman; but if your Forms require two, I suppose the Serjeant here will do for the other.'

'I don't know the Serjeant, nor you 'either, Sir,' cries Bondum; 'and if you 'propose yourselves Bail for the Gentle-

' man, I must have Time to enquire after vou.

- ' You need very little Time to enquire after me,' says the Colonel; for I can
- ' fend for feveral of the Law, whom I
- ' fuppose you know, to satisfy you; ' but ' confider it is very late.'
- ' Yes, Sir," answered Bondum, ' I do consider it is too late for the Captain to be bailed To-night.'
- What do you mean by too late?" cries the Colonel.
- ' I mean, Sir, that I must search the ' Office, and that is now shut up: For ' if my Lord Mayor and the Court of Aldermen would be bound for him, I
- would not discharge him, till I had
- · fearched the Office.
- ' How, Sir,' cries the Colonel, ' hath the Law of England no more Regard
- for the Liberty of the Subject, than to
- ' fuffer fuch Fellows as you to detain a
- Man in Custody for Debt, when he can
- give undeniable Security?"

- Don't Fellow me, faid the Bailiff, I am as good a Fellow as yourself, I believe, tho' you have that Ribbond in vour Hat there."
- ' Do you know who you are fpeaking to?' faid the Serjeant. 'Do you know you are talking to a Colonel of the 'Army?'
- 'What's a Colonel of the Army to me!'—cries the Bailiff. 'I have had as good as he in my Custody before now.
- ' And a Member of Parliament'. cries the Serjeant.
- ' Is the Gentleman a Member of Par-' liament? - Well, and what Harm ' have I faid—I am fure I meant no ' Harm, and if his Honour is offended, ' I ask his Pardon; to be fure his Honour must know that the Sheriff is answera-' ble for all the Writs in the Office, tho' ' they were never fo many, and I am an-' swerable to the Sheriff. I am sure the ' Captain can't fay that I have shewn him ' any Manner of Incivility fince he hath

been here. —And I hope, honourable

' Sir,' cries he turning to the Colonel,

you don't take any thing amiss that I faid, or meant by way of Difrespect, or

any fuch Matter. I did not, indeed, as

the Gentleman here fays, know who I was

fpeaking to; but I did not fay any thing uncivil as I know of, and I hope no

Offence.'

The Colonel was more eafily pacified than might have been expected, and told the Bailiff that if it was against the Rules of Law to discharge Mr. Booth that Evening, he must be contented. He then addressed himself to his Friend, and began to prescribe Comfort and Patience to him; faying he must rest satisfied with his Confinement that Night, and the next Morning he promifed to visit him again.

Booth answered, that as for himself, the lying one Night in any Place was very little worth his Regard. 'You and I, my dear Friend, have both spent our · Evening in a worse Situation than I fhall in this House. All my Concern is for my poor Amelia, whose Sufferings on Account of my Absence I know, and I feel with unspeakable Tenderness. · Could

- · Could I be affured she was tolerably
- eafy, I could be contented in Chains or

' in a Dungeon.'

' Give yourfelf no Concern on her Account,' faid the Colonel, ' I will wait

on her myself, tho' I break an Engage-

ment for that Purpose, and will give

her fuch Affurances as I am convinced

will make her perfectly eafy.

Booth embraced his Friend, and weeping over him paid his Acknowledgment with Tears, for all his Goodness. In Words, indeed, he was not able to thank him; for Gratitude joining with his other Paffions almost choaked him, and stopt his Utterance.

After a short Scene, in which nothing past worth recounting, the Colonel bid his Friend Good-Night; and leaving the Serjeant with him made the best of his Way back to Amelia.

CHAP. VII.

Worthy a very serious Perusal.

THE Colonel found Amelia sitting very disconsolate with Mrs. Atkinson. He entered the Room with an Air of great Gaiety, assured Amelia that her Husband was perfectly well, and that he hoped the next Day he would again be with her.

Amelia was a little comforted at this Account; and vented many grateful Expressions to the Colonel, for his unparallelled Friendship, as she was pleased to call it. She could not, however, help giving Way soon after to a Sigh, at the Thoughts of her Husband's Bondage, and declared that Night would be the longest she had ever known.

This Lady, Madam,' cries the Colonel, 'must endeavour to make it shorter. 'And if you will give me Leave, I will 'join in the same Endeavour.' Then after some more consolatory Speeches, the Colonel attempted to give a gay Turn to the Discourse; and said, 'I was engaged to have spent this Evening disagreeably at Ranelagh, with a Set of Company I

did

did not like. How vaftly am I obliged

to you, dear Mrs. Booth, that I pass it

' so infinitely more to my Satisfaction!'

'Indeed, Colonel,' faid Amelia, 'I am convinced that to a Mind fo rightly

turned as yours, there must be a much

' sweeter Relish in the highest Offices of

' Friendship, than in any Pleasures which

' the gayest public Places can afford.'

'Upon my Word, Madam,' said the Colonel, 'You now do me more than

' Justice. I have, and always had the

' utmost Indisference for such Pleasures.
' Indeed, I hardly allow them worthy of

that Name, or if they are so at all, it is

' in a very low Degree. In my Opinion,

' the highest Friendship must always lead

' us to the highest Pleasure.'

Here Amelia entered into a long Differtation on Friendship, in which she pointed several Times directly at the Colonel as the Hero of her Tale.

The Colonel highly applauded all her Sentiments; and when he could not avoid taking the Compliment to himself, he received it with a most respectful Bow.

He then tried his Hand likewise at Description, in which he found Means to repay all Amelia's Panegyric in Kind. This tho' he did with all possible Delicacy; yet a curious Observer might have been apt to suspect that it was chiefly on her Account that the Colonel had avoided the Masquerade.

In Discourses of this Kind they past the Evening, till it was very late, the Colonel never offering to stir from his Chair before the Clock had struck one; when he thought, perhaps, that Decency obliged him to take his Leave.

As foon as he was gone, Mrs. Atkinson faid to Mrs. Booth, I think, Madam, you told me this Afternoon, that the Colonel was married.

Amelia answered, she did so.

I think likewise, Madam,' said Mrs. Atkinson, 'you was acquainted with the 'Colonel's Lady.'

Amelia answered, that she had been extremely intimate with her Abroad. 'Is she young, and handsome,' faid Mrs. Atkinson, 'In short, pray, was it a 'Match of Love or Convenience?'

Amelia answered, entirely of Love, she believed, on his Side: For that the Lady had little or no Fortune.

I am very glad to hear it,' faid Mrs. Atkinson: 'For I am sure the Colonel is in Love with somebody. I think, I never saw a more luscious Picture of Love drawn than that which he was pleased to give us, as the Portraiture of Friendship. I have read, indeed, of Pylades and Orestes, Damon and Pythias, and other great Friends of old; nay, I sometimes flatter myself that I am capable of being a Friend myself; but as for that sine, soft, tender, delicate Passion, which he was pleased to describe, I am convinced there must go a He and a She to the Composition.'

'Upon my Word, my Dear, you are 'mistaken,' cries Amelia. 'If you had 'known the Friendship which hath al- ways subsisted between the Colonel and my Husband, you would not imagine 'it

' it possible for any Description to exceed

it. Nay, I think his Behaviour this

very Day is sufficient to convince you.'

I own what he hath done To-day

hath great Merit,' faid Mrs. Atkinson; and yet from what he hath faid To-night

You will pardon me, dear Madam;

· perhaps I am too quick-fighted in my

Observations, nay, I am afraid I am

even impertinent.

- ' Fie! upon it,' cries Amelia, ' how can you talk in that Strain? Do you ' imagine I expect Ceremony. - Pray
- ' speak what you think with the utmost

· Freedom.'

- ' Did he not then,' faid Mrs. Atkinson,
- repeat the Words, the finest Woman in
- the World, more than once? Did he not make use of an Expression which
- ' might have become the Mouth of Oreon-
- ' dates himself?——If I remember, the 'Words were these, " That had he been
- " Alexander the Great, he should have
- " thought it more Glory to have wiped
- " off a Tear from the bright Eyes of
- " Statira, than to have conquered Fifty

" Worlds."

Did he say so?' cries Amelia - 'I think he did fay fomething like it; but ' my Thoughts were fo full of my Husband that I took little Notice. But what would you infer from what he faid? I hope you don't think he is in Love " with me!"

' I hope he doth not think so himself," answered Mrs. Atkinson, ' tho' when he mentioned the bright Eyes of Statira, he fixed his own Eyes on yours with the ' most languishing Air I ever beheld.'

Amelia was going to answer, when the Serjeant arrived, and then she immediately fell to enquiring after her Husband; and received fuch fatisfactory Answers to all her many Questions concerning him, that she expressed great Pleasure. These Ideas so possessed her Mind, that without once casting her Thoughts on any other Matters, the took her Leave of the Serjeant and his Lady, and repaired to bed to her Children, in a Room which Mrs. Atkinson had provided her in the same House; where we will at present wish her a good Night.

VOL. III.

CHAP. VIII.

Confisting of grave Matters.

HILE Innocence and chearful Hope, in spite of the Malice of Fortune, closed the Eyes of the gentle Amelia, on her homely Bed, and she enjoyed a sweet and profound Sleep; the Colonel lay restless all Night on his Down: His Mind was affected with a kind of Ague Fit; sometimes scorched up with slaming Desires, and again chilled with the coldest Despair.

There is a Time, I think, according to one of our Poets, When Lust and Envy sleep. This, I suppose, is when they are well gorged with the Food they most delight in; but while either of these are hungry,

Nor Poppy, nor Mandragora Nor all the droufy Syrups of the East Will ever medicine them to Slumber.

The Colonel was, at present, unhappily tormented by both these Fiends. His last Evening's Conversation with Amelia had done

done his Business effectually. The many kind Words she had spoken to him, the many kind Looks she had given him, as being, she conceived, the Friend and Preferver of her Husband, had made an entire Conquest of his Heart. Thus, the very Love which she bore him, as the Person to whom her little Family were to owe their Preservation and Happiness, inspired him with Thoughts of finking them all in the lowest Abyss of Ruin and Misery; and while she smiled with all her Sweetness on the supposed Friend of her Husband, she was converting that Friend into his most bitter Enemy.

Friendship take beed, if Woman interfere, Be fure the Hour of thy Destruction's near.

These are the Lines of Vanbrugh; and the Sentiment is better than the Poetry. To fay the Truth, as a handsome Wife is the Cause and Cement of many false Friendships, she is often too liable to destroy the real ones.

Thus the Object of the Colonel's Lust very plainly appears; but the Object of his Envy may be more difficult to discover. Nature and Fortune had seemed to

strive with a kind of Rivalship, which should bestow most on the Colonel. The former had given him Person, Parts, and Constitution, in all which he was superior to almost every other Man. The latter had given him Rank in Life, and Riches, both in a very eminent Degree. Whom then should this happy Man envy? Here, lest Ambition should mislead the Reader to fearch the Palaces of the Great, we will direct him at once to Gray's-Inn-Lane; where in a miferable Bed, in a miferable Room, he will fee a miferable broken Lieutenant, in a miserable Condition, with several heavy Debts on his Back, and without a Penny in his Pocket. This, and no other, was the Object of the Colonel's Envy. And why? because this Wretch was possessed of the Affections of a poor little Lamb; which all the vaft Flocks that were within the Power and Reach of the Colonel, could not prevent that Glutton's longing for. And fure this Image of the Lamb is not improperly adduced on this Occasion: For what was the Colonel's Defire but to lead this poor Lamb, as it were, to the Slaughter, in order to purchase a Feast of a few Days by her final Destruction, and to tear her away from the Arms of one where she was fure of being

being fondled and caressed all the Days of her Life.

While the Colonel was agitated with these Thoughts, his greatest Comfort was, that Amelia and Booth were now separated, and his greatest Terror was of their coming again together. From Wishes therefore he began to meditate Designs; and so far was he from any Intention of procuring the Liberty of his Friend, that he began to form Schemes of prolonging his Consinement, till he could procure some Means of sending him away far from her; in which Case he doubted not but of succeeding in all he desired.

He was forming this Plan in his Mind, when a Servant informed him, that one Serjeant Atkinson desired to speak with his Honour. The Serjeant was immediately admitted, and acquainted the Colonel, that if he pleased to go and become Bail for Mr. Booth, another unexceptionable House-keeper would be there to join with him. This Person the Serjeant had procured that Morning, and had, by Leave of his Wise, given him a Bond of Indemnisication for the Purpose.

The

The Colonel did not feem fo elated with this News as Atkinson expected. On the contrary, instead of making a direct Anfwer to what Atkinson said, the Colonel began thus: 'I think, Serjeant, Mr. Booth hath told me that you was Foster-Bro-ther to his Lady. She is really a charming Woman, and it is a thousand Pities · fhe should ever have been placed in the dreadful Situation she is now in. There is nothing fo filly as for Subaltern Officers of the Army to marry, unless where they meet with Women of very great Fortunes indeed. What can be the Event of their marrying otherwise, but entailing Misery and Beggary on their Wives and their Posterity?

" Ah! Sir!' cries the Serjeant, "it is too I late to think of those Matters now. To be fure my Lady might have married one of the top Gentlemen in the Country: For she is certainly one of the best, as well as one of the handsomest, Women in the Kingdom; and if she had been fairly dealt by, would have had a ' very great Fortune into the Bargain. In-' deed she is worthy of the greatest Prince in the World; and if I had been the greatest

- greatest Prince in the World, I should
- have thought myself happy with such
- a Wife; but she was pleased to like
- the Lieutenant, and certainly there can
- be no Happiness in Marriage without
- ' Liking.'
- Lookee, Serjeant,' faid the Colonel,
 you know very well that I am the Lieu-
- tenant's Friend. I think I have shewn
- ' myself so.'
- 'Indeed, your Honour hath,' quoth the Serjeant, 'more than once, to my Know- 'ledge.'
- But I am angry with him for his Inprudence, greatly angry with him for his Imprudence; and the more so, as it affects a Lady of so much Worth.
- She is, indeed, a Lady of the highest
- 'Worth,' cries the Serjeant. 'Poor dear
- Lady, I knew her, an't please your
- Honour, from her Infancy; and the
- ' fweetest-temper'd, best-natured Lady she is, that ever trod on English Ground. I
- have always loved her as if she was my
- own Sifter.-Nay, she hath very often
- ' called me Brother; and I have taken it

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to be a greater Honour than if I was to

be ealled a General Officer.'

What Pity it is,' faid the Colonel,

that this worthy Creature should be ex-

oposed to so much Misery by the thoughtless Behaviour of a Man, who, though

I am his Friend, I cannot help faying,

· hath been guilty of Imprudence, at least.

Why could he not live upon his Half-

' pay? What had he to do to run him-

· felf into Debt in this outrageous Man-

"ner?"

'I wish indeed,' cries the Serjeant, 'he had been a little more considerative; but, I hope, this will be a Warning to

him.

'How am I fure of that,' answered the Colonel; 'or what Reason is there to ex-

· pect it? Extravagance is a Vice of which:

Men are not so easily cured. I have

thought a great deal of this Matter,

Mr. Serjeant; and upon the most ma-

ture Deliberation, I am of Opinion, that

it will better both for him and his poor

Lady, that he should smart a little:

" more."

' Your Honour, Sir, to be fure is in ' the Right,' reply'd the Serjeant; 'but ' yet, Sir, if you will pardon me for speaking, I hope you will be pleased to con-' sider my poor Lady's Case. She suffers, all this while, as much or more than the Lieutenant; for I know her fo well, that I am certain she will never have a Mo-' ment's Ease till her Husband is out of: " Confinement."

I know Women better than you, Ser-"jeant,' cries the Colonel: They fometimes place their Affections on a Hufband, as Children do on their Nurse; but they are both to be weaned. I know ' you, Serjeant, to be a Fellow of Sense as well as Spirit, or I should not speak for "freely to you; but I took a Fancy to you. ' a long time ago, and I intend to ferve 'you; but first I ask you this Question, is your Attachment to Mr. Booth, or to-' his Lady?'

' Certainly, Sir,' faid the Serjeant, 'I must love my Lady best. Not but I. have a great Affection for the Lieute-' nant too, because I know my Lady hath: the fame; and, indeed, he hath been al-I 5

- ways very good to me, as far as was
- ' in his Power. A Lieutenant, your Ho-
- o nour knows, can't do a great deal; but
- ' I have always found him my Friend upon

' ail Occasions.'

- You say true, cries the Colonel, a Lieutenant can do but little; but I can
- do much to ferve you, and will too-
- But let me ask you one Question-Who
- was the Lady whom I saw last Night
- with Mrs. Booth at her Lodgings?'

Here the Serjeant blushed, and repeated,
The Lady, Sir!

'Ay, a Lady, a Woman,' cries the Colonel, 'who supped with us last Night.

· She looked rather too much like a Gen-

tlewoman for the Mistress of a Lodging

" House."

The Serjeant's Cheeks glowed at this Compliment to his Wife, and he was just going to own her, when the Colonel proceeded. I think I never faw in my Life fo ill-looking, sly, demure a B——I

would give fomething, methinks, to

know who she was.'

- · I don't know, indeed,' cries the Serjeant in great Confusion.- 'I know nothing about her.'
- 'I wish you would enquire,' said the Colonel, 'and let me know her Name, and likewise what she is. I have a strange ' Curiofity to know, and let me fee you again this Evening exactly at Seven.
- ' And will not your Honour then go to the Lieutenant this Morning?' faid Atkinson.
- 'It is not in my Power,' answered the Colonel: 'I am engaged another Way. Befides there is no Haste in this Affair.
- If Men will be imprudent, they must fuffer the Consequences. Come to me-
- at Seven, and bring me all the Particu-
- ' lars you can concerning that ill-look'd
- ' Jade, I mentioned to you; for I am refolved to know who she is. And so,
- Good-morrow to you Serjeant; be affured
- I will take an Opportunity to do some-

thing for you.'

Tho' fome Readers may, perhaps, think the Serjeant not unworthy of the Freedom. with with which the Colonel treated him, yet that haughty Officer would have been very backward to have condescended to such Familiarity with one of his Rank, had he not proposed some Design from it. In Truth, he began to conceive Hopes of making the Serjeant instrumental to his Design on Amelia; in other Words, to convert him into a Pimp; an Office in which the Colonel had been ferved by Atkinson's Betters; and which, as he knew it was in his Power very well to reward him, he had no Apprehension that the Serjeant would decline: An Opinion which the Serjeant might have pardon'd, though he had never given the least Grounds for it, fince the Colonel borrowed it from the Knowledge of his own Heart. This dictated to him, that he, from a bad Motive, was capable of defiring to debauch his Friend's Wife; and the same Heart inspired him to hope that another from another bad Motive, might be guilty of the same Breach of Friendship, in affisting him. Few Men, I believe, think better of others than of themselves; nor do they easily allow the Existence of any Virtue of which they perceive no Traces in their own Minds: For which Reason I have observed, that it is extremely difficult to perfuade a Rogue that

that you are an honest Man; nor would: you ever succeed in the Attempt by the strongest Evidence, was it not for the comfortable Conclusion which the Rogue draws, that he who proves himself to be honest, proves himself to be a Fool at the same

CHAP. IX.

A curious Chapter, from which a curious Reader may draw sundry Observations.

HE Serjeant retired from the Colonel in a very dejected State of Mind; in which, however, we must leave him awhile, and return to Amelia; who, as foon as fhe was up, had dispatched Mrs. Atkinson to pay off her former Lodgings, and to bring off all Cloaths and other Moveables.

The trusty Messenger returned without performing her Errand: For Mrs. Ellison had locked up all her Rooms, and was gone out very early that Morning, and the Servant knew not whither she was gone. the second

The two Ladies now fat down to Break-fast, together with Amelia's two Children; after which Amelia declared she would take a Coach and visit her Husband. To this Motion Mrs. Atkinson soon agreed, and offered to be her Companion. To say Truth, I think it was reasonable enough; and the great Abhorrence which Booth had of seeing his Wife in a Bailist's House, was, perhaps, rather too nice and delicate.

When the Ladies were both drest, and just going to send for their Vehicle, a great Knocking was heard at the Door, and presently Mrs. James was usher'd into the Room.

This Visit was disagreeable enough to Amelia, as it detained her from the Sight of her Husband, for which she so eagerly longed. However, as she had no Doubt but that the Visit would be reasonably short, she resolved to receive the Lady with all the Complaisance in her Power.

Mrs. James now behaved herself so very unlike the Person that she lately appeared, that it might have surprised any one

one who doth not know, that besides that of a fine Lady, which is all mere Art and Mummery, every fuch Woman hath fome real Character at the Bottom, in which, whenever Nature gets the better of her, she acts. Thus the finest Ladies in the World will fometimes love, and fometimes fcratch, according to their different natural Dispofitions, with great Fury and Violence, tho'. both of these are equally inconsistent with a fine Lady's artificial Character.

Mrs. James then was at the Bottom a very good-natured Woman; and the Moment she heard of Amelia's Misfortune. was fincerely grieved at it. She had acquiesced on the very first Motion with the Colonel's Design of inviting her to her House; and this Morning at Breakfast, when he had acquainted her that Amelia made fome Difficulty in accepting the Offer, very readily undertook to go herfelf and persuade her Friend to accept the Invitation.

She now pressed this Matter with such Earnestness, that Amelia, who was not extremely versed in the Art of denying, was hardly able to refuse her Importunity > nothing, indeed, but her Affection to Mrs.

Atkinson could have prevailed on her to refuse; that Point, however, she would not give up, and Mrs. James, at last, was contented with a Promise, that as soon as their Affairs were settled, Amelia, with her Husband and Family, would make her a Visit, and stay some time with her in the Country, whither she was soon to retire.

Having obtained this Promise, Mrs. James, after many very friendly Prosessions, took her Leave; and stepping into her Coach, re-assumed the fine Lady, and drove away to join her Company at an Auction.

The Moment she was gone, Mrs. Atkinson, who had left the Room upon the Approach of Mrs. James, returned into it, and was informed by Amelia of all that had past.

- Pray, Madam,' faid Mrs. Atkinfon, od do this Colonel and his Lady live, as it is called, well together?'
- If you mean to ask, cries Amelia, whether they are a very fond Couple, I must answer that I believe they are not.

- I have been told,' fays Mrs. Atkinson, that there have been Instances of Women who have become Bawds to their own Husbands, and the Husbands Pimps for them.'
- 'Fie upon it,' cries Amelia. 'I hope there are no such People. Indeed, my Dear, this is being a little too censorious.'
- Mrs. Atkinson. It arises from my Love to you, and my Fears for your Danger. You know the Proverb of a burnt Child; and if such a one hath any Good-nature it will dread the Fire, on the Account of others as well as on its own. And if I may speak my Sentiments freely, I cannot think you will be in Safety at this Colonel's House.
- 'I cannot but believe your Apprehenfions to be fincere,' replied Amelia, 'and
 I must think myself obliged to you for
 them; but I am convinced you are entirely in an Error. I look on Colonel
 James as the most generous and best of
 Men. He was a Friend, and an excellent

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· lent Friend too, to my Husband, long

before I was acquainted with him, and he hath done him a thousand good Offices. What do you say of his Behaviour

· Yesterday ?"

'I wish,' cries Mrs. Atkinson, 'that his Behaviour To-day had been equal. What I am now going to undertake is the most disagreeable Office of Friendship, but it is a necessary one. I must tell you therefore what past this Morning between the · Colonel and Mr. Atkinson; for tho' it will hurt you, you ought, on many Ac-counts to know it.' Here she related the whole which we have recorded in the preceding Chapter, and with which the Serjeant had acquainted her, while Mrs. James was paying her Visit to Amelia. And as the Serjeant had painted the Matter rather in stronger Colours than the Colonel; so Mrs. Atkinson again a little improved on the Serjeant. Neither of these good People, perhaps, intended to aggravate any Circumstance; but such is, I believe, the unavoidable Consequence of all Reports. Mrs. Atkinson, indeed, may be supposed not to see what related to James in the most favourable Light, as the Serjeant, with more Honesty than Prudence, had suggested to

his

his Wife, that the Colonel had not the kindest Opinion of her, and had called her a fly and demure—; it is true he omitted ill-looking B——; two Words, which are, perhaps, superior to the Patience of any Job in Petticoats that ever lived. He made amends, however, by substituting some other Phrases in their Stead, not extremely agreeable to a semale Ear.

It appeared to Amelia, from Mrs. Atkinson's Relation, that the Colonel had grossly
abused Booth to the Serjeant, and had absolutely refused to become his Bail. Poor
Amelia became a pale and motionless Statue
at this Account. At length, she cry'd,
If this be true, I and mine are all, indeed, undone. We have no Comfort, no Hope, no Friend lest. — I
cannot disbelieve you.—I know you
would not deceive me.—Why should
you, indeed, deceive me?—But what can
have caused this Alteration since last
Night?—Did I say or do any thing to offend him?

^{&#}x27;You said and did rather, I believe, a great deal too much to please him,' answered Mrs. Atkinson. 'Besides, he is not in

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- in the least offended with you. On the contrary, he said many kind Things.'--
- 'What can my poor Love have done?' faid Amelia. 'He hath not feen the Co-
- Ionel fince last Night. Some Villain
- hath fet him against my Husband; he
- was once before suspicious of such a
- e Person. Some cruel Monster hath be-
- " lied his Innocence."
- Pardon me, dear Madam,' faid Mrs. Atkinson, 'I believe the Person, who hath
- injured the Captain with this Friend of
- his, is one of the worthiest and best of
- · Creatures---Nay, do not be furprised;
- the Person I mean, is even your fair
- Self: Sure you would not be fo dull in
- any other Case; but in this, Gratitude,
- · Humility, Modesty, every Virtue shuts
- your Eyes.

Mortales bebitant visus.

- as Virgil fays. What in the World can
- be more confistent, than his Desire to
- have you at his own House; and to keep
- your Husband confined in another?
- · All that he faid, and all that he did
- Yesterday; and, what is more convinc-

· ing

ing to me than both, all that he looked last Night, are very consistent with both these Designs.'

O Heavens!' cries Amelia, 'you chill my Blood with Horror! The Idea freezes me to Death: I can not, must not, will not think it. Nothing but Conviction---Heaven forbid, I should ' ever have more Conviction! And did he abuse my Husband! What! did he abuse a poor, unhappy, distrest Creature; opprest, ruined, torn from his 'Children, torn away from his wretched 'Wife; the honestest, worthiest, noblest, 'tenderest, fondest, best!' --- Here she burst into an Agony of Grief, which exceeds the Power of Description.

In this Situation, Mrs. Atkinson was doing her utmost to support her, when a most violent Knocking was heard at the Door, and immediately the Serjeant ran hastily into the Room; bringing with him a Cordial, which presently relieved Amelia. What this Cordial was, we shall inform the Reader in due Time. In the mean while, he must suspend his Curiosity; and the Gentlemen at White's may lay Wagers, whether it was Ward's Pill, or that

that Powder, for the Invention of which, my worthy and ingenious Friend Dr. James would, in almost any Country but this, have received public Honours and Rewards.

But before we close this Chapter, and return back to the Bailiff's House, we must do our best to rescue the Character of our Heroine from the Dulness of Apprehension, which several of our quick-sighted Readers may lay more heavily to her Charge than was done by her Friend Mrs. Atkinson.

I must inform, therefore, all such Readers, that it is not, because Innocence is more blind than Guilt, that the former often overlooks and tumbles into the Pit, which the latter foresees and avoids. The Truth is, that it is almost impossible Guilt should miss the discovering of all the Snares in its Way; as it is constantly prying closely into every Corner, in order to lay Snares for others. Whereas Innocence, having no fuch Purpose, walks fearlessly and carelessly through Life; and is consequently liable to tread on the Gins, which Cunning hath laid to entrap it. To fpeak plainly, and without Allegory gory or Figure, it is not Want of Sense, but Want of Suspicion by which Innocence is often betrayed. Again, we often admire at the Folly of the Dupe, when we should transfer our whole Surprize to the aftonishing Guilt of the Betrayer. In a Word, many an innocent Person hath owed his Ruin to this Circumstance alone, that the Degree of Villany was fuch as must have exceeded the Faith of every Man who was not himself a Villain.

CHAP. X.

In which are many profound Secrets of Philosophy.

BOOTH, having had enough of the Author's Company the preceding Day, chose now another Companion. Indeed the Author was not very folicitous of asecond Interview: For, as he could have no Hope from Booth's Pocket, so he was not likely to receive much Increase to his Vanity from Booth's Conversation: For, low as this Wretch was in Virtue, Senfe, Learning, Birth and Fortune, he was by no Means low in his Vanity. This Paffion, indeed, was fo high in him, and at the

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the same Time so blinded him to his own Demerits, that he hated every Man, who did not either flatter him or give him Money. In short, he claimed a strange Kind of Right; either to cheat all his Acquaintance of their Praise, or to pick their Pockets of their Pence; in which latter Case, he himself repaid very liberally with Panegyric.

A very little Specimen of fuch a Fellow must have satisfied a Man of Mr. Booth's Temper. He chose, therefore, now to affociate himfelf with that Gentleman, of whom Bondum had given fo Ihabby a Character. In short, Mr. Booth's Opinion of the Bailiff was fuch, that he recommended a Man most, where he least intended it. Nay, the Bailiff, in the prefent Instance, tho' he had drawn a malicious Conclusion, honestly avowed, that this was drawn only from the Poverty of the Person; which is never, I believe, any forcible Difrecommendation to a good Mind: But he must have had a very bad Mind, indeed, who, in Mr. Booth's Circumstances, could have disliked or dispised another Man, because that other Man was poor.

Some previous Conversation having past between this Gentleman and Booth, in which they had both opened their feveral Situations to each other; the former casting an affectionate Look on the latter, exprest great Compassion for his Circumstances; for which Booth thanking him faid, ' You must have a great Deal of Compassion, and be a very good Man, in such a terrible Situation as you defcribe yourself, to have any Pity to spare ' for other People.'

' My Affairs, Sir,' answered the Gentleman, ' are very bad, it is true; and ' yet there is one Circumstance, which ' makes you appear to me more the Ob-' ject of Pity than I am to myself; and it is this, that you must from your ' Years be a Novice in Affliction; where-' as I have ferved a long Apprenticeship to ' Mifery, and ought, by this Time, to be a pretty good Master of my Trade. 'To fay the Truth, I believe, Habit teaches Men to bear the Burthens of the ' Mind, as it enures them to bear heavy Burthens on their Shoulders. Without 'Use and Experience, the strongest ' Minds and Bodies both will stagger un-VOL. III.

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der a Weight, which Habit might ren-

" der eafy, and even contemptible."

'in the Comparison; and, I think, I have myself experienced the Truth of it: For I am not that Tyro in Affliction which you seem to apprehend me. And, perhaps, it is from the very Habit you mention, that I am able to support my

The Gentleman smiled at this, and cried, 'Indeed, Captain, you are a young 'Philosopher.'

present Misfortunes a little like a Man.

I think,' cries Booth, 'I have some Pretensions to that Philosophy which is taught by Missortunes; and you seem to be of Opinion, Sir, that is one of the best Schools of Philosophy.'

I mean no more, Sir,' faid the Gentleman, ' than that in the Days of our Affliction, we are inclined to think more feriously, than in those Seasons of Life, when we are engaged in the hurrying Pursuits of Business or Pleasure, when we have neither Leisure nor Inclination to sift and examine Things to the Bottom.

tom. Now there are two Considerations,

which, from my having long fixed my

Thoughts upon them, have greatly sup-

ported me under all my Afflictions.

The one is the Brevity of Life, even at

its longest Duration, which the wisest

of Men hath compared to the short

Dimension of a Span. One of the Ro-

man Poets compares it to the Duration

of a Race; and another, to the much

fhorter Transition of a Wave.

'The fecond Confideration is the Uncertainty of it. Short as its utmost Li-' mits are, it is far from being affured of reaching those Limits. The next Day, the next Hour, the next Moment may be the End of our Course. Now of what Value is fo uncertain, fo precarious a Station? This Confideration, indeed, ' however lightly it is passed over in our ' Conception, doth, in a great Measure, ' level all Fortunes and Conditions; and ' gives no Man a Right to triumph in the ' happiest State, or any Reason to repine in the most miserable. Would the most worldly Men see this, in the Light in ' which they examine all other Matters, ' they would foon feel and acknowledge the Force of this Way of reasoning: K 2 For

' For which of them would give any Price for an Estate, from which they were li-'able to be immediately ejected; or, ' would they not laugh at him as a Mads man, who accounted himself rich from fuch an uncertain Possession! This is the Fountain, Sir, from which I have drawn my Philosophy. Hence it is, that I have learnt to look on all those * Things, which are esteemed the Blessings of Life, and those which are dreaded as its Evils, with fuch a Degree of Indifference, that as I should not be elated with possessing the former, so neither am I greatly dejected and depressed by fuffering the latter. Is the Actor esteemed happier, to whose Lot it falls to play the principal Part, than he who plays the lowest? And yet the Drama may run twenty Nights together, and by Consequence may out-last our Lives; but, at the best, Life is only a little longer Drama; and the Business of the great Stage is consequently a little more · ferious than that which is performed at the Theatre Royal. But even here, the Catastrophes and Calamities which are represented, are capable of affecting us. · The wifest Men can deceive themselves into feeling the Diftreffes of a Tragedy, tho'

tho' they know them to be merely imaginary; and Children will often lament them as Realities: What Wonder then, if these tragical Scenes, which I allow to be a little more serious, should a little more affect us? Where then is the Remedy, but in the Philosophy I have mentioned; which, when once by a long Course of Meditation it is reduced to a Habit, teaches us to set a just Value on every Thing; and cures at once all eager Wishes and abject Fears, all violent Joy and Grief concerning Objects which cannot endure long, and may not exist a Moment.

'You have exprest yourself extremely well,' cries Booth, 'and I entirely agree' with the Justice of your Sentiments; but, however true all this may be in Theory, I still doubt its Essicacy in Practice. And the Cause of the Difference between these two is this; that we reason from our Heads, but act from our Hearts.

— Video meliora, proboque, Deteriora sequor.

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· Nothing can differ more widely than Wisemen and Fools, in their Estimation of Things; but as both act from

their uppermost Passion, they both of-

ten act alike. What Comfort then can ' your Philosophy give to an avaricious

. Man, who is deprived of his Riches;

or, to an ambitious Man, who is stript

of his Power? To the fond Lover,

who is torn from his Mistress; or, to

the tender Husband, who is dragged

' from his Wife? Do you really think,

that any Meditations on the Shortness of

· Life will foothe them in their Afflicti-

ons? Is not this very Shortness itself

one of their Afflictions? And if the

· Evil they suffer be a temporary Depri-

s vation of what they love, will they not

think their Fate the harder, and lament

the more, that they are to lose any Part

f of an Enjoyment, to which there is fo

' short and uncertain a Period?'

" I beg Leave, Sir,' faid the Gentle-man, ' to distinguish here. By Philosophy,

I do not mean the bare Knowledge of

· Right and Wrong; but an Energy, a

' Habit, as Aristotle calls it; and this I

do firmly believe, with him and with

the Stoics, is superior to all the Attacks

of Fortune:

He was proceeding, when the Bailiff came in, and in a furly Tone bad them both Good-morrow; after which he asked the Philosopher, if he was prepared to go to Newgate; for that he must carry him thither that Afternoon.

The poor Man seemed very much shocked with this News. 'I hope,' cries he, 'you 'will give me a little longer Time, if not 'till the Return of the Writ. But I beg 'you particularly, not to carry me thither 'To-day: For I expect my Wise and 'Children here in the Evening.'

- 'I have nothing to do with Wives and 'Children,' cried the Bailiff; 'I never
- defire to see any Wives and Children
- here. I like no fuch Company.'

'I intreat you,' faid the Prisoner, 'give me another Day. I shall take it as a

great Obligation; and you will disappoint me in the cruellest Manner in the

World, if you refuse me.'

'I can't help People's Disappointments,' cries the Bailiff, 'I must consider myself 'and my own Family. I know not 'where I shall be paid the Money that's 'due already. I can't afford to keep 'Prisoners at my own Expence.'

'I don't intend it shall be at your Expence,' cries the Philosopher; 'my
Wise is gone to raise Money this Morning, and I hope to pay you all I owe you
at her Arrival. But we intend to sup
together To-night at your House; and
if you should remove me now, it would
be the most barbarous Disappointment
to us both, and will make me the most
miserable Man alive.'

Nay, for my Part,' faid the Bailiff,
I don't defire to do any Thing barbarous. I know how to treat Gentlemen
with Civility as well as another. And
when People pay as they go, and spend
their Money like Gentlemen, I am sure
no Body can accuse me of any Incivility since I have been in the Office. And
if you intend to be merry To-night, I
am not the Man that will prevent it-Tho' I say it, you may have as good a
Supper

- 'Supper drest here as at any Tavern in Town.'
- 'Since Mr. Bondum is so kind, Captain,' said the Philosopher, 'I hope for the Fa'vour of your Company. I assure you,

if it ever be my Fortune to go abroad

into the World, I shall be proud of the

' Honour of your Acquaintance.'

Indeed, Sir,' cries Booth, 'it is an Honour I shall be very ready to accept;
but as for this Evening, I cannot help
faying, I hope to be engaged in another
Place.'

- 'I promise you, Sir,' answered the other, 'I shall rejoice at your Liberty, 'tho' I am a Loser by it.'
- Why, as to that Matter,' cries Bendum with a Sneer, 'I fancy, Captain, you may engage yourself to the Gentleman without any Fear of breaking your Word: For I am very much mistaken if we part To-day.'
- Pardon me, my good Friend,' faid Booth, 'but I expect my Bail every Minute.'

- Lookee, Sir,' cries Bondum, 'I don't love to see Gentlemen in an Error. I shall not take the Serjeant's Bail; and as for the Colonel, I have been with him myself this Morning; (for to be sure I love to do all I can for Gentlemen) and he told me, he could not possibly be here To-day: Besides, why should I mince the Matter? there is more Stuff in the Office.'
- What do you mean by Stuff?' cries Booth.
- I mean that there is another Writ, answered the Bailiff, 'at the Suit of Mrs. Ellison, the Gentlewoman that was here Yesterday; and the Attorney that was with her, is concerned against you. Some Officers would not tell you all this; but I loves to shew Civility to Gentlemen, while they behave themselves as such. And I loves the Gentlemen of the Army in particular. I had like to have been in the Army myself once; but I liked the Commission I have better. Come, Captain, let not your noble Courage be cast down; what say you to a Glass of white

find

white Wine, or a Tiff of Punch, by

Way of Whet?

'I have told you, Sir, I never drink in a Morning,' cries Booth a little peevishly.

' No Offence, I hope, Sir,' faid the Bailiff. 'I hope I have not treated you with any Incivility. I don't ask any Gentleman to call for Liquor in my · House, if he doth not chuse it; nor I don't defire any Body to stay here longer than they have a Mind to ?--- Newgate, to be fure is the Place for all Debtors ' that can't find Bail. I knows what ' Civility is, and I fcorn to behave myfelf unbecoming a Gentleman; but I'd have ' you consider that the twenty-four Hours ' appointed by Act of Parliament are al-' most out; and so it is time to think of ' removing. As to Bail, I would not ' have you flatter yourself: For I knows ' very well there are other things coming ' against you. Besides, the Sum you are ' already charged with is very large, and ' I must see you in a Place of Safety. My ' House is no Prison, tho' I lock up for ' a little time in it. Indeed, when Gentlemen are Gentlemen, and likely to

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' find Bail, I don't stand for a Day or

' two; but I have a good Nofe at a Bit

of Carrion, Captain; I have not carried

fo much Carrion to Newgate, without

* knowing the Smell of it.'

Booth; but I did not think to have offended you so much by refusing to

drink in a Morning.

Offended me, Sir,' cries the Bailiff.
Who told you so? Do you think, Sir,
if I want a Glass of Wine I am under
any Necessity of asking my Prisoners for
it? Damn it, Sir, I'll shew you, I scorn
your Words. I can afford to treat you
with a Glass of the best Wine in England, if you comes to that'—He then
pulled out a Handful of Guineas, saying,
There, Sir, they are all my own; I owe
no Body a Shilling. I am no Beggar,
nor no Debtor. I am the King's Officer,
as well as you, and I will spend Guinea

for Guinea as long as you please.

'Harkee, Rascal,' cries Booth, laying hold of the Bailiss's Collar, 'How dare 'you treat me with this Insolence? Doth the Law give you any Authority to insult

fult me in my Misfortunes?' At which Words he gave the Bailiff a good Shove, and threw him from him.

Wery well, Sir,' cries the Bailiff, I will swear both an Assault and an Attempt to a Rescue. If Officers are to be used in this Manner, there is an End of all Law and Justice. But the I am not a Match for you myself, I have those below that are.' He then ran to the Door, and called up two ill-looking Fellows, his Followers, whom, as soon as they entered the Room, he ordered to seize on Booth, declaring he would immediately carry him to Newgate; at the same time pouring out a vast Quantity of Abuse, below the Dignity of History to record.

Booth desired the two dirty Fellows to stand off, and declared he would make no Resistance, at the same time bidding the Bailiss carry him wherever he durst.

'I'll shew you what I dare,' cries the Bailiss, and again ordered the Followers to lay hold of their Prisoner, saying, 'He has assaulted me already, and endeavoured a Rescue. I shan't trust such a 'Fellow

- · Fellow to walk at Liberty. A Gentle-
- man, indeed! Ay, ay, Newgate is the
 - ' properest Place for such Gentry; as ar-
 - ' rant Carrion as ever was carried thi-
- ther.

The Fellows then both laid violent Hands on Booth, and the Bailiff stept to the Door to order a Coach; when on a sudden, the whole Scene was changed in an Instant: For now the Serjeant came running, out of Breath, into the Room; and seeing his Friend, the Captain, roughly handled by two ill-looking Fellows, without asking any Questions, stept briskly up to his Assistance, and instantly gave one of the Assailants so violent a Salute with his Fist, that he directly measured his Length on the Floor.

Booth having by this Means his right Arm at Liberty was unwilling to be idle, or entirely to owe his Rescue from both the Russians to the Serjeant; he therefore imitated the Example which his Friend had set him, and with a lusty Blow levelled the other Follower with his Companion on the Ground.

The Bailiff roared out, a Rescue, a Rescue; to which the Serjeant answered, there was no Rescue intended. 'The ' Captain,' faid he, ' wants no Rescue. ' Here are some Friends coming who will

deliver him in a better manner.

The Bailiff fwore heartily he would carry him to Newgate, in spite of all the Friends in the World.

' You carry him to Newgate!' cried the Serjeant, with the highest Indignation. Offer but to lay your Hands on him, and I will knock your Teeth down your ' ugly Jaws.'-Then turning to Booth, he cried, --- ' They will be all here with-' in a Minute, Sir, we had much ado to keep my Lady from coming herfelf; but she is at Home in good Health, ' longing to fee your Honour; and I ' hope you will be with her within this ' half Hour.'

And now three Gentlemen entered the Room; these were an Attorney, the Perfon whom the Serjeant had procured in the Morning to be his Bail with Colonel James, and lastly, Doctor Harrison himfelf.

The Bailiff no sooner saw the Attorney, with whom he was well acquainted (for the others he knew not) than he began, as the Phrase is, to pull in his Horns, and ordered the two Followers, who were now got again on their Legs, to walk down Stairs.

- 'So, Captain,' fays the Doctor, 'when last we parted, I believe we neither of us expected to meet in such a Place as this.'
- 'Indeed, Doctor,' cries Booth, 'I did
 'not expect to have been feat hither by
 'the Gentleman who did me that Fa'vour.'

'How so, Sir?' said the Doctor, 'you was sent hither by some Person, I suppose, to whom you was indebted. This is the usual Place, I apprehend, for Creditors to send their Debtors to. But you ought to be more surprised that the Gentleman who sent you hither is come to release you.---Mr. Murphy, you will persorm all the necessary Ceremonials.'

The Attorney then asked the Bailiff with how many Actions Booth was charged. and was informed there were five besides the Doctor's, which was much the heaviest of all. Proper Bonds were prefently provided, and the Doctor and the Serjeant's Friend figned them; the Bailiff, at the Instance of the Attorney, making no Objection to the Bail.

Booth, we may be affured, made a handfome Speech to the Doctor for fuch extraordinary Friendship, with which, however, we do not think proper to trouble the Reader; and now every thing being ended, and the Company ready to depart, the Bailiff stepped up to Booth, and told him he hoped he would remember Civility Money. The string of the transitive

- ' I believe,' cries Booth, ' you mean Incivility Money; if there are any Fees due for Rudeness, I must own you have ' a very just Claim.'
- ' I am fure, Sir,' cries the Bailiff, ' I ' have treated your Honour with all the ' Respect in the World: No Man, I am ' fure, can charge me with using a Gentle-

man rudely. I knows what belongs to

' a Gentleman better; but you can't de-

ny that two of my Men have been

' knocked down; and I doubt not but as

' you are a Gentleman, you will give

them fomething to drink.

Booth was about to answer with some Passion, when the Attorney interfered, and whispered in his Ear, that it was usual to make a Compliment to the Officer, and that he had better comply with the Custom.

- If the Fellow had treated me civilly,' answered Booth, 'I should have had no 'Objection to comply with a bad Custom in his Favour; but I am resolved, I will never reward a Man for using me ill,
- and I will not agree to give him a fingle

' Farthing.'

'Tis very well, Sir,' faid the Bailiff,

· I am rightly served for my Good-nature;

but if it had been to do again, I would

have taken Care you should not have

been bailed this Day.'

. Doctor Harrison, to whom Booth refered the Cause, after giving him a succinct Account

Account of what had past, declared the Captain to be in the Right. He said it was a most horrid Imposition, that such Fellows were ever fuffered to prey on the Necessitous; but that the Example would be much worse to reward them where they had behaved themselves ill. And ' I think,' fays he, ' the Bailiff is worthy of great Rebuke for what he hath just now faid; in which I hope he hath boafted of more Power than is in him. We do, indeed, with great Justice and Propriety, value ourselves on our Freedom, if the Liberty of the Subject de-pends on the Pleasure of such Fellows as thefe.

It is not so neither altogether, cries the Lawyer: ' But Custom hath established a Present or Fee to them at the De-' livery of a Prisoner, which they call 'Civility Money, and expect as in a 'Manner their Due, tho' in Reality they have no Right."

But will any Man, cries Doctor Harrison, after what the Captain hath told us, fay that the Bailiff hath behaved himself as he ought; and if he had, is ' he to be rewarded for not acting in an " unchristian

' unchriftian and inhuman Manner? It is Pity, that inftead of a Custom of ' feeing them out of the Pockets of the ' Poor and Wretched, when they do not · behave themselves ill, there was not both · a Law and a Practice to punish them " feverely when they do. In the prefent ' Case, I am so far from agreeing to give · the Bailiff a Shilling, that if there be ' any Method of punishing him for his ' Rudeness, I shall be heartily glad to see • it put in Execution: For there are none whose Conduct should be so strictly watched as that of these necessary Evils ' in the Society, as their Office concerns for the most Part those poor Creatures who cannot do themselves Justice, and s as they are generally the worst of Men who undertake it.'

The Bailiff then quitted the Room, muttering that he should know better what to do another time; and shortly after Booth and his Friends left the House; but as they were going out, the Author took Doctor Harrison aside, and slipt a Receipt into his Hand, which the Doctor returned, saying he never subscribed when he neither knew the Work nor the Author; but that if he would call at his Lodgings, he would he

be very willing to give all the Encouragement to Merit which was in his Power.

The Author took down the Doctor's Name and Direction, and made him as many Bows as he would have done had he carried off the Half Guinea, for which he had been fishing.

Mr. Booth then took his Leave of the Philosopher, and departed with the rest of his Friends.

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AMELIA.

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CHAP. I.

In which the History looks backwards.

BEFORE we proceed farther with our History, it may be proper to look back a little, in order to account for the late Conduct of Doctor Harrison; which, however inconsistent it may have hitherto appeared, when examined to the Bottom, will be found, I apprehend, to be truly congruous with all the Rules of the most perfect Prudence, as well as with the most consummate Goodness.

We have already partly seen in what Light Booth had been represented to the Doctor abroad. Indeed, the Accounts which

which were fent of the Captain, as well by the Curate as by a Gentleman of the Neighbourhood, were much groffer and more to his Disadvantage, than the Doctor was pleased to set them forth in his Letter to the Person accused. What Sense he had of Booth's Conduct was, however, manifest by that Letter. Nevertheless he resolved to suspend his final Judgment 'till his Return; and tho' he censured him, would not abfolutely condemn him without ocular Demonstration.

The Doctor on his Return to his Parish found all the Accufations which had been transmitted to him, confirmed by many Witnesses, of which the Curate's Wife, who had been formerly a Friend to Amelia, and still preserved the outward Appearance of Friendship, was the strongest. She introduced all with I am forry to fay it; and it is Friendship which bids me speak; and it is for their Good it should be told you; after which Beginnings, the never concluded a fingle Speech without some horrid Slander and bitter Invective.

Besides the malicious Turn which was given to these Affairs in the Country, which were owing a good deal to Misfortune, fortune, and some little perhaps to Imprudence, the whole Neighbourhood rung with several grossand scandalous Lies, which were merely the Inventions of his Enemies, and of which the Scene was laid in London since his Absence.

Poisoned with all this Malice, the Doctor came to Town, and learning where Booth lodged, went to make him a Visit. Indeed, it was the Doctor, and no other who had been at his Lodgings that Evening when Booth and Amelia were walking in the Park; and concerning which the Reader may be pleased to remember so many strange and odd Conjectures.

Here the Doctor saw the little Gold Watch, and all those fine Trinkets with which the noble Lord had presented the Children; and which from the Answers given him by the poor ignorant innocent Girl, he could have no Doubt had been purchased within a few Days by Amelia.

This Account tallied so well with the Ideas he had imbibed of Booth's Extravagance in the Country, that he firmly believed both the Husband and Wife to be the vainest, silliest, and most unjust People

People alive. It was, indeed, almost incredible, that two rational Beings should be guilty of fuch Abfurdity; but monftrous and abfurd as it was, ocular Demonstration appeared to be the Evidence against them.

The Doctor departed from their Lodgings enraged at this supposed Discovery, and unhappily for Booth, was engaged to Supper that very Evening with the Country Gentleman of whom Booth had rented a Farm. As the poor Captain happened to be the Subject of Conversation, and occasioned their comparing Notes, the Account which the Doctor gave of what he had feen that Evening, so incensed the Gentleman to whom Booth was likewise a Debtor, that he vowed he would take a Writ out against him the next Morning, and have his Body alive or dead. And the Doctor was at last persuaded to do the fame. Mr. Murphy was thereupon immediately fent for, and the Doctor in his Presence repeated again what he had seen at his Lodgings, as the Foundation of his fuing him, which the Attorney, as we have before feen, had blabbed to Atkinson.

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But no sooner did the Doctor hear that Boath was arrested, than the wretched Condition of his Wise and Family began to affect his Mind. The Children, who were to be utterly undone with their Father, were intirely innocent; and as for Amelia herself, though he thought he had most convincing Proofs of very blameable Levity; yet his former Friendship and Affection to her were busy to invent every Excuse, till, by very heavily loading the Husband, they lightened the Suspicion against the Wife.

In this Temper of Mind he resolved to pay Amelia a second Visit, and was on his Way to Mrs. Ellison, when the Serjeant met him, and made himself known to him. The Doctor took his old Servant into a Coffee-house, where he received from him such an Account of Booth and his Family, that he desired the Serjeant to shew him presently to Amelia; and this was the Cordial which we mentioned at the End of the Ninth Chapter of the preceding Book.

The Doctor became foon fatisfied concerning the Trinkets which had given him fo much Uneafiness, and which had brought so much Mischief on the Head of poor Booth. Amelia likewise gave the Doctor some Satisfaction as to what he had heard of her Husband's Behaviour in the Country; and affured him, upon her Honour, that Booth could fo well answer every Complaint against his Conduct, that she had no Doubt but that a Man of the Doctor's Justice and Candour would entirely acquit him, and would confider him as an innocent unfortunate Man, who was the Object of a good Man's Compassion, not of his Anger or Refentment.

This worthy Clergyman, who was not desirous of finding Proofs to condemn the Captain, or to justify his own vindictive Proceedings, but, on the contrary, rejoiced heartily in every Piece of Evidence which tended to clear up the Character of his Friend, gave a ready Ear to all which-Amelia said. To this, indeed, he was in-duced by the Love he always had for that Lady, by the good Opinion he entertained of her, as well as by Pity for her prefent I. 2 Con220 AMELIA. Book IX.

Condition, than which nothing appeared more miserable; for he found her in the highest Agonies of Grief and Despair, with her two little Children crying over their wretched Mother. These are, indeed, to a well disposed Mind, the most tragical Sights that human Nature can furnish, and afford a juster Motive to Grief and Tears in the Beholder, than it would be to see all the Heroes who have ever infested the Earth, hanged all together in a String.

The Doctor felt this Sight as he ought. He immediately endeavoured to comfort the Afflicted; in which he so well succeeded, that he restored to Amelia sufficient Spirits to give him the Satisfaction we have mentioned: After which, he declared he would go and release her Husband; which he accordingly did, in the Manner we have above related.

CHAP. II.

In which the History goes forward.

W E now return to that Period of our History, to which we had brought it at the End of our last Book.

Booth and his Friends arrived, from the Bailiff's, at the Serjeant's Lodgings; where Booth immediately ran up Stairs to his Amelia; between whom I shall not attempt to describe the Meeting. Nothing certainly was ever more tender or more joyful. This however I will observe, that a very few of these exquisite Moments, of which the best Minds only are capable, do, in Reality, over-balance the longest Enjoyments which can ever fall to the Lot of the worst.

Whilst Booth and his Wife were feasting their Souls with the most delicious mutual Endearments, the Doctor was fallen to play with the two little Children below Stairs. While he was thus engaged, the little Boy did somewhat amiss; upon which the Doctor said, 'If you do so any more, 'I will take your Papa away from you L 2 'again.

' again'-' Again, Sir,' faid the Child,

why was it you then that took away my Papa before?' Suppose it was,' said the

Doctor, 'would not you forgive me?'

'Yes,' cries the Child, 'I would forgive

' you; because a Christian must forgive

every Body; but I should hate you as

· long as I live.'

The Doctor was so pleased with the Boy's Answer, that he caught him in his Arms, and kis'd him, at which Time, Booth and his Wise returned. The Doctor asked which of them was their Son's Instructor in his Religion: Booth answered, that he must consess Amelia had all the Merit of that Kind. 'I should have rather thought he had learnt of his Father,' cries the Doctor, 'for he seems a good Soldier-like 'Christian, and professes to hate his Ene-

- 'How, Billy,' cries Amelia. 'I am fure 'I did not teach you so.'
- ' I did not say I would hate my Ene-'mies, Madam,' cries the Boy. 'I only 'faid I would hate Papa's Enemies; sure,
- Mamma, there is no Harm in that: nay,
- I am fure there is no Harm in it; for I

have heard you fay the same thing a thou-

fand Times.

The Doctor smiled on the Child, and chucking him under the Chin told him, he must hate no Body: And now Mrs. Atkinson, who had provided a Dinner for them all, defired them to walk up, and partake of it.

And now it was that Booth was first made acquainted with the Serjeant's Marriage; as was Dr. Harrison, both of whom greatly felicitated him upon it.

Mrs. Atkinson, who was, perhaps, a little more confounded than she would have been had she married a Colonel, said, 'If

I have done wrong, Mrs. Booth is to an-' swer for it; for she made the Match:

' Indeed, Mr. Atkinson, you are greatly

' obliged to the Character which this Lady ' gives of you.' 'I hope he will deferve

'it,' said the Doctor; 'and if the Army

' hath not corrupted a good Boy, I be-

' lieve I may answer for him.'

While our little Company were enjoying that Happiness which never fails to at-tend Couversation, where all present are LA pleased

pleased with each other, a Visitant arrived, who was, perhaps, not very welcome to any of them. This was no other than Colonel James, who entering the Room with much Gaiety went directly up to Booth, embraced him, and expressed great Satisfaction at finding him there; he then made an Apology for not attending him in the Morning, which he said had been impossible; and that he had with the utmost Dissible; and that he had with the utmost Dissible put of some Business of great Consequence, in order to serve him this Afternoon; but I am glad on your Account, cried he to Booth, that my Presence was not necessary.

Booth himself was extremely satisfied with this Declaration, and failed not to return him as many Thanks as he would have deserved, had he performed his Promise; but the two Ladies were not quite so well satisfied. As for the Serjeant, he had slipt out of the Room when the Colonel entered, not entirely out of that Bashfulpess which we have remarked him to be tainted with; but, indeed, from what had past in the Morning he hated the Sight of the Colonel, as well on the Account of his Wife as on that of his Friend.

The Doctor, on the contrary, on what he had formerly heard from both Amelia: and her Husband of the Colonel's Generofity and Friendship, had built so good an. Opinion of him, that he was very much pleased with seeing him, and took the first Opportunity of telling him fo. 'Colonel," faid the Doctor, 'I have not the Happi-ness of being known to you; but I have long been desirous of an Acquain-tance with a Gentleman, in whose Commendation I have heard fo much from fome prefent.' The Colonel made a proper Answer to this Compliment, and they foon entered into a familiar Conversation together: For the Doctor was not difficult of Access; indeed, he held the strange Reserve, which is usually practised in this Nation between People who are in any Degree Strangers to each other, to be very unbecoming the Christian Character.

The two Ladies foon left the Room; and the Remainder of the Visit, which was not very long, past in Discourse on various common Subjects, not worth recording. In the Conclusion, the Colonel invited Booth and his Lady, and the Doctor, to dine with him the next Day.

To give Colonel James his due Commendation, he had shewn a great Command of himself, and great Presence of Mind on this Occasion: For to speak the plain Truth, the Visit was intended to Amelia alone; nor did he expect, or, perhaps, defire, any thing less than to find the Captain at Home. The great Joy which he fuddenly conveyed into his Countenance at the unexpected Sight of his Friend, is to be attributed to that noble Art which is taught in those ex ellent Schools called the feveral Courts of Europe. By this Men are enabled to dress out their Countenances as much at their own Pleasure, as they do their Bodies; and to put on Friendship with as much Ease as they can a laced Coat.

When the Colonel and Doctor were gone, Booth acquainted Amelia with the Invitation he had received. She was so struck with the News, and betrayed such visible Marks of Consusion and Uneasiness, that they could not have escaped Booth's Observation, had Suspicion given him the least Hint to remark: But this, indeed, is the great Optic Glass helping us to discern plainly almost all that passes in the Minds

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Minds of others, without some Use of which nothing is more purblind than human Nature.

Amelia having recovered from her first Perturbation, answered, 'My Dear, I will dine with you wherever you please to lay your Commands on me. — I am obliged to you, my dear Soul, cries Booth, your Obedience shall be very easy; for my ' Command will be, that you shall always ' follow your own Inclinations.' 'My In-' clinations,' answered she, ' would, I am ' afraid, be too unreasonable a Confine-' ment to you; for they would always lead ' me to be with you and your Children, with at most a single Friend or two, now 'and then.' 'O my Dear,' replied he, large Companies give us a greater Relish for our own Society when we return to it; and we shall be extremely merry, for Dr. ' Harrison dines with us.' 'I hope you will, 'my Dear,' cries she; 'but I own I should ' have been better pleased to have enjoyed a few Days with yourself and the Children, with no other Person but Mrs. Atkinson, for whom I have conceived a violent Affection, and who would have given us but little Interruption. However, if you Learning car

have promised, I must undergo the Pe-"nance." "Nay, Child," cry'd he, 'I am fure I would have refused, could I have gueffed it had been in the least dif-' agreeable to you; tho' I know your Ob-' jection'— Objection!' cries Amelia eagerty, 'I have no Objection.' 'Nay, nay,' faid he, ' come be honest, I know your Objection, the you are unwilling to own it.' Good Heavens!' cry'd Amelia, frighten'd, 'what do you mean? what 'Objection?' Why,' answered he, 'to the Company of Mrs. James; and I must confess she hath not behaved to you late-· ly as you might have expected; but you ought to pass all that by for the Sake of her Husband, to whom we have both so " many Obligations; who is the worthieft, honestest, and most generous Fellow in * the Universe, and the best Friend to me " that ever Man had."

Amelia, who had far other Sufpicions, and began to fear that her Hufband had difcovered them, was highly pleased when she saw him taking a wrong Scent. She gave, therefore, a little into the Deceit, and acknowledged the Truth of what he had mentioned; but faid, that the Pleafure the should have in complying with his Desires, would

would highly recompense any Dissatisfaction, which might arise on any other Account; and shortly after ended the Conversation on this Subject, with her chearfully promifing to fulfil his Promife.

In reality, poor Amelia had now a most unpleasant Task to undertake: For she thought it absolutely necessary to conceal from her Husband the Opinion she had conceived of the Colonel; for as she knew the Characters, as well of her Husband as of his Friend, or rather Enemy, (both being often fynonymous in the Language of the World) she had the utmost Reason to apprehend fomething very fatal might attend her Husband's entertaining the same Thought of James, which filled and tormented her own Breaft.

And as she knew that nothing but these Thoughts could justify the least unkind, or indeed, the least reserved Behaviour to James; who had, in all Appearance, conferred the greatest Obligations upon Booth and herfelf, she was reduced to a Dilemma, the most dreadful that can attend a virtuous Woman, as it often gives the highest Triumph, and sometimes no little

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Advantage to the Men of professed Gallantry.

In short, to avoid giving any Umbrage to her Husband, Amelia was forced to act in a Manner, which she was conscious must give Encouragement to the Colonel: A Situation which, perhaps, requires as great Prudence and Delicacy, as any in which the Heroic Part of the semale Character can be exerted.

CHAP. III.

A Conversation between Dr. Harrison and others.

THE next Day, Booth and his Lady, with the Doctor, met at Colonel James's, where Colonel Bath likewise made one of the Company.

Nothing very remarkable past at Dinner, or till the Ladies withdrew. During this Time, however, the Behaviour of Colonel James was such as gave some Uneasiness to Amelia, who well understood his Meaning, tho' the Particulars were too refined and subtle to be observed by any other present.

When

When the Ladies were gone, which was as foon as Amelia could prevail on Mrs. James to depart, Colonel Bath, who had been pretty brisk with Champagne at Dinner, foon began to display his Magnanimity. My Brother tells me, young Gentleman, fail he to Booth, that you have been used very ill lately by fome Rascals; and I have no Doubt but ' you will do yourself Justice.'

Booth answered, that he did not know what he meant. 'Since I must mention 'it then,' cries the Colonel, 'I hear ' you have been arrested; and I think you know what Satisfaction is to be re-' quired by a Man of Honour.'

- ' I beg, Sir,' fays the Doctor, ' no ' more may be mentioned of that Matter. ' I am convinced, no Satisfaction will be required of the Captain, till he is able to give it.'
- ' I do not understand what you mean by able,' cries the Colonel---To which the Doctor answered, that it was of too tender a Nature to speak more of.

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Give me your Hand, Doctor,' cries the Colonel, 'I fee you are a Man of Honour, tho' you wear a Gown. It is, as you fay, a Matter of a tender Nature. Nothing, indeed, is so tender as a Man's Honour. Curse my Liver, if any Man; I mean, that is, if any Gentleman, was to arrest me---I would as furely cut his Throat as---

- How, Sir!' faid the Doctor, Would • you compensate one Breach of the Law • by a much greater, and pay your Debts • by committing Murder?'
- Why do you mention Law between Gentlemen? fays the Colonel. A Man of Honour wears his Law by his Side. And can the Resentment of an Affront make a Gentleman guilty of Murder? and what greater Affront can one Man cast upon another, than by arresting him? I am convinced, that he who would put up an Arrest, would put up a Slap in the Face.

Here the Colonel looked extremely fierce, and the Divine stared with Astonishment at this Doctrine; when Booth, who well knew the Impossibility of opposing

posing the Colonel's Humour with Success, began to play with it; and having first conveyed a private Wink to the Doctor, he said, there might be Cases undoubtedly where such an Affront ought to be resented; but that there were others, where any Resentment was impracticable:

As for Instance,' said he, ' where the ' Man is arrested by a Woman.'

- 'I could not be supposed to mean that 'Case,' cries the Colonel, 'and you are 'convinced I did not mean it.'
- 'To put an End to this Discourse at once, Sir,' said the Doctor, 'I was the Plaintiff, at whose Suit this Gentleman was arrested.'
- 'Was you so, Sir!' cries the Colonel, then I have no more to say. Women and the Clergy are upon the same Footing. The long-robed Gentry are exempted from the Laws of Honour.'
- 'I do not thank you for that Exemption, Sir,' cries the Doctor; 'and if 'Honour and Fighting are, as they seem to be, synonymous Words with you, I believe there are some Clergymen, who, in

- in Defence of their Religion, or their
- Country, or their Friend, the only justi-
- · fiable Causes of fighting, except bare
- · Self-defence, would fight as bravely as
- · yourself, Colonel; and that without
- being paid for it.'
- ' Sir, you are privileged,' fays the Colonel with great Dignity, ' and you have
- ' my Leave to say what you please. I re-
- fpect your Order, and you cannot of-
- fend me.
- I will not offend you, Colonel,' cries the Doctor, 'and our Order is very much obliged to you; fince you profess so much Respect to us, and pay none to our Master.'
- What Master, Sir?' said the Colonel.
- 'That Master,' answered the Doctor,
 who hath expressly forbidden all that
 cutting of Throats, to which you discover so much Inclination.'
- O, your Servant, Sir,' faid the Colonel, 'I fee what you are driving at; but you shall not persuade me to think, that

that Religion forces me to be a Co-

'I detest and despise the Name as much as you can,' cries the Doctor; 'but you have a wrong Idea of the Word, 'Colonel. What were all the Greeks and Romans? Were these Cowards; and yet did you ever hear of this Butchery, which we call Duelling, among them?'

Yes, indeed, have I,' cries the Colonel. 'What else is all Mr. Pope's Homer
full of, but Duels? Did not, what's
his Name, one of the Agamemnons fight
with that paultry Rascal Paris? and
Diomede with, what d'ye call him there;
and Hestor with, I forget his Name, he
that was Achilles's Bosom-friend; and
afterwards with Achilles himself? Nay,
and in Dryden's Virgil, is there any
Thing almost besides fighting?

'You are a Man of Learning, Colo-'nel,' cries the Doctor, 'but—

'I thank you for that Compliment,' faid the Colonel --- 'No, Sir, I do not 'pretend to Learning; but I have some 'little

· little Reading, and I am not ashamed

to own it.'

But are you fure, Colonel, cries the Doctor, that you have not made a small

· Mistake? For I am apt to believe, both

' Mr. Pope and Mr. Dryden (tho' I can-

' not say I ever read a Word of either of them) speak of Wars between Nations,

and not of private Duels: For of the

' latter, I do not remember one fingle

· Instance in all the Greek or Roman Story.

In fhort, it is a modern Custom, intro-

duced by barbarous Nations fince the Times of Christianity; the it is a direct

and audacious Defiance of the Christian

Law, and is confequently much more

finful in us, than it would have been

in the Heathens.'

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Drink about, Doctor, cries the Colonel, and let us call a new Cause: For

'I perceive we shall never agree on this.
'You are a Churchman, and I don't ex-

pect you to speak your Mind.'

' We are both of the same Church, I hope,' cries the Doctor.

- · I am of the Church of England, Sir, answered the Colonel, ' and will fight for it to the last Drop of my Blood.'
- 'It is very generous in you, Colonel,' cries the Doctor, ' to fight fo zealously for a Religion by which you are to be damned.
- ' It is well for you, Doctor,' cries the Colonel, ' that you wear a Gown: For by all the Dignity of a Man, if any other Person had faid the Words you have just uttered, I would have made ' him eat them --- Ay, d---n me, and ' my Sword into the Bargain.'

Booth began to be apprehensive that this Dispute might grow too warm; in which Case he feared that the Colonel's Honour, together with the Champagne, might hurry him fo far as to forget the Respect due, and which he professed to pay, to the facerdotal Robe. Booth, therefore, interposed between the Disputants, and said, the Colonel had very rightly proposed to call a new Subject: For that it was impossible to reconcile aceepting a Challenge with the Christian Religion,

Religion, or refusing it with the modern Notion of Honour. 'And you must al-

- ' low it, Doctor,' faid he, ' to be a very
- hard Injunction for a Man to become
- ' infamous; and more especially for a
- " Soldier, who is to lose his Bread into
- ' the Bargain.'
- 'Ay, Sir,' fays the Colonel with an Air of Triumph, 'What fay you to that?'
- Why, I fay,' cries the Doctor, 'that' it is much harder to be damned on the other Side.'
- 'That may be,' faid the Colonel, 'but damn me, if I would take an Affront
- of any Man breathing for all that.
- ' And yet I believe myself to be as good
- a Christian as wears a Head. My Max-
- im is never to give an Affront, nor e-
- ver to take one; and I fay that is the
- ' Maxim of a good Christian; and no
- Man shall ever persuade me to the con-
- ' trary.'
- Well, Sir,' faid the Doctor, 'fince
- that is your Resolution, I hope no Man
- ' will ever give you an Affront.'

Octor, cries the Colonel with a Sneer; and he that doth, will be obliged to you for lending him your Gown: For by the Dignity of a Man, nothing out of Petticoats I believe dares affront me.

Colonel James had not hitherto joined in the Discourse. In Truth, his Thoughts had been otherwise employed; nor is it very difficult for the Reader to guess what had been the Subject of them. Being waked, however, from his Reverie, and having heard the two or three last Speeches, he turned to his Brother, and asked him, why he would introduce such a Topic of Conversation before a Gentleman of Dr. Harrison's Character?

'Brother,' cried Bath, 'I own it was wrong, and I ask the Doctor's Pardon; 'I know not how it happened to arise: For you know, Brother, I am not used to talk of these Matters. They are generally Poltroons that do. I think I need not be beholden to my Tongue to declare I am none. I have shewn myself in a Line of Battle. I believe there is no Man will deny that; I believe 'I may

' may fay, no Man dares deny, that I have

' done my Duty'-

The Colonel was thus proceeding to prove that his Prowess was neither the Subject of his Discourse, nor the Object of his Vanity, when a Servant entered, and summoned the Company to Tea with the Ladies; a Summons which Colonel James instantly obeyed, and was followed by all the rest.

But as the Tea-table Conversation, tho' extremely delightful to those who are engaged in it, may probably appear somewhat dull to the Reader, we will here put an End to the Chapter.

CHAP. IV.

A Dialogue between Booth and Amelian

THE next Morning early, Booth went by Appointment and waited on Colonel James; whence he returned to Amelia, in that Kind of Disposition which the great Master of human Passions would describe in Andromache, when he tells us she cried and smiled at the same Instant.

Amelia

m Italials at nois *

Amelia plainly perceived the Discomposure of his Mind, in which the opposite Affections of Joy and Grief were struggling for the Superiority, and begged to know the Occasion; upon which Booth spoke as follows.

' My Dear,' faid he, 'I had no Intention to conceal from you what hath ' past this Morning between me and the 'Colonel, who hath oppressed me, if I may use that Expression, with Obligations. Sure never Man had fuch a ' Friend; for never was there fo noble, ' fo generous a Heart--- I cannot help this ' Ebullition of Gratitude, I really can 'not.'---Here he paused a Moment and wiped his Eyes, and then proceeded; 'You know, my Dear, how gloomy the ' Prospect was Yesterday before our Eyes, ' howinevitable Ruin stared me in the Face: and the dreadful Idea of having entailed Beggary on my Amelia and her Posterity ' racked my Mind: For, tho' by the Goodness of the Doctor I had regained 'my Liberty, the Debt yet remained; and if that worthy Man had a Design of ' forgiving me his Share, this must have been my utmost Hope; and the Condi-Vol. III. tion

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' tion in which I must still have found myself need not to be expatiated on. In what Light then shall I see, in what Words shall I relate the Colonel's Kindness! O, my dear Amelia, he hath removed the whole Gloom at once, hath " driven all Despair out of my Mind, and hath filled it with the most fanguine, and at the fame Time, the most reason-able Hopes of making a comfortable · Provision for yourself and my dear 4 Children. In the first Place then, he will advance me a Sum of Money to pay off all my Debts; and this on a Bond to be repaid only when I shall bes come Colonel of a Regiment, and not before. In the next Place, he is gone this very Morning to ask a Company for me, which is now vacant in the * West-Indies; and as he intends to push this with all his Interest, neither he nor 4 I have any Doubt of his Success. Now, my Dear, comes the third, which, tho' · perhaps it ought to give me the greatest * Joy, fuch is, I own, the Weakness of my Nature, it rends my very Heartftrings afunder .-- I cannot mention it: ' For I know it will give you equal Pain --- tho' I know on all proper Occasions 4 you can exert a manly Resolution .--

You will not, I am convinced, oppose it, whatever you must suffer in complying--O, my dear Amelia, I must suffer · likewise; yet I have resolved to bear it . -- You know not what my poor Heart hath fuffered fince he made the Propofal · ---It is Love for you alone which could persuade me to submit to it---Consider our Situation, consider that of our Children; reflect but on those poor Babes, whose future Happiness is at Stake, and it must arm your Resolution. It is your ' Interest and theirs that reconciled me to a Proposal, which, when the Colonel first made it, struck me with the utmost ' Horror: He hath, indeed, from these ' Motives persuaded me into a Resolution, ' which I thought impossible for any one ' to have perfuaded me into---O, my dear ' Amelia, let me intreat you to give me up to the Good of your Children; as I ' have promised the Colonel to give you ' up to their Interest and your own. If ' you refuse these Terms, we are still un-' done; for he infifts absolutely upon them '--- Think then, my Love, however ' hard they may be, Necessity compels 'us to submit to them. I know in what 'Light a Woman who loves like you, ' must consider such a Proposal; and yet M 2

- how many Inftances have you of Wo-
- men, who, from the same Motives, have
- fubmitted to the fame!
- What can you mean, Mr. Booth?
- Need I explain my Meaning to you more?' answered Booth. --- ' Did I not
- fay, I must give up my Amelia?
 - Give me up!' faid fhe.
- For a Time only, I mean, answered he; for a short time perhaps. The Co-
- · lonel himself will take Care it shall not
- be long---for I know his Heart; I shall
- fcarce have more Joy in receiving you
- back, than he will have in reftoring you
- to my Arms. In the mean Time, he
- will not only be a Father to my Children,
- but a Husband to you.
 - A Husband to me!' faid Amelia.
- Yes, my Dear; a kind, a fond, a
- tender, an affectionate Husband. If I
- 4 had not the most certain Assurances of
- this, doth my Amelia think I could be
- prevailed on to leave her?---No, my
 Amelia,

· Amelia, he is the only Man on Earth,

who could have prevailed on me---; but

I know his House, his Purse, his Pro-

tection will be all at your Command--And as for any Dislike you have conceived to his Wife, let not that be any

· Objection: For I am convinced he will

onot fuffer her to infult you; besides she is extremely well-bred, and how much

foever fhe may hate you in her Heart,

fhe will at least treat you with Civility.

'Nay, the Invitation is not his but hers; and I am convinced they will

both behave to you with the greatest

· Friendship; his I am sure will be sincere,

as to the Wife of a Friend entrusted to

' his Care; and hers will, from good

Breeding, have not only the Appea-

rances, but the Effects of the truest

' Friendship.'

I understand you, my Dear, at last, faid she, (indeed she had rambled into very strange Conceits from some Parts of his Discourse) ' and I will give you my

' Resolution in a Word--- I will do the

Duty of a Wife; and that is, to attend

her Husband wherever he goes.

Booth attempted to reason with her, but all to no Purpose. She gave, indeed, a quiet Hearing to all he said, and even to those Parts which most displeased her Ears; I mean those in which he exaggerated the great Goodness and disinterested Generosity of his Friend; but her Resolution remained inslexible, and resisted the Force of all his Arguments with a Steadiness of Opposition, which it would have been almost excusable in him to have construed into Stubbornness.

The Doctor arrived in the midst of the Dispute, and having heard the Merits of the Cause on both Sides, delivered his Opinion in the following Words.

'I have always thought it, my dear 'Children, a Matter of the utmost Nicety,

' to interfere in any Differences between

Husband and Wife; but since you both

' defire me with such Earnestness, to give 'you my Sentiments on the present Con-

test between you, I will give you my

Thoughts as well as I am able. In

the first Place then, can any thing be

more reasonable than for a Wife to de-

' fire to attend her Husband? It is, as

e my

my favourite Child observes, no more than a Desire to do her Duty; and I make no Doubt but that is one great Reason of her insisting on it. And how can you yourself oppose it? Can Love be it's own Enemy; or can a Husband who is fond of his Wise, content himself almost on any Account with a long

Absence from her?

You speak like an Angel, my dear Doctor Harrison, answered Amelia; I am sure if he loved as tenderly as I do, he could on no Account submit to it.

Pardon me, Child, cries the Doctor, there are some Reasons which would not only justify his leaving you, but which must force him, if he hath any reasons Love for you, joined with Common Sense, to make that Election. If it was necessary, for Instance, either to your Good, or to the Good of your Children, he would not deserve the Name of a Man, I am sure not that of a Husband, if he hesitated a Moment. Nay, in that Case I am convinced, you yourself would be an Advocate for what you now oppose. I fancy therefore I mistook him, when I apprehended he M 4

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faid that the Colonel made his leaving

' you behind as the Condition of getting

' him the Commission: For I know my

- dear Child hath too much Goodness, and
- too much Sense, and too much Resolu-
- tion to prefer any temporary Indulgence

of her own Passions to the solid Advan-

' tages of her whole Family.'

- 'There, my Dear,' cries Booth, 'I knew what Opinion the Doctor would
- be of. Nay I am certain, there is not
- a wife Man in the Kingdom who would

· fay otherwise.

- 'Don't abuse me, young Gentleman,' faid the Doctor, 'with Appellations I don't deserve.
- I abuse you, my dear Doctor!' cries Booth.
- 'Yes, my dear Sir,' answered the Doctor; 'you infinuated slily that I was

wife, which, as the World understand

the Phrase, I should be ashamed of;

and my Comfort is, that no one can

accuse me justly of it; I have just

' given an Instance of the contrary, by

' throwing away my Advice.'

I

- I hope, Sir, cries Booth, that will not be the Case.
- 'Yes, Sir,' answered the Doctor. 'I
- know it will be the Case in the present. Instance; for either you will not go at
- all, or my little Turtle here will go
- with you.
- You are in the Right, Doctor, cries
- 'I am forry for it,' said the Doctor; for then I assure you, you are in the wrong.
- 'Indeed,' cries Amelia, 'if you knew' all my Reasons, you would say they were very strong ones.
- Very probably, cries the Doctor--
- Wrong, is a very strong Reason to some:
- Women to continue fo.'
- Nay, Doctor, cries Amelia, you fhall never persuade me of that. I will not believe that any human Being ever did M. 5.

an Action merely because they knew it

to be wrong.'

I am obliged to you, my dear Child,' faid the Doctor, ' for declaring your Re-

folution of not being perfuaded. Your

- · Husband would never call me a wise
- Man again, if after that Declaration I

fhould attempt to perfuade you.'

- 'Well, I must be content,' cries Amelia, 'to let you think as you please.'
- 'That is very gracious, indeed,' faid the Doctor. 'Surely in a Country where
- the Church fuffers others to think as they please, it would be very hard if
- they had not themselves the same Li-
- berty. And yet, as unreasonable as the
- · Power of controuling Men's Thoughts
- ' is represented, I will shew you how you
- · shall controul mine whenever you defire

it on able M sach

- 'How, pray!' cries Amelia. 'I should greatly esteem that Power.'
- Why whenever you act like a wife
- Woman, cries the Doctor, you will force me to think you so; and whenever

you are pleased to act as you do now,

' I shall be obliged, whether I will or no.

to think as I do now.

' Nay, dear Doctor,' cries Booth, " I am convinced my Amelia will never do ' any thing to forfeit your good Opinion. Consider but the cruel Hardship of what she is to undergo; and you will make Allowances for the Difficulty she ' makes in complying. To fay the Truth, when I examine my own Heart, I have ' more Obligations to her than appear at first Sight: For by obliging me to find 'Arguments to persuade her, she hath ' affifted me in conquering myfelf. Indeed, if she had shewn more Resolution, "I should have shewn less."

' So you think it necessary then,' said the Doctor, ' that there should be one Fool at ' leaft in every married Couple. A mighty Refolution truly, and well worth your va-' luing yourself upon, to part with your 'Wise for a sew Months in order to make ' the Fortune of her and your Children. 'When you are to leave her too in the ' Care and Protection of a Friend that gives Credit to the old Stories of Friendship, and doth an Honour to M 6 · Human

' Human Nature. What in the Name

of Goodness, do either of you think

that you have made a Union to endure

for ever? How will either of you bear

that Separation which must some time

or other, and perhaps very foon, be the Lot of one of you? Have you forgot that you are both mortal?---As for

· Christianity, I see you have resigned all

' Pretenfions to it: For I make no

' Doubt, but that you have fo fet your

' Hearts on the Happiness you enjoy

· here together, that neither of you ever

' think a Word of Hereafter.

Amelia now burst into Tears, upon which Booth begged the Doctor to proceed no further. Indeed, he would not have wanted the Caution: For, however blunt he appeared in his Discourse, he had a Tenderness of Heart which is rarely found among Men; for which I know no other Reason, than that true Goodness is rarely found among them: For I am firmly perfuaded that the latter never poffessed any Human Mind in any Degree, without being attended by as large a Portion of the former.

Thus then ended the Conversation on this Subject; what followed is not worth relating till the Doctor carried off Booth with him to take a Walk in the Park.

CHAP. V.

A Conversation between Amelia and Doctor Harrison, with the Result.

MELIA being left alone, began to consider seriously of her Condition; the faw it would be very difficult to refift the Importunities of her Husband, backed by the Authority of the Doctor; especially as she well knew how unreasonable her Declarations must appear to every one who was ignorant of her real Motives to persevere in it. On the other Hand, fhe was fully determined, whatever might be the Consequence, to adhere firmly to her Refolution of not accepting the Colonel's Invitation.

When she had turned the Matter every Way in her Mind, and vexed and tormented herself with much uneasy Reflexion upon it, a Thought at last occurred to her, which immediately brought

her

her some Comfort. This was, to make a Consident of the Doctor, and to impart to him the whole Truth. This Method, indeed, appeared to her now to be so adviseable, that she wondered she had not hit upon it sooner; but it is the Nature of Despair to blind us to all the Means of Safety, however easy and apparent they may be.

Having fixed her Purpose in her Mind, she wrote a short Note to the Doctor, in which she acquainted him that she had something of great Moment to impart to him, which must be an entire secret from her Husband, and begged that she might have an Opportunity of communicating it as soon as possible.

Doctor Harrison received the Letter that Asternoon, and immediately complied with Amelia's Request in visiting her. He found her drinking Tea with her Husband and Mrs. Atkinson, and sat down and joined the Company.

Soon after the Removal of the Teatable, Mrs. Atkinson left the Room. The Doctor then turning to Booth; said, 'I hope, Captain, you have a true Sense of

of the Obedience due to the Church,

' tho' our Clergy do not often exact it.

· However, it is proper to exercise our

· Power fometimes in order to remind.

the Laity of their Duty. I must tell

' you therefore, that I have fome private

Business with your Wife; and I expect

· your immediate Absence.'

"Upon my Word, Doctor," answered Booth, 'no Popish Confessor, I sirmly believe, ever pronounced his Will and Pleasure with more Gravity and Dignity; none therefore was ever more immediately obeyed then you shall be." Booth then quitted the Room, and desired the Doctor to recall him when his Business with the Lady was over.

Doctor Harrison promised he would, and then turning to Amelia, he said, 'Thus 'far, Madam, I have obeyed your Commands, and am now ready to receive the important Secret which you mention in your Note.'

Amelia now informed her Friend of all the knew, all the had feen and heard, and all that the suspected of the Colonel. The good Man seemed greatly shocked

at the Relation, and remained in a filent Astonishment. Upon which, Amelia faid. 'Is Villany fo rare a Thing, Sir, that it should so much surprize you?'

No, Child,' cries he; but I am shock-

ed at seeing it so artfully disguised under the Appearance of so much Virtue.

· And to confess the Truth, I believe my

own Vanity is a little hurt in having been so grossly imposed upon. Indeed,

" I had a very high Regard for this Man;

· for, besides the great Character given of

him by your Husband, and the many

· Facts I have heard fo much redounding to his Honour, he hath the fairest and

· most promising Appearance I have ever

beheld--- A good Face they fay, is a

Letter of Recommendation. O Nature,

Nature, why art thou fo dishonest, as

ever to fend Men with these false Re-

commendations into the World!

Indeed, my dear Sir, I begin to grow entirely fick of it, cries Amelia: For fure all Mankind almost are Villains

in their Hearts.

· Fie, Child,' cries the Doctor. onot make a Conclusion fo much to the Dishonour of the great Creator. The · Nature

· Nature of Man is far from being in itfelf Evil: It abounds with Benevolence, ' Charity and Pity, coveting Praise and ' Honour, and shunning Shame and Dis-' grace. Bad Education, bad Habits, ' and bad Customs, debauch our Nature, ' and drive it Headlong as it were into ' Vice. The Governors of the World, ' and I am afraid the Priesthood, are an-' swerable for the Badness of it. Instead of discouraging Wickedness to the ut-' most of their Power, both are too apt to connive at it. In the great Sin of ' Adultery for Instance; hath the Go-' vernment provided any Law to punish it; or doth the Priest take any Care to ' correct it? On the contrary, is the ' most notorious Practice of it any Detri-' ment to a Man's Fortune or to his Reputation in the World? Doth it exclude ' him from any Preferment in the State, 'I had almost faid in the Church? Is it ' any Blot in his Escutcheon? Any Bar to ' his Honour? Is he not to be found every Day in the Assemblies of Women of ' the highest Quality? In the Closets of ' the greatest Men, and even at the Ta-' bles of Bishops? What Wonder then, if ' the Community in general treat this monftrous Crime as Matter of Jest, and that

· Men give way to the Temptations of a

· violent Appetite, when the Indulgence

of it is protected by Law and counte-

' nanced by Custom. I am convinced

there are good Stamina in the Nature

of this very Man: For he hath done

· Acts of Friendship and Generosity to

your Husband, before he could have

any evil Design on your Chastity; and

in a Christian Society, which I no more

· esteem this Nation to be, than I do any

· Part of Turky, I doubt not but this

· very Colonel would have made a worthy

and valuable Member.'

- 'Indeed, my dear Sir,' cries Amelia,
 'you are the wifest as well as best Man'in the World—
- Not a Word of my Wisdom, cries the Doctor. I have not a Grain---I am

onot the least versed in the Chrematistic *
Art, as an old Friend of mine calls it.

I know not how to get a fingle Shil-

· ling, nor how to keep it in my Pocket

" when I have it."

But you understand Human Nature to the Bottom,' answered Amelia; 'and

* The Art of getting Wealth is so called by Aristotle in his Politics.

" your

- · your Mind is a Treasury of all ancient
- and modern Learning."
- You are a little Flatterer,' cries the Doctor; but I diflike you not for it.

· And to shew you I don't, I will return

- ' your Flattery; and tell you, you have
- acted with great Prudence in concealing
- this Affair from your Husband, but
- ' you have drawn me into a Scrape: For · I have promised to dine with this Fel-
- ' low again To-morrow; and you have
- ' made it impossible for me to keep my
- Word.
- · Nay but, dear Sir, cries Amelia, · for Heaven's Sake take Care. If you shew
- any kind of Difrespect to the Colonel, my Husband may be led into some Suspicion—Especially after our Con-
- ference.
- Fear nothing, Child. I will give him no Hint; and that I may be cer-
- tain of not doing it, I will stay away.
- 'You do not think, I hope, that I will
- ' join in a chearful Conversation with
- ' fuch a Man; that I will fo far betray
- my Character as to give any Counte-nance to such flagitious Proceedings.

Besides.

- Besides, my Promise was only conditio-
- nal; and I do not know whether I could
- otherwise have kept it: For I expect
- an old Friend every Day, who comes
- to Town twenty Miles on Foot to fee
- me; whom I shall not part with on any Account: For as he is very poor,
- he may imagine I treat him with Dif-
- respect.
- Well, Sir, cries Amelia, I must admire you, and love you for your
- Goodness.
 - · Must you love me?' cries the Doctor.
- I could cure you now in a Minute if I
 - · pleased.'
 - ' Indeed, I defy you, Sir,' faid Amelia.
- 'If I could but persuade you,' anfwered he, 'that I thought you not
- ' handsome, away would vanish all Ideas
- of Goodness in an Instant. Confess
- · honeftly, would they not?
 - Perhaps I might blame the Goodness
- of your Eyes, replied Amelia; and that is perhaps an honester Confession
- than you expected. But do, pray, Sir,

be ferious; and give me your Advice

what to do. Consider the difficult Game

- I have to play: For I am fure, after what I have told you, you would not even fuffer me to remain under the

- 4 Roof of this Colonel.'
- ' No, indeed, would I not,' faid the Doctor, ' whilst I have a House of my own to entertain you.'
- But how to diffuade my Husband," continued she, ' without giving him any Suspicion of the real Cause, the Consequences of his gueffing at which, I
- ' tremble to think upon."
- ' I will confult my Pillow upon it,' faid the Doctor, ' and in the Morning ' you shall see me again. In the mean time be comforted, and compose the ' Perturbations of your Mind.'
- 'Well, Sir,' faid The, 'I put my whole Trust in you.'
- " I am forry to hear it,' cries the Doctor. Your Innocence may give you a very ' confident Trust in a much more powerful Affistance. However, I will do all

Lean to ferve you; and now if you pleafe we will call back your Husband:

For upon my Word he hath fhewn a good Catholic Patience. And where is

the honest Serjeant and his Wife? I am

be pleased with the Behaviour of you both

to that worthy Fellow, in Opposition to the Custom of the World; which

instead of being formed on the Precepts

of our Religion to consider each other

' as Brethren, teaches us to regard those

who are a Degree below us, either in

· Rank or Fortune, as a Species of Beings

of an inferior Order in the Creation.

The Captain now returned into the Room, as did the Serjeant and Mrs. At-kinson; and the two Couple, with the Doctor, spent the Evening together in great Mirth and Festivity; for the Doctor was one of the best Companions in the World; and a Vein of Cheerfulness, Good-Humour and Pleasantry, ran through his Conversation, with which it was impossible to resist being pleased.

CHAP. VI.

version account of the first

Containing as surprizing an Accident as is perhaps recorded in History.

OOTH had acquainted the Serjeant with the great Goodness of Colonel James, and with the cheerful Prospects which he entertained from it. This Atkinson behind the Curtain communicated to his Wife. The Conclusions which she drew from it, need scarce be hinted to the Reader. She made, indeed, no Scruple of plainly and bluntly telling her Husband that the Colonel had a most manifest Intention to attack the Chastity of Amelia.

This Thought gave the poor Serjeant great Uneafiness, and after having kept him long awake, tormented him in his Sleep with a most horrid Dream, in which he imagined that he faw the Colonel standing by the Bed-side of Amelia, with a naked Sword in his Hand, and threatening to stab her instantly, unless she complied with his Desires. Upon this, the Serjeant started up in his Bed, and catchhing his Wife by the Throat, cried out, D-i you, put up your Sword this . Inftant.

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' Instant, and leave the Room, or by

· Heaven I'll drive mine to your Heart's

Blood.

This rough Treatment immediately roused Mrs. Atkinson from her Sleep, who no sooner perceived the Position of her Husband, and felt his Hand grasping her Throat, than she gave a violent Shriek, and presently fell into a Fit.

Atkinson now waked likewise, and soon became fensible of the violent Agitations of his Wife. He immediately leapt out of Bed, and running for a Bottle of Water began to sprinkle her very plentifully; but all to no Purpose, she neither spoke nor gave any Symptoms of Recovery. Atkinson then began to roar aloud; upon which Booth, who lay under him, jumpt from his Bed, and ran up with the lighted Candle in his Hand. The Serjeant had no fooner taken the Candle, than he ran with it to the Bed-fide. Here he beheld a Sight which almost deprived him of his Senses. The Bed appeared to be all over Blood, and his Wife weltring in the midst of it. Upon this, the Serjeant almost in a Frenzy, cried out, O Heavens! · I have killed my Wife. I have stabbed · her.

her. I have stabbed her. What " can be the Meaning of all this?" said Booth .- ' O Sir,' cries the Serjeant, 'I dreamt I was rescuing your Lady from the Hands of Colonel James, and I have killed my poor Wife. ——Here he threw himself upon the Bed by her, caught her in his Arms, and behaved like one frantic with Despair.

By this Time, Amelia had thrown on a wrapping Gown, and was come up into the Room, where the Serjeant and his Wife were lying on the Bed, and Booth standing like a motionless Statue by the Bed-side. Amelia had some Difficulty to conquer the Effects of her own Surprize on this Occafion; for a more ghaftly and horrible Sight than the Bed prefented, could not be conceived. at leggth to appeale and litisty

Amelia sent Booth to call up the Maid of the House, in order to lend her Asfistance; but before his Return, Mrs. Atkinson began to come to herself; and soon after, to the inexpressible Joy of the Serjeant, it was discovered she had no Wound. Indeed, the delicate Nose of Amelia soon made that Discovery, which the groffer Smell of the Serjeant, and perhaps his Vot. III. Fright

Fright had prevented him from making: For now it appeared that the red Liquor with which the Bed was stained, tho' it may perhaps fometimes run through the Veins of a fine Lady, was not what is properly called Blood; but was, indeed, no other than Cherry Brandy, a Bottle of which Mrs. Atkinson always kept in her Room to be ready for immediate Use; and to which she used to apply for Comfort in all her Afflictions. This the poor Serjeant, in his extreme Hurry, had mistaken for a Bottle of Water. Matters were now foon accommodated, and no other Mischief appeared to be done, unless to the Bed-Cloaths. Amelia and Booth returned back to their Room; and Mrs. Atkinson rose from her Bed, in order to equip it with a Pair of clean Sheets. If the afterwards read a thort Curtain Lecture to the Serjeant, he found Means at length to appeale and fatisfy her.

And thus this Adventure would have ended without producing any Kind of Confequence, had not the Words which the Serjeant uttered in his Frenzy, made fome flight Impression on Booth: So much, at least, as to awaken his Curiosity; so that in the Morning when he arose, he sent for the Serjeant, and desired to hear the Particulars

ticulars of this Dream, fince Amelia was concerned in it.

The Serjeant, at first, feem'd unwilling to comply, and endeavoured to make Excuses. This, perhaps, encreased Booth's Curiofity, and he faid, ' Nay I am refolved to hear it. Why, you Simpleton, ' do you imagine me weak enough to be ' affected by a Dream, however terrible it " may be?"

- 'Nay, Sir,' cries the Serjeant, 'as for that Matter Dreams have fometimes fal-
- len out to be true. One of my own,
- ' I know, did fo, concerning your Ho-
- ' nour: For when you courted my young
- Lady, I dreamt you was married to her; ' and yet it was at a Time when neither
- ' I myself, nor any of the Country, thought
- ' you would ever obtain her. But Heaven
- ' forbid this Dream should ever come to pass.
- 'Why, what was this Dream?' cries Booth. 'I insift on knowing.'
- 'To be fure, Sir,' cries the Serjeant, ' I must not resuse you; but, I hope, you

will never think any more of it. Why then, Sir, I dreamt that your Honour was gone to the West-Indies, and had left my Lady in the Care of Colonel James; s and last Night, I dreamt, the Colonel came to my Lady's Bed-side, offering to ravish her; and with a drawn Sword in his Hand threaten'd to stab her that · Moment, unless she would comply with his Defires. How I came to be by, I ' know not; but, I dreamt, I rushed upon him, caught him by the Throat, and fwore I would put him to Death, unless he instantly left the Room.-Here I waked, and this was my Dream. I never paid any Regard to a Dream in my Life-but, indeed, I never dreamt any thing fo very plain as this. It appeared downright Reality. I am fure I have · left the Marks of my Fingers in my Wife's Throat. I would not have taken a hundred Pound to have used her " fo."

Faith,' cries Booth, 'it was an odd
'Dream—and not so easily to be accounted
for, as that you had formerly of my
Marriage; for as Shakespear says, Dreams
denote a foregone Conclusion. Now it is
impossible

' impossible you should ever have thought of any such Matter as this.'

'However, Sir,' cries the Serjeant, 'it is' in your Honour's Power to prevent any Possibility of this Dream's coming to pass, by not leaving my Lady to the Care of the Colonel: If you must go from her, certainly there are other Places where she may be with great Safety; and since my Wife tells me that my Lady is so very unwilling, whatever Reasons she may have, I hope your Honour will oblige her.'

Now I recollect it,' cries Booth, 'Mrs. Atkinson hath once or twice dropt some disrespectful Words of the Colonel. He hath done something to disoblige her.'

'He hath, indeed, Sir,' replied the Serjeant: 'He hath said that of her which 'she doth not deserve, and for which, if he had not been my superior Officer, I would have cut both his Ears off.—Nay, for that Matter, he can speak ill of other People besides her.'

2 ad 77 4

- 'Do you know, Atkinson,' cries Booth, very gravely, 'that you are talking of the 'dearest Friend I have?'
- 'To be honest then,' answered the Ser-'jeant, 'I do not think so. If I did, I 'should love him much better than I do.'
- "I must and will have this explained," cries Booth. "I have too good an Opinion of you, Atkinson, to think you would drop fuch Things as you have, without some Reason—and I will know it."
- I am forry I have dropt a Word,' eries Atkinson. I am sure I did not intend it; and your Honour hath drawn it from me unawares.'
- 'Indeed, Atkinson,' cries Booth, 'you have made me very uneasy, and I must be satisfied.'
- Then, Sir,' faid the Serjeant, 'you fhall give me your Word of Honour; or I will be out into Ten thousand Pieces before I will mention another Syllable.'

- " What shall I promise ?' said Booth."
- 'That you will not resent any thing I hall lay to the Colonek,' answered At-kinson.
- 'Refent!—Well, I give you my Ho'nour,' faid Booth.

The Serjeant made him bind himself over and over again; and then related to him the Scene which formerly past between the Colonel and himself, as far as concerned Booth himself; but concealed all that more immediately related to Amelia.

- 'Atkinson,' cries Booth, 'I cannot be angry with you; for I know you love
- ' me, and I have many Obligations to
- you; but you have done wrong in cenfuring the Colonel for what he faid of
- me. I deserve all that he faid; and his
- ' Censures proceeded from his Friend-
- " fhip."
- 'But it was not so kind, Sir,' said Atkinson, ' to say such Things to me who am but a Serjeant, and at such a Time too.'

- 'I will hear no more,' cries Booth. 'Be affured you are the only Man I would forgive on this Occasion; and I forgive you only on Condition you never speak a Word more of this Nature.—This filly Dream hath intoxicated you.
- 'I have done, Sir,' cries the Serjeant.
 'I know my Distance, and whom I am to
 'obey; but I have one Favour to beg of your
 'Honour, never to mention a Word of
 'what I have said to my Lady; for I
 'know she never would forgive me; I
 'know she never would, by what my Wise
 'hath told me. Besides, you need not
 'mention it, Sir, to my I ady; for she
 'I nows it all already, and a great deal
 'more.'

Booth presently parted from the Serjeant, having desired him to close his Lips on this Occasion, and repaired to his Wife, to whom he related the Serjeant's Dream.

Amelia turned as white as Snow, and fell into so violent a trembling, that Booth plainly perceived her Emotion, and immediately partook of it himself.— Sure, my Dear, faid he, staring wildly, there

- ' is more in this than I know. A filly
- Dream could not fo discompose you. I
- beg you, I intreat you to tell me-hath

ever Colonel James'

At the very Mention of the Colonel's Name, Amelia fell on her Knees, and begged her Husband not to frighten her?d south of bright Trov down of at a

- What do I fay, my dear Love,' cried Booth, 'that can frighten you?'
- ' Nothing, my Dear,' faid she .- ' But
- my Spirits are fo discomposed with the
- dreadful Scene I saw last Night, that a
- Dream, which, at another Time, I should
- have laughed at, hath shocked me. Do
- but promise me that you will not leave
- me behind you, and I am eafy.
- 'You may be fo,' cries Booth; 'for I
- will never deny you any Thing.—But
- make me easy too. I must know, if
- ' you have feen any thing in Colonel James
- to displease you.

PAROMA.

Why should you suspect it? cries Ame-Apprehension of sactive

is more in this than I know.

- ' You torment me to Death,' cries Booth.
- By Heavens! I will know the Truth.
- ' Hath he ever faid or done any thing
- which you dislike?
- As the very Mantien How, my Dear, faid Amelia, can you imagine I should dislike a Man, who is fo much your Friend? Think of all the Obligations you have to him, and then you may eafily refolve yourself.
 Do you think, because I refuse to stay behind you in his House, that I have
- any Objection to him?-No, my Dear, had he done a thousand Times more
- than he hath, was he an Angel instead
- of a Man, I would not quit my Billy .-'There's the Sore, my Dear; there's the
- Mifery to be left by you.

Booth embraced her with the most pasfionate Raptures, and looking on her with inexpressible Tenderness, cry'd—' Upon my Soul, I am not worthy of you.—I am a Fool, and yet you cannot blame me.—If the stupid Miser hoards, with

- fuch Care, his worthless Treasure; if he
- watches it with fuch Anxiety; if every
- Apprehension of another's sharing the
 - least Part, fills his Soul with fuch Agonies;

- Agonies; O Amelia! what must be my
- Condition, what Terrors must I feel
- while I am watching over a Jewel of
- fuch real, such inestimable Worth?
- I can, with great Truth, return the ' Compliment,' cries Amelia. "I have my
- Treasure too; and am so much a Miser,
- that no Force shall ever tear me from
- to entirely and the new perceived when it
- I am ashamed of my Folly, cries Booth; and yet it is all from extreme

ordered and bow face be

- 'Tenderness. Nay, you yourself are the
- Occasion. Why will you ever attempt
- to keep a Secret from me? Do you
- think I should have referred so my Friend
- ' his just Censure of my Conduct?'-
- What Cenfure, my dear Love?" cries Amelia.
- ' Nay, the Serjeant hath told me all,' cries Booth-Nay, and that he hath told
- ' it to you-Poor Soul! thou couldst not
- ' endure to hear me accused, tho' never
- fo justly, and by so good a Friend. In-deed, may Dear, I have discovered the Cause of that Resentment to the Colo-

- e nel, which you could not hide from

N 6

me.

' me-I love you, I adore you for it. In-

Word on you.—But why do I compare

'Things so unlike? What the Colonel

' faid of me was just and true; every Re-

flexion on my Amelia must be false and

Compliment, cites Angles. '. suonallive'

The Discernment of Amelia was extremely quick; and she now perceived what had happened, and how much her Husband knew of the Truth. She resolved therefore to humour him, and fell severely on Colonel James for what he had said to the Serjeant, which Booth endeavoured all he could to soften; and thus ended this Affair, which had brought Booth to thevery Brink of a Discovery, which must have given him the highest Torment, it it had not produced any of those tragical Effects which Amelia apprehended.

Viry, the Serieant bath told the all,' cries Book within and that he had been told in to you..... Poor Soult than could not endure to hear me accused, that never never

ael, which you could not hide from

' lo judity, and by so good a Friend. InP. AcH Dour, I have discovered the
Cause of that Researcher to the Colo-

it fiven my Brother, who is a judge of that the All A Add D fare cannot

In which the Author appears to be Master of that profound Learning called The Knowledge of the Town.

RS. James now came to pay a Morning's Visit to Amelia. She entered the Room with her usual Gaiety. and after a flight Preface, addressing herfelf to Booth, faid, she had been quarrelling with her Husband on his Account 'I know not,' faid she, ' what he means by thinking of fending you the Lord knows whither. I have infifted on his asking something for you nearer home. And it would be the hardest Thing in the World, if he should not obtain it. Are we resolved never to encourage Merit; but to throw away all our Preferments on those who do not deserve them? What a Set of contemptible Wretches do we see strutting about the ' Town in Scarlet!'

Booth made a very low Bow, and modestly spoke in Disparagement of himself. To which she answered, Indeed, Mr. Booth, you have Merit. I have heard it.

it from my Brother, who is a Judge

of those Matters; and I am fure cannot

be suspected of Flattery. He is your

Friend as well as myself; and we will

' never let Mr. James rest till he hath got

' you a Commission in England.'

Booth bowed again, and was offering to speak, but she interrupted him, saying, I will have no Thanks, nor no fine Speeches. If I can do you any Service, I shall think I am only paying the Debt

of Friendship to my dear Mrs. Booth.

Amelia, who had long fince forgot the Diflike fhe had taken to Mrs. James at her first. feeing her in Town, had attributed it to the right Cause, and had begun to resume her former Friendship for her, expressed very warm Sentiments of Gratitude on this Occasion. She told Mrs. James, she should be eternally obliged to her if she could fucceed in her kind Endeavours; for that the Thoughts of parting again with her Husband had given her the utmost Concern. '. Indeed,' added she, I cannot help faying, he hath some Merit in the Service: For he hath received · two dreadful Wounds in it, one of which very greatly endangered his Life; and,

- I am convinced, if his Pretenfions were
- backed with any Interest, he would not
- fail of Success.
- 'They shall be backed with Interest,' cries Mrs. James, 'if my Husband hath
- any. He hath no Favour to alk for
- himself, nor for any other Friend that I
- know of; and, indeed, to grant a
- ' Man his just Due, ought hardly to be
- thought a Favour. Resume your old
- Gaiety, therefore, my dear Emily. Lord!
- I remember the Time when you was
- ' much the gayer Creature of the two.
- ' But you make an arrant Mope of your-
- felf, by confining yourself at home.
- One never meets you any where. Come,
- ' you shall go with me to the Lady Betty
- Castleton's.
- ' Indeed, you must excuse me, my
- ' Dear,' answered Amelia, 'I do not know
- " Lady Betty."
- 'Not know Lady Betty! How is that
- * possible ?--- But no Matter, I will intro-
- ' duce you --- She keeps a Morning Rout;
- " hardly a Rout, indeed; a little Bit of a
- Drum----only four or five Tables .---
- Come, take your Capuchine; you po-

- fitively shall go--Booth, you shall go
- with us too. The you are with your
- Wife, another Woman will keep you
- in Countenance.'
- They find be backed with inchreit." ' La! Child,' cries Amelia, ' how you rattle l'e quovi d on diad old
- hirsfells, nor for any other Priend dute ' I am in Spirits,' answered Mrs. James, this Morning: For I won four Rubbers
- ' together last Night; and betted the
- 'Things, and won almost every Bet. I am in Luck, and we will contrive to be
- Partners---Come.
- no west make an arrant Mane of your ' Nay, Child, you shall not refuse Mrs. James,' faid Booth.
- · I have scarce seen my Children Today,' answered Amelia. Besides, I mortally detest Cards.
- Detest Cards !' cries Mrs. James.
- · How can you be so stupid? I would
- onot live a Day without them--- Nay,
 - ' indeed, I do not believe I should be able
- to exist. Is there so delightful a Sight
- in the World, as the four Honours in
- one's own Hand, unless it be three nalaruteles, take your Capachine, you po

- tural Aces at Bragg And you really
- hate Cards I'out the share sand bloom
- Vance appear in the against Magnes but-'Upon Reflexion,' cries Amelia, 'I have fometimes had great Pleafure in
- them -- in seeing my Children build
- ' Houses with them. My little Boy is so
- dexterous, that he will fometimes build
- up the whole Pack of the won talents
- ' Indeed, Booth,' cries Mrs. James, this good Woman of yours is strangely
- altered fince I knew her first; but she
- ' will always be a good Creature.'
- 'Upon my Word, my Dear,' cries Amelia, 'you are altered too very greatly;
- but I doubt not to live to see you alter
- ' again, when you come to have as many
- Children as I have, who I am of I
- 'Children!' eries Mrs. James, 'you
- ' make me shudder. How can you envy
- ' me the only Circumstance which makes
- ' Matrimony comfortable?'
- 'Indeed, my Dear,' said Amelia, 'you injure me: For I envy no Woman's
- ' Happines in Marriage.' At these
- Words, such Looks past between Booth bo A

and

and his Wife as, to a fensible By-stander, would have made all the Airs of Mrs. James appear in the highest Degree contemptible, and would have rendered herself the Object of Compassion. Nor could that Lady avoid looking a little filly on the Occasion.

Amelia now, at the earnest Desire of her Husband, accountered herself to attend her Friend; but first she insisted on visiting her Children, to whom she gave several hearty Kisses, and then recommending them to the Care of Mrs. Atkinson, she and her Husband accompanied Mrs. James to the Rout; where sew of my fine Readers will be displeased to make Part of the Company.

The two Ladies and Booth then entered an Apartment beset with Card-tables, like the Rooms at Bath and Tunbridge. Mrs. James immediately introduced her Friends to Lady Betty; who received them very civilly, and presently engaged Booth and Mrs. James in a Party at Whist: For, as to Amelia, she so much declined playing, that as the Party could be filled without her, she was permitted to sit by.

And now, who should make his Appearance but the noble Peer, of whom fo much honourable Mention hath already been made in this History. He walked directly up to Amelia, and addressed her with as perfect a Confidence, as if he had not been in the least conscious of having in any Manner displeased her; tho' the Reader will hardly fuppose, that Mrs. Ellison had kept any Thing a Secret from him.

Amelia was not, however, so forgetful. She made him a very distant Curtesy, would scarce vouchsafe an Answer to any Thing he faid; and took the first Opportunity of shifting her Chair, and retiring from him.

Her Behaviour, indeed, was fuch, that the Peer plainly perceived, that he should get no Advantage by pursuing her any farther at present. Instead, therefore, of attempting to follow her, he turned on his Heel, and addressed his Discourse to another Lady; tho' he could not avoid often casting his Eyes towards Amelia as long as the remained in the Room.

Fortune, which seems to have been generally no great Friend to Mr. Booth, gave him no extraordinary Marks of her Favour at Play. He lost two full Rubbers, which cost him five Guineas; after which, Amelia, who was uneasy at his Lordship's Presence, begged him in a Whisper to return home; with which Request he directly complied.

Nothing, I think, remarkable happened to *Booth*, unless the Renewal of his Acquaintance with an Officer whom he had known abroad, and who made one of his Party at the Whist-table.

The Name of this Gentleman, with whom the Reader will hereafter be better acquainted, was Trent. He had formerly been in the same Regiment with Booth, and there was some Intimacy between them. Captain Trent exprest great Delight in meeting his Brother Officer, and both mutually promised to visit each other.

The Scenes which had past the preceding Night and that Morning, had so confused Amelia's Thoughts, that in the Hurry

Hurry in which she was carried off by Mrs. James, she had entirely forgot her Appointment with Dr. Harrison. When she was informed at her Return home, that the Doctor had been to wait upon her, and had expressed some Anger at her being gone out, she became greatly uneasy, and begged of her Husband to go to the Doctor's Lodgings, and make her Apology.

But lest the Reader should be as angry with the Doctor, as he had declared himfelf with Amelia, we think proper to explain the Matter. Nothing then was farther from the Doctor's Mind than the Conception of any Anger towards Amelia. On the contrary, when the Girl answered him, that her Mistress was not at home, the Doctor faid with great good Humour, ' How! not at home! then tell your ' Mistress she is a giddy Vagabond, and 4 I will come to fee her no more till she fends for me.'--- This the poor Girl, from misunderstanding oneWord, and half forgetting the rest, had construed into great Passion, several very bad Words, and a Declaration that he would never fee Amelia any more. timest you, it you are in cut

CHAP. VIII.

In which two Strangers make their Appearance.

B o o T H went to the Doctor's Lodgings, and found him engaged with his Country-friend and his Son, a young Gentleman who was lately in Orders; both whom the Doctor had lest, to keep his Appointment with Amelia.

After what we mentioned at the End of the last Chapter, we need take little Notice of the Apology made by Booth, or the Doctor's Reception of it, which was in his peculiar Manner. 'Your Wife,' said he, 'is a vain Hussy to think herself worth my Anger; but tell her, I have the Vanity myself to think I cannot be angry without a better Cause. And

- ' yet tell her, I intend to punish her for her Levity: For if you go abroad, I
- have determined to take her down with
- ' me into the Country, and make her do

· Penance there till your Return.

Dear Sir,' faid Booth, 'I know not how to thank you, if you are in earnest.'

·I

- 'I assure you then I am in earnest, cries the Doctor; 'but you need not thank me, however, since you know 'not how'---
- But would not that, Sir,' faid Booth,
 be shewing a Slight to the Colonel's Invitation? and you know I have so many
 Obligations to him.'
- Don't tell me of the Colonel,' cries the Doctor, 'the Church is to be first ferved. Besides, Sir, I have Priority of Right, even to you yourself. You stole my little Lamb from me: For I was her first Love.'
- Well, Sir, cries Booth, if I should be so unhappy to leave her to any one, she must herself determine; and, I believe, it will not be difficult to guess where her Choice will fall: For of all Men, next to her Husband, I believe, none can contend with Dr. Harrison in her Favour.
- 'Since you fay fo,' cries the Doctor,
 '---fetch her hither to Dinner with us:
 'For I am at least so good a Christian

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to love those that love me--- I will shew

'you my Daughter, my old Friend; for

I am really proud of her-and you may

bring my Grand-children with you, if

' you please.'

Booth made some Compliments, and then went on his Errand. As soon as he was gone, the old Gentleman said to the Doctor, 'Pray, my good Friend, what 'Daughter is this of yours? I never so 'much as heard that you was married.'

And what then, cries the Doctor,

did you ever hear that a Pope was mar-

fried? and yet some of them have had

' Sons and Daughters, I believe; but,

however, this young Gentleman will ab-

folve me without obliging me to Pe-

5 nance. or and print of vigoration of ed

'I have not yet that Power,' answered the young Clergyman: 'For I am only in Deacon's Orders.'

Are you not?' cries the Doctor; why then I will absolve myself. You are to know then, my good Friend,

that this young Lady was the Daughter

of a Neighbour of mine, who is fince dead,

dead, and whose Sins I hope are forgiven: For she had too much to answer for on her Child's Account. Her Father was my intimate Acquaintance and Friend; a worthier Man, indeed, I believe never lived. He died fuddenly when his Children were Infants; and, perhaps, to the Suddenness of his Death it was owing, that he did not recom-' mend any Care of them to me. However, I, in some Measure, took that 'Charge upon me; and particularly of ' her whom I call my Daughter. Indeed, ' as she grew up, she discovered so many good Qualities, that she wanted not the Remembrance of her Father's Merit to ' recommend her. I do her no more than Justice, when I say, she is one of the best Creatures I ever knew. She hath 'a Sweetness of Temper, a Generosity of 'Spirit, an Openness of Heart-in a ' Word, she hath a true Christian Dispo-' fition. I may call her an Israelite indeed, ' in whom there is no Guile.'

' I wish you Joy of your Daughter,' cries the old Gentleman: ' For to a Man of your Disposition, to find out an ade-' quate Object of your Benevolence, is, 'I acknowledge, to find a Treasure.' Vol. III. · It

- It is, indeed, a Happiness,' cries the Doctor.
- ' The greatest Difficulty,' added the Gentleman, ' which Persons of your Turn

of Mind meet with, is in finding proper

- · Objects of their Goodness: For no-
- thing fure can be more irksome to a generous Mind, than to discover, that it
- hath thrown away all its good Offices on
- · a Soil that bears no other Fruit than In-
- " gratitude."
- "I remember,' cries the Doctor, "Phucylides faith,

Μή κακον ευ έρξης σπείρειν ίσον ες ένὶ πόντω *.

- * But he speaks more like a Philosopher than a Christian. I am more pleased
- with a French Writer, one of the best,
- indeed, that I ever read; who blames
- · Men for lamenting the ill Return which is fo often made to the best Offices +. A
- true Christian can never be disappointed
- * Todo a Kindness to a bad Man, is like fowing your Seed in the Sea. + D'Esprit.

- if he doth not receive his Reward in this
- World: The Labourer might as well
- complain, that he is not paid his Hire in ' the Middle of the Day.'
- ' I own, indeed,' faid the Gentleman, ' if we see it in that Light'-
- ' And in what Light should we see it?' answered the Doctor. ' Are we like Agrippa, only almost Christians? Or, is Chriflianity a Matter of bare Theory, and onot a Rule for our Practice?
- ' Practical undoubtedly, undoubtedly ' practical,' cries the Gentleman. ' Your Example might indeed have convinced ' me long ago, that we ought to do Good ' to every one.'
- ' Pardon me, Father,' cries the young Divine, ' that is rather a Heathenish than 'a Christian Doctrine. Homer, I remember, introduces in his Iliad one Axylus, of whom he fays,

Φίλο δ' ην ανθρώποισι Πάντας γαρ Φιλέεσκεν *.

^{*} He was a Friend to Mankind, for he loved them

But Plate, who of all the Heathens came

e nearest to the Christian Philosophy, con-

demned this as impious Doctrine; fo

· Eustathius tells us, Folio 474.

'I know he doth,' cries the Doctor,
'and so Barnes tells us, in his Note upon

the Place; but if you remember the

rest of the Quotation, as well as you

do that from Eustathius, you might have

added the Observation which Mr. Dry-

den makes in Favour of this Passage, that he found not in all the Latin Au-

that he found not in all the Latin Authors so admirable an Instance of exten-

five Humanity. You might have like-

wife remembred the noble Sentiment,

with which Mr. Barnes ends his Note,

the Sense of which is taken from the

· Fifth Chapter of Matthew,

Μίγδ' ἀγαθοισι κακοισί τ' ἐπ' ἀνδράσιν ἐξανατέλλει.

It feems, therefore, as if this Character

rather became a Christian than a Hea-

then: For Homer could not have tran-

fcribed it from any of his Deities. Whom

is it, therefore, we imitate by fuch ex-

· tenfive Benevolence?"

· What

- 'What a prodigious Memory you have,' cries the old Gentleman! 'Indeed, Son, you must not contend with the Doctor in these Matters.'
- 'I shall not give my Opinion hastily,' cries the Son. 'I know again what Mr. 'Poole, in his Annotations, says on that Verse of St. Matthew-That it is only to heap Coals of Fire upon their Heads -How are we to understand, pray, the Text immediately preceding? Love your Enemies, bless them that curse ' you, do Good to them that hate you.'
- 'You know, I suppose, young Gentle-man,' said the Doctor, 'how these ' Words are generally understood -The 'Commentator you mention, I think, tells us, that Love is not here to be taken in the strict Sense, so as to signify the Complacency of the Heart; you may hate your Enemies as God's Enemies, and feek due Revenge of them for his ' Honour; and for your own Sakes too ' you may feek moderate Satisfaction of them; but then, you are to love them ' with a Love confistent with these Things '-that is to fay, in plainer Words, you

- are to love them and hate them, and
- bless and curse, and do them Good and · Mifchief.
- ' Excellent! admirable!' faid the old Gentleman, 'You have a most inimitable
- Turn to Ridicule.' " I do not approve Ridicule,' faid the
- Son, ' on fuch Subjects.'
- " Nor I neither," cries the Doctor, 'I
- will give you my Opinion, therefore, very seriously. The two Verses taken together contain a very positive Precept, delivered in the plainest Words, and yet

- · illustrated by the clearest Instance, in the
- · Conduct of the Supreme Being; and laftly,
- the Practice of this Precept is most
- a nobly inforced by the Reward annexed
- -that ye may be the Children, and fo
- forth. No Man, who understands what
- it is to love, and to bless, and to do
- Good, can miftake the Meaning. But
- if they required any Comment, the
- Scripture itself affords enow. If thine
- · Enemy hunger, feed him; if he thirst,
- ' give him Drink; not rendering Evil for
- * Evil, or Railing for Railing, but contrari-

wife, Bleffing --- They do not, indeed, want the Comments of Men, who, when they cannot bend their Minds to the Obedience of Scripture, are desirous to wrest Scripture to a Compliance with their own Inclinations.

- " Most nobly and justly observed," cries the old Gentleman. 'Indeed, my good Friend, you have explained the Text ' with the utmost Perspicuity.'
- But if this be the Meaning,' cries the Son, ' there must be an End of all Law and Justice-for I do not see how any ' Man can profecute his Enemy in a Court of Justice.
- · Pardon me, Sir,' cries the Doctor. ' Indeed, as an Enemy, merely and from a Spirit of Revenge, he cannot nor he ought not to profecute him; but as an Offender against the Laws of his Country, he may and it is his Duty fo to do: Is there any Spirit of Revenge in the ' Magistrates or Officers of Justice, when they punish Criminals? Why do such, ' ordinarily I mean, concern themselves in inflicting Punishments, but because 'it is their Duty? And why may not a · private

private Man deliver an Offender into the · Hands of Justice, from the same laudable · Motive? Revenge, indeed, of all Kinds is strictly prohibited; wherefore, as we are not to execute it with our own Hands, fo neither are we to make Use of the Law as the Instrument of private · Malice, and to worry each other with · Inveteracy and Rancour. And where is · the great Difficulty in obeying this wife, this generous, this noble Precept? If Revenge be, as a certain Divine, not e greatly to his Honour, calls it, the most · luscious Morfel the Devil ever dropt into the Mouth of a Sinner, it must be allowed at least to cost us often extremely dear. It is a Dainty, if indeed it be one, which we come at with great Inquietude, with great Difficulty, and with great Danger. However pleasant it may be to the Palate, while we are feeding on it, it is fure to leave a bitter Relish behind ' it; and fo far, indeed, it may be called a luscious Morfel, that the most greedy · Appetites are foon glutted, and the most eager Longing for it is foon turned into Loathing and Repentance. I allow there is fomething tempting in its outward Appearance; but it is like the beautiful Colour of some Poisons, from which, · however

however they may attract our Eyes, a Regard to our own Welfare commands us to abstain. And this is an Abstinence to which Wisdom alone, without any divine Command, hath been often found adequate; with Instances of which, the Greek and Latin Authors every where abound. May not a Christian, therefore, be well ashamed of making a Stumbling-block of a Precept, which is not only consistent with his worldly Interest, but to which so noble an Incentive is proposed?"

The old Gentleman fell into Raptures at this Speech, and after making many Compliments to the Doctor upon it, he turned to his Son, and told him, he had an Opportunity now of learning more in one Day, than he had learnt at the University in a Twelve-month.

The Son replied, that he allowed the Doctrine to be extremely good in general, and that he agreed with the greater Part; but I must make a Distinction, said he. However, he was interrupted from his Distinction at present; for now Booth returned with Amelia and the Children.

CHAP. IX.

A Scene of modern Wit and Humour.

IN the Afternoon, the old Gentleman proposed a Walk to Vauxball; a Place of which, he said, he had heard much, but had never seen it.

The Doctor readily agreed to his Friend's Proposal, and soon after ordered two Coaches to be sent for to carry the whole Company. But when the Servant was gone for them, Booth acquainted the Doctor that it was yet too early. 'Is it so,' said the Doctor?' why then I will carry 'you first to one of the greatest and highest Entertainments in the World.'

The Children pricked up their Ears at this; nor did any of the Company guess what he meant; and Amelia asked what Entertainment he could carry them to at that Time of the Day.

Suppose,' says the Doctor, 'I should carry you to Court.'

The

- At Five o'Clock in the Afternoon! cries Booth.
- 'Ay, suppose I should have Interest enough to introduce you into the Prefence.
- 'You are jesting, dear Sir,' cries. Amelia.
- ' Indeed, I am serious,' answered the Doctor. ' I will introduce you into that ' Presence, compared to whom the greatest · Emperor on the Earth is many Millions of Degrees meaner than the most contemptible Reptile is to him. What Entertain-' ment can there be to a rational Being equal to this? Was not the Tafte of Mankind ' most wretchedly depraved, where would the vain Man find an Honour, or where would the Love of Pleasure propose so * adequate an Object as divine Worship? With what Ecstafy must the Contempla-' tion of being admitted to fuch a Presence ' fill the Mind! The pitiful Courts of Princes are open to few, and to those only at particular Seasons; but from this ' glorious and gracious Presence, we are " none of us, and at no time excluded."

0 6

The Doctor was proceeding thus, when the Servant returned, faying the Coaches were ready; and the whole Company with the greatest Alacrity attended the Doctor to St. James's Church.

When the Service was ended, and they were again got into their Coaches, Amelia returned the Doctor many Thanks for the Light in which he had placed Divine Worship; affuring him, that she had never before had so much Transport in her Devotion as at this Time, and saying, she believed she should be the better for this Notion he had given her, as long as she lived.

The Coaches being come to the Water Side, they all alighted, and getting into one Boat proceeded to Vauxball.

The extreme Beauty and Elegance of this Place is well known to almost every one of my Readers; and happy is it for me that it is so; since to give an adequate Idea of it, would exceed my Power of Description. To delineate the particular Beauties of these Gardens, would, indeed, require as much Pains and as much Paper too.

else but true Taste.

Here our Company diverted themselves, with walking an Hour or two before the Music began. Of all the Seven, Booth alone had ever been here before; so that to all the rest, the Place with it's other Charms, had that of Novelty. When the Music played, Amelia, who stood next to the Doctor, said to him in a Whisper, 'I hope I am not guilty of Profaneness; but in Pursuance of that cheerful Chain of Thoughts with which you have in-fpired me this Afternoon, I was just ' now loft in a Reverie, and fancied my-' felf in those blissful Mansions which we ' hope to enjoy hereafter. The delicious Sweetness of the Place, the enchanting ' Charms of the Music, and the Satisfac-' tion which appears in every One's Countenance, carried my Soul almost to Hea-ven in it's Ideas. I could not have, in* deed, imagined there had been any thing

' like this in this World.'

The Doctor smiled, and said, You fee, dear Madam, there may be Plea-

· fures of which you could conceive no

· Idea, till you actually enjoyed them.'

And now the little Boy; who had long withstood the Attractions of several Cheese-Cakes that passed to and fro, could contain no longer, but afked his Mother to give him one; faying, I am fure my Sifter would be glad of another, tho' she ' is ashamed to ask.' The Doctor overhearing the Child proposed that they should all retire to some Place where they might fit down and refresh themselves, which they accordingly did. Amelia now missed her Husband; but as she had three Men in her Company, and one of them was the Doctor, she concluded herself and her Children to be fafe, and doubted not but that Booth would foon find her out.

They now fat down, and the Doctor very gallantly defired Amelia to call for what she liked. Upon which the Children were supplied with Cakes; and some Ham and Chicken were provided for the rest of the

the Company. With which while they were regaling themselves with the highest Satisfaction, two young Fellows walking Arm in Arm came up, and when they came opposite to Amelia, they stood still, staring Amelia full in the Face, and one of them cried aloud to the other, 'D-n me, my Lord, if the is not an Angel!"-My Lord stood ftill staring likewise at her, without speaking a Word-When two others of the fame Gang came up-and one of them cried-Come along, Jack, I have feen her before; but she is too well manned already. 'Three - are enough for one Woman, ' or the Devil is in it.' Here he repeated a fcandalous Nick-Name for the Clergy, with which I shall not stain my Paper.

'D—n me,' fays he that spoke first, and whom they called Jack, 'I will have 'a Brush at her, if she belonged to the 'whole Convocation.' And so saying he went up to the young Clergyman, and cried—'Doctor, sit up a little, if you please, 'and don't take up more Room in a Bed 'than belongs to you.' At which Words, he gave the young Man a Push, and seated himself down directly over-against Amelia, and leaning both his Elbows on the Table, he fixed his Eyes on her in a Manner with which

Amelia seemed greatly shocked at this Treatment; upon which the Doctor removed her within him, and then facing the Gentleman, asked him what he meant by this rude Behaviour—Upon which my Lord stept up and said, 'Don't be impersinent, old Gentleman. Do you think fuch Fellows as you, are to keep D—n me, such sine Wenches, D—n me, to yourselves, D—n me?'

'No, no,' cries Jack, 'the old Gentleman' is more reasonable. Here's the Fellow that eats up the Tithe Pig. Don't you see how his Mouth waters at her—Where's your slabbering Bib?' For tho' the Gentleman had rightly guessed he was a Clergyman; yet, he had not any of those Insignia on, with which it would have been improper to have appeared there.

'Such Boys as you,' cries the young Clergyman, 'ought to be well whipped at 'School, instead of being suffered to become Nusances in the Society.'

- Boys, Sir!' fays Jack, 'I believe I am as good a Man as yourfelf, Mr. ——
 and as good a Sholar too. Bos Fur Sus quotque Sacerdos.—Tell me what's next.
 D——n me, I'll hold you fifty Pounds
 —you don't tell me what's next.'
- 'You have him, Jack,' cries my Lord,
 'It's over with him, D—n me. He
 can't strike another Blow.'
- 'If I had you in a proper Place,' cries the Clergyman, 'you should find I would firike a Blow, and a pretty hard one 'too.'
- 'There,' cries my Lord, 'there is the Meekness of the Clergyman There spoke the Wolf in the Sheep's Cloathing.
 'D——n me, how big he looks—You must be civil to him, faith! or else he will burst with Pride.'
- 'Ay, ay,' cries Jack, 'let the Clergy alone for Pride, there's not a Lord in the Kingdom now hath half the Pride of that Fellow.'

- Pray, Sir,' cries the Doctor, turning to the other, ' are you a Lord?'
- 'Yes, Mr. ____,' cries he, I have " that Honour, indeed."
- And I suppose you have Pride too,' faid the Doctor.
- ' I hope I have, Sir,' answered he, ' at ' your Service.'
- " If such a one as you, Sir, 'criesthe Doctor,
- who are not only a Scandal to the Title ' you bear as a Lord, but even as a Man,
- can pretend to Pride, why will you not
- allow it to a Clergyman? I suppose, Sir,
- by your Drefs you are in the Army, and
- by the Ribbon in your Hat, you feem to
- be proud of that too. How much
- s greater and more honourable is the Ser-
- ' vice in which that Gentleman is enlifted
- than yours. Why then should you ob-
- * the lowest of the Function is in reality
- every way fo much your Superior?'
 - ' Tida Tidu Tidum,'---cries my Lord.
 - · However,

' However, Gentlemen, 'cries the Doctor,

if you have the least Pretension to that

Name, I beg you will put an End to

your Frolick; fince you fee it gives fo

much Uneasiness to the Lady. Nay, I

entreat you, for your own Sakes; for

here is one coming who will talk to you

in a very different Stile from ours."

- 'One coming!' cries my Lord--- 'what' care I who is coming?
- 'I suppose it is the Devil,' cries Jack:
 'For here are two of his Livery Servants
 'already.'
- 'Let the Devil come as foon as he will, cries my Lord, 'D—n me if I have not a Kifs.'

Amelia now fell a trembling, and her Children perceiving her Fright, both hung on her, and began to cry—when Booth and Captain Trent both came up.

Booth seeing his Wife disordered asked eagerly what was the Matter. At the same time, the Lord and his Companion seeing Captain Trent, whom they well knew

knew---faid both together--- 'What, doth 'this Company belong to you?' When the Doctor with great Presence of Mind, as he was apprehensive of some fatal Consequence if Booth should know what had past, said, 'So, Mr. Booth, I am-glad 'you are returned; your poor Lady here began to be frighted out of her Wits. 'But now you have him again,' said he to Amelia, 'I hope you will be easy.'

Amelia, frighted as she was, presently took the Hint, and greatly chid her Husband for leaving her; but the little Boy was not so quick-sighted, and cried--- 'In- 'deed, Papa, those naughty Men there 'have frighted my Mamma out of her 'Wits.'

- 'How!' cries Booth, a little moved.
 'Frighten'd! hath any one frighten'd you,
 'my Dear?'
- 'No, my Love,' answered she, 'nothing. I know not what the Child means. Every thing is well, now I see you safe.'

Trent had been all the while talking afide with the young Sparks; and now addref-fing

fing himself to Booth, said, 'Here hath been some little Mistake; I believe my Lord miftook Mrs. Booth for some other Lady.

'It is impossible,' cries my Lord, 'to know every one.—I am fure, if I had known the Lady to be a Woman of ' Fashion, and an Acquaintance of Captain Trent, I should have said nothing disagreeable to her; but if I have, I ask

' her Pardon, and the Company's."

I am in the Dark,' cries Booth. ' Pray, what is all this Matter?

'Nothing of any Consequence,' cries the Doctor, 'nor worth your enquiring into - You hear it was a Mistake of the ' Person; and I really believe his Lord-' ship, that all proceeded from his not knowing to whom the Lady belonged.

'Come, come,' fays Trent, 'there is ' nothing in the Matter, I affure you. ' will tell you the whole another Time.'

'Very well, fince you fay fo,' cries Booth, 'I am contented.' So ended the Affair. gee and fneaked off.

'Now they are gone,' faid the young Gentleman, 'I must say, I never saw two 'worse-bred Jackanapes, nor Fellows that 'deserved to be kick'd more. If I had

• had them in another Place, I would have

taught them a little more Respect to the

· Church.'

'You took rather a better Way,' anfwered the Doctor, 'to teach them that 'Respect.'

Booth now desired his Friend Trent to sit down with them, and proposed to call for a fresh Bottle of Wine; but Amelia's Spirits were too much disconcerted to give her any Prospect of Pleasure that Evening. She therefore laid hold of the Pretence of her Children, for whom she said the Hour was already too late; with which the Doctor agreed. So they paid their Reckoning, and departed; leaving to the two Rakes, the Triumph of having totally dissipated the Mirth of this little innocent Company, who were before enjoying complete Satisfaction.

CHAP. X.

A curious Conversation between the Doctor, the young Clergyman, and the young Glergyman's Father.

HE next Morning when the Doctor and his two Friends were at Breakfast, the young Clergyman, in whose Mind the injurious Treatment he had received the Evening before, was very deeply impressed, renewed the Conversation on that Subject. 'It is a Scandal,' faid he, 'to the Government, that they do not pre-' ferve more Respect to the Clergy, by ' punishing all Rudeness to them with the ' utmost Severity. It was very justly ob-' ferved of you, Sir,' fays he to the Doctor, 'that the lowest Clergyman in Eng-' land is in real Dignity superior to the highest Nobleman. What then can be ' fo shocking as to fee that Gown, which ought to entitle us to the Veneration of ' all we meet, treated with Contempt and 'Ridicule? Are we not, in Fact, Embaf-' sadors from Heaven, to the World; and do they not, therefore, in denying us our due Respect, deny it in Reality to ' him that fent us?'

- If that be the Case,' says the Doctor; it behoves them to look to themselves;
- for he who fent us is able to exact most
- · severe Vengeance for the ill Treatment

of his Ministers.'

- Very true, Sir, cries the young one; and I heartily hope he will; but those Punishments are at too great a Distance to insuse Terror into wicked Minds. The Government ought to interfere with
- fits immediate Censures. Fines and Imprisonments and corporal Punishments
- operate more forcibly on the human
- 4 Mind than all the Fears of Damna-

f tion.

- Do you think so?' cries the Doctor; than I am afraid Men are very little in earnest in those Fears.'
- 'Most justly observed,' says the old Gentleman. 'Indeed, I am asraid that is too much the Case.'
- 'In that,' faid the Son, 'the Government is to blame. Are not Books of
- · Infidelity, treating our holy Religion as
- · a mere Imposture; nay, fometimes, as

a mere Jest, published daily, and spread abroad amongst the People with perfect Impunity ?

- You are certainly in the Right,' fays the Doctor, ' there is a most blameable Remissiness with Regard to these Matters; but the whole Blame doth not lie there; some little Share of the Fault is, I am afraid, to be imputed to the Cler-' gy themselves.'
- ' Indeed, Sir,' cries the young one, 'I ' did not expect that Charge from a Gen-'tleman of your Cloth: Do the Clergy ' give any Encouragement to fuch Books? Do they not, on the contrary, cry loud-' ly out against the suffering them? This ' is the invidious Afpersion of the Laity; ' and I did not expect to hear it confirmed by one of our own Cloth.'
- ' Be not too impatient, young Gentleman,' faid the Doctor. 'I do not absolutely confirm the Charge of the Laity. 'It is much too general, and too fevere; but even the Laity themselves do not attack them in that Part to which you have applied your Defence. They are not supposed such Fools as to attack Vol. III.

that Religion to which they owe their temporal Welfare. They are not taxed with giving any other Support to Infi-. delity, than what it draws from the ill * Examples of their Lives; I mean of the · Lives of some of them. Here too the Laity · carry their Censures too far: For there are * very few or none of the Clergy, whose Lives, if compared with those of the Laity, can be called profligate; but fuch, indeed, is the perfect Purity of our Religion; fuch is the Innocence and Virtue, which it exacts to entitle us to its glorious Rewards, and to skreen us from its dreadful · Punishments, that he must be a very good · Man indeed who lives up to it. Thus then these Persons argue. This Man is educated in a perfect Knowledge of Religion, he is learned in its Laws, and is by his · Profession obliged in a Manner to have them always before his Eyes. The Rewards which it promises to the Obedience of these Laws are so great, and the Punishments threatned on Disobedience so dreadful, that it is impossible but all Men must fearfully sly from the one, and as eagerly purfue the other. If therefore such a Person lives in direct · Opposition to, and in a constant Breach of these Laws, the Inference is obvious. There

There is a pleasant Story in Matthew Paris, which I will tell you as well as I can remember it. Two young Gentlemen, I think they were Priests, agreed together, " that whofoever died' first, should return and acquaint his Friend with the Secrets of the other World. One of them died foon after, and fulfilled his Promise. The whole Relation he gave is not very material, but among other Things he produced one of his Hands which Satan had made use of, to write upon as the Moderns do on a Card, and had fent his Compliments to the Priests, for the Number of Souls, which the wicked Examples of their Lives daily fent to Hell. This Story is the more remark-' able, as it was written by a Priest, and ' a great Favourer of his Order.'

- 'Excellent,' cried the old Gentleman,
 'What a Memory you have!'
- 'But, Sir,' cries the young one, 'a Cler-'gyman is a Man as well as another; and 'if fuch perfect Purity be expected.'—
- 'I do not expect it, cries the Doctor,
 and I hope it will not be expected of us.
 The Scripture itself gives us this Hope,
 P 2 where

where the best of us are said to fall twen-' ty Times a Day. But fure, we may onot allow the Practice of any of those ' groffer Crimes which contaminate the whole Mind. We may expect an Obedience to the Ten Commandments, and an Abstinence from such notorious Vices: as in the first Place, Avarice, which in-' deed can hardly subsist without the Breach of more Commandments than one; indeed it would be excessive Candour to imagine, that a Man, who fo ' visibly sets his whole Heart not only on this World, but on one of the most ' worthless Things in it, (for so is Money without regard to its Uses,) should be at the fame Time laying up his Treasure in Heaven. Ambition is a fecond Vice of this Sort; we are told we cannot ferve God and Mammon. I might have applied this to Avarice, but I chose rather to mention it here. When we fee a Man fneaking about in Courts and Le-· vees, and doing the dirty Work of great Men from the Hopes of Preferment, can we believe that a Fellow, whom we fee to have fo many hard Taskmasters upon Earth, ever thinks of his Master which is in Heaven? Must he not himself think, if he ever reflects at all, that

fo

of o glorious a Master will disdain and disown a Servant, who is the dutiful 'Tool of a Court Favourite; and employed either as the Pimp of his Pleafure, or sometimes perhaps made a dirty Channel, to affift in the Conveyance of that Corruption, which is clogging up and destroying the very Vitals of his Country?

The last Vice which I shall mention, is Pride. There is not in the Universe a more ridiculous, nor a more contemptible Animal than a proud Clergyman; 'a Turkey-cock or a Jackdaw, are Ob-' jects of Veneration when compared with 'him. I don't mean by Pride, that noble Dignity of Mind, to which Good-' nefs can only administer an adequate Ob-' ject, which delights in the Testimony of ' its own Conscience, and could not without the highest Agonies bear its Con-' demnation. By Pride, I mean, that ' faucy Passion, which exults in every little eventual Pre-eminence over other 'Men; fuch are the ordinary Gifts of Nature, and the paultry Prefents of For-'tune, Wit, Knowledge, Birth, Strength, Beauty, Riches, Titles and Rank. That ' Passion which is ever-aspiring, like a silly

' Child, to look over the Heads of all about them; which while it fervilely adheres to the Great, flies from the Poor, as if afraid of Contamination; devouring greedily every Murmur of Applause, and every Look of Admiration, pleased and elated with all kind of Respect, and hurt and enflamed with the Contempt of the lowest and most despicable of Fools, even with fuch as treated you · last Night disrespectfully at Vauxball. · Can fuch a Mind as this be fixed on 'Things above? Can fuch a Man reflect ' that he hath the ineffable Honour to be employed in the immediate Service of his ' greatCreator, or can he please himself with ' the Heart-warming Hope, that his · Ways are acceptable in the Sight of that glorious, that incomprehensible Be-'ing?'

'Hear, Child, hear,' cries the old Gentlemen, 'hear and improve your Under'standing. Indeed, my good Friend, no
one retires from you without carrying
'away some good Instructions with him.
'Learn of the Doctor, Tom, and you will
be the better Man as long as you live.'

- 'Undoubtedly, Sir,' answered Tom, ' the
- Doctor hath spoken a great deal of ex-cellent Truth, and, without a Compli-ment to him, I was always a great Ad-

- mirer of his Sermons, particularly of
- their Oratory. But,

Nec tamen boc tribuens dederim quoque cætera.

'I cannot agree that a Clergyman is ob-

' liged to put up with an Affront, any 'more than another Man, and more espe-

' cially when it is paid to the Order.'

'I am very forry, young Gentleman,' cries the Doctor, 'that you should be

' ever liable to be affronted, as a Clergy-' man; and, I do affure you, if I had

' known your Disposition formerly, the

'Order should never have been affronted

' through you.'

The old Gentleman now began to check his Son, for his Opposition to the Doctor, when a Servant delivered the latter a Note from Amelia, which he read immediately to himself, and it contained the following Words:

' My dear Sir,

- Something hath happened fince I faw you, which gives me great Uneafi-
- e ness, and I beg the Favour of seeing you
- as foon as possible, to advise with you

upon it.

· I am,

· your most obliged,

and dutiful Daughter,

· Amelia Booth?

The Doctor's Answer was, that he would wait on the Lady directly; and then turning to his Friend, he asked him if he would not take a Walk in the Park before Dinner. 'I must go,' says he, 'to the Lady who was with us last Night, for I am afraid by her Letter, some bad Accident

hath happened to her. Come, young

Gentleman, I spoke a little too hastily to

you just now, but I ask your Pardon.

Some Allowance must be made to the

Warmth of your Blood. I hope we

· shall in Time both think alike.'

The

The old Gentleman made his Friend another Compliment, and the young one declared, he hoped he should always think, and act too, with the Dignity becoming his Cloth. After which, the Doctor took his Leave for a while, and went to Amelia's Lodgings.

As foon as he was gone, the old Gentleman fell very feverely on his Son. 'Tom, fays he, ' how can you be fuch a Fool, to undo by your Perverseness all that I have been doing? Why will you not learn to study Mankind with the Atten-' tion which I have employed to that Pur-' pose? Do you think, if I had affronted this obstinate old Fellow as you do, I ' should ever have engaged his Friendship?'

'I cannot help it, Sir,' faid Tom, 'I have not studied fix Years at the Uni-' versity, to give up my Sentiments to ' every one. It is true, indeed, he put ' together a Set of founding Words; but, ' in the main, I never heard any one talk more foolifhly."

^{&#}x27;What of that,' cries the Father, 'I ' never told you he was a wife Man, nor ' did

did I ever think him fo. If he had any Understanding, he would have been ' a Bishop long ago, to my certain Know-' ledge. But, indeed, he hath been always a Fool in private Life; for I question whether he is worth 100 l. in the World, more than his annual Income. He hath ' given away above half his Fortune to the Lord knows who. I believe I have had above 200 1. of him, first and last; and would you lose such a Milch-cow as this for Want of a few Compliments. Indeed, Tom, thou art as great a Simpleton as himself. How do you expect to rise in the Church, if you can't temporize, and give into the Opinion of your Superiors?"

I dont know, Sir,' cries Tom, 'what you mean by my Superiors. In one Sense, I own, a Doctor of Divinity is superior to a Batchelor of Arts, and so far I am ready to allow his Superiority; but I understand Greek and Hebrew as well as he, and will maintain my Opinion against him, or any other in the Schools.'

thou gettest the better of thy Conceit, I shall never have any Hopes of thee. If thou art wise, thou wilt think every Man thy

- thy Superior, of whom thou canst get
- any thing; at least thou wilt persuade
- ' him that thou thinkest so, and that is suf-
- ficient. Tom, Tom, thou haft no Policy
- in thee.'
- What have I been learning these seven
- Years,' answered he, ' in the University? 'However, Father, I can account for your
- Opinion. It is the common Failing of
- old Men to attribute all Wisdom to them-
- ' selves. Nestor did it long ago; but, if
- ' you will enquire my Character at College,
- 'I fancy you will not think I want to go to
- ' School again.'

The Father and Son then went to take their Walk, during which the former repeated many good Lessons of Policy to his Son, not greatly, perhaps, to his Edisication. In Truth, if the old Gentleman's Fondness had not, in a great Measure, blinded him to the Impersections of his Son, he would have soon perceived that he was sowing all his Instructions in a Soil so choaked with Self-Conceit, that it was utterly impossible they should ever bear any Fruit.